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Alaska Population Overview

Bill Sheffield, Governor
State of Alaska

Jim Robison, Commissioner
Department of Labor

Judy Knight, Director
Administrative Services Division
Department of Labor

Chuck Caldwell, Chief
Research and Analysis

Greg Williams, State Demographer
Research and Analysis

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Preface

Alaska Population Overview is designed to provide frequently requested population information in one publication. In order to provide a consistent set of data, this publication presents the resident population of Alaska under exactly the same concepts and definitions used by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for the 1980 Decennial Census of Alaska.

This edition of *Alaska Population Overview* is composed of five sections. The first section summarizes some of the key demographic facts from this publication. The next three sections cover current and historical population estimates for the State, boroughs and census areas, and places. The last section of this publication contains special reports on major topics of demographic interest to the state.

Population projections which have on occasion appeared in *Alaska Population Overview* will no longer appear in this publication but will be available in a separate publication, *Alaska Population Projections*, available in the winter of 1985-86.

THE STATISTICS WHICH APPEAR IN THIS ISSUE OF *ALASKA POPULATION OVERVIEW* IN A NUMBER OF INSTANCES ARE REVISIONS OF FIGURES APPEARING IN EARLIER ISSUES OF THIS PUBLICATION AND SUPERCEDE THOSE EARLIER STATISTICS.

ALTHOUGH ESTIMATES IN THIS PUBLICATION ARE PUBLISHED IN UNROUNDED FORM FOR EASE OF USE IN OTHER COMPUTATIONS, THE READER SHOULD NOT ASSUME THAT ANY ESTIMATES ARE ACCURATE TO THE LAST PLACE. IN GENERAL, THE STATE ESTIMATE SHOULD BE ASSUMED TO BE ACCURATE TO THE NEAREST THOUSAND AND BOROUGH AND CENSUS AREA ESTIMATES SHOULD BE ASSUMED TO BE ACCURATE TO THE NEAREST HUNDRED.

Any comments or suggestions regarding the contents or format of this publication are welcomed. General requests for demographic information should be addressed to Brian Rae. Specific questions dealing with the special topics should be addressed to the following people: 1980 Census data and U.S. Census Bureau publications, Kathryn Lizik; federal intercensal population estimates and special census activities, Jo Van Patten; current State estimates, projections, and methods, Greg Williams. The telephone number for the Demographics Unit is 907-465-4500.

Special acknowledgment is given to the Department of Health and Social Services, Vital Statistics Division, the Department of Education; and each of the city and borough officials and staff members who provided data and worked cooperatively in developing the 1984 population determinations. Information on military personnel was provided by the personnel departments of the service branches represented in Alaska whose assistance is greatly appreciated. Special thanks also goes to Brian Rae for his aid in preparing the tables and figures in this publication. Jim Fowler, Graphic Artist and Marilyn Gunn, Phototypesetter Operator also deserve thanks for preparing the copy for publication.

I. Overview

Overview

Chapter II
Alaska State Population Trends 1945 to 1984

* The population of the United States on July 1, 1984 was 236,681,000.

* The Department of Labor estimates Alaska's population on July 1, 1984 was 523,000. The revised estimate for July 1, 1983 was 495,300. The population on April 1, 1980 was 401,851.

* During the early 1980's, Alaska has been the most rapidly growing state in the United States. The Average Annual Rate of Growth between the 1980 Census and July 1, 1983 was 6.4% per year. The rate of growth from July 1, 1983 to July 1, 1984 was 5.5%, implying a slowing of growth. Current expectations are for a further reduction in the rate of growth for the period from 1984 to 1985. The Average Annual Rate of Growth for the U.S. as a whole during the 1980-84 period was 1.0% per year

* By the Alaska Department of Labor estimate, Alaska is now the 50th largest "state", counting Washington D.C., passing Wyoming whose population on July 1, 1984 was estimated to be 511,000.

* Alaska's land area consists of 570,833 square miles or 16.3% of the total land area of the United States. Alaska's population in 1984 consisted of 0.2% of the population of the United States.

* In 1984, Alaska had 0.91 persons per square mile. Excluding Anchorage, the remainder of Alaska had 0.49 persons per square mile.

* Between July 1, 1983 and July 1, 1984: 12,208 persons were born in Alaska and 1,903 persons died for a net natural increase of 10,305 persons. In this same period, Alaska gained 17,453 persons through migration.

* Overall, Alaska's population, while aging like the rest of the U.S., remains very young. In 1984, the median age of Alaskans was 27.5 years compared to 26.1 years in 1980. During the same period the median age of the U.S. population has increased from 30.0 to 31.1 years.

* There were about 55,000 children under 5 years old, almost 11% of the population. The proportion under 5 years of age for the U.S. was 7.7%.

* In 1984, approximately 112,000 persons, or 21% of the population, were of elementary and secondary school age (5-17) in Alaska. Nationwide, 18.8% of the population was of school age.

* 341,335 persons, or 65.26% of the population, were in the adult working ages of 18-64. Nationwide, 61.7% of the population was of adult working age.

* In 1984, Alaska's population had nearly 15,000 persons (or 2.8%) 65 years old or older. The proportion over 65 nationwide, was 11.8%.

* Of the 523,000 persons in 1984: 397,800, or 76%, were White; 75,000, or 14%, were American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut; 21,500, or 4.1%, were Black; and the remaining 28,000, or 5.4%, were Asian or 'Other Race' in origins.

* In 1984, 243,700, or 46.6%, of Alaska's population were female compared to 51.3% female for the United States as a whole.

Chapter III
Population Trends for Alaska Census Areas

- In 1984, 243,829 persons, or 46.6% of Alaska's population, lived in the Municipality of Anchorage.

- Alaska grew by 121,197 persons between April 1, 1980 and July 1, 1984, an increase of 30% in 4.25 years. Ninety percent of the growth since the 1980 census has occurred in Anchorage (+69,398), Kenai Peninsula Borough (+13,003), Matanuska-Susitna Borough (+12,020), Fairbanks North Star Borough (+10,203) and Juneau Borough (+4,201).

- In 1984, there were approximately 22,600 military personnel in Alaska, slightly higher than in 1980. The proportion of military personnel within the State continues to decline from 5.5% of the State's population in 1980 to 4.3% in 1984. Military dependents in 1984 made up another 26,800 persons, making the proportion of military and dependents in Alaska approximately 9.5% of the States' population.

Chapter IV
Population Estimates for Places 1980, 1983-1984

- In Alaska as in the U.S. as a whole approximately 73% of all Occupied Housing Units are occupied by families.

- A slim majority (51%) of Alaska's Native population still lives in predominantly Native communities (75% or more Native).

- Slightly over one-third (35%) of Alaska Natives live in communities with less than a 25% Native population.

- Only 3% of the non-Native population of Alaska live in communities which have a Native population of more than 25%.

- In 1984, almost 45% of Alaska's municipalities conducted local censuses, acceptable Housing Unit Surveys or had full population count rosters.

- Since 1980, 82% of all the incorporated places and 60% of the boroughs in Alaska have conducted local censuses, acceptable Housing Unit Surveys or full population count rosters.

Chapter V.3.1
Local Area Census Program

- The Alaska Department of Labor aids local communities in doing local area censuses for federal and state revenue sharing purposes. Methods for conducting accurate local censuses and their costs are discussed.

- In FY 83 the federal government allocated 366.6 million dollars to various federal programs in Alaska using population as a basis for distribution.

- The Alaska Department of Labor has administered 13 municipal or boroughwide census. These censuses counted 136,804 people, about 30% of the average Alaska population during the 1980-1984 period.

Chapter V.3.2
1990 Census Planning in Alaska

- Planning for the 1990 census has already begun. Geographic units which will be used in 1990 are being defined this year. The Census Bureau has also been soliciting public input into 1990 census content. All the major tasks which must be accomplished to conduct a National census in Alaska are discussed.

Chapter V.3.3
Migration to and from Alaska

- Of all the people who have moved to or from Alaska in the 1980's, about half moved from or to: Washington (14%), California (12%), Oregon (7%), Texas (7%), Colorado (4%), Florida (4%), Idaho (3%), or Arizona (3%). The remaining states each contributed 2% or less to the stream of migrants.

- The regional distribution of persons who moved to and from Alaska in the 1980's are as follows: Pacific (34%), Mountain (16%), South Atlantic (13%), West South Central (11%), East North Central (7%), West North Central (7%), East South Central (4%), Middle Atlantic (4%), and New England (3%).

- During 1982-83, the census areas which had the highest net gain in population because of migration from other areas of Alaska were: Matanuska-Susitna 12.8%, Haines 3.3%, Kenai 1.5%, Nome 1.3%, and Juneau 1.0%.

- During 1982-83, the census areas which had over 5% net gain in population as a result of migration from out of state were: Anchorage (8.5%), Matanuska-Susitna (7.9%), Fairbanks North Star (6.4%), Bristol Bay (6.2%), Prince of Wales-Outer Ketchikan (5.9%), Southeast Fairbanks (5.7%), Kenai (5.6%), Ketchikan Gateway (5.6%), Valdez-Cordova (5.1%), and Juneau (5.0%).

II. Alaska State Population Trends
1945 to 1984

Population Trends

The population estimate for the United States on July 1, 1984 was 236,681,000. The Alaska Department of Labor estimates Alaska's population on July 1, 1984 was 523,048. Counting the District of Columbia there are 51 "states" for population purposes. By our estimate, Alaska is now the 50th largest state, passing Wyoming whose population on July 1, 1984 was estimated to be 511,000, and rapidly gaining on Vermont, whose 1984 population was estimated at 530,000.

Alaska's land area consists of 570,833 square miles, or 16.3% of the total land area of the United States. Alaska's population in 1984 consisted of 0.2% of the population of the United States. While it may be getting too crowded for some, the Great Land is still very sparsely populated, having an average of 0.91 persons per square mile. Excluding Anchorage, which contained 46% of the State's population, the remainder of Alaska averaged 0.49 persons per square mile. Most Alaskans live in towns and villages or clustered settlements. Few live alone in the rural area. As a result, great sections of Alaska still remain almost uninhabited.

Alaska's population growth since World War II has been impressive, as shown in Table II.1 and Figure II.1. The end of World War II until 1952 was a period of very rapid growth. The Average Annual Growth Rate *1/* for this period was 9.6% per year. From 1952 to 1965, Alaska underwent a much slower, but smoother Average Annual Growth Rate of 2.7% per year. During the period from 1965-1973 development gradually increased, producing an Average Annual Growth Rate of 3.0% per year.

The oil pipeline began to have an impact in 1973-76, peaking in 1975. The Average Annual Growth Rate during this period was 6.6% per year. The completion of the pipeline construction "boom" was clearly followed by a "bust" during the 1976-80 period. During 1977-78, Alaska actually lost about 6,400 people. The Average Annual Growth Rate over the four year period, however, was 0.6% per year.

Figure II.1
Alaska Population Trends
1945-46 to 1983-84

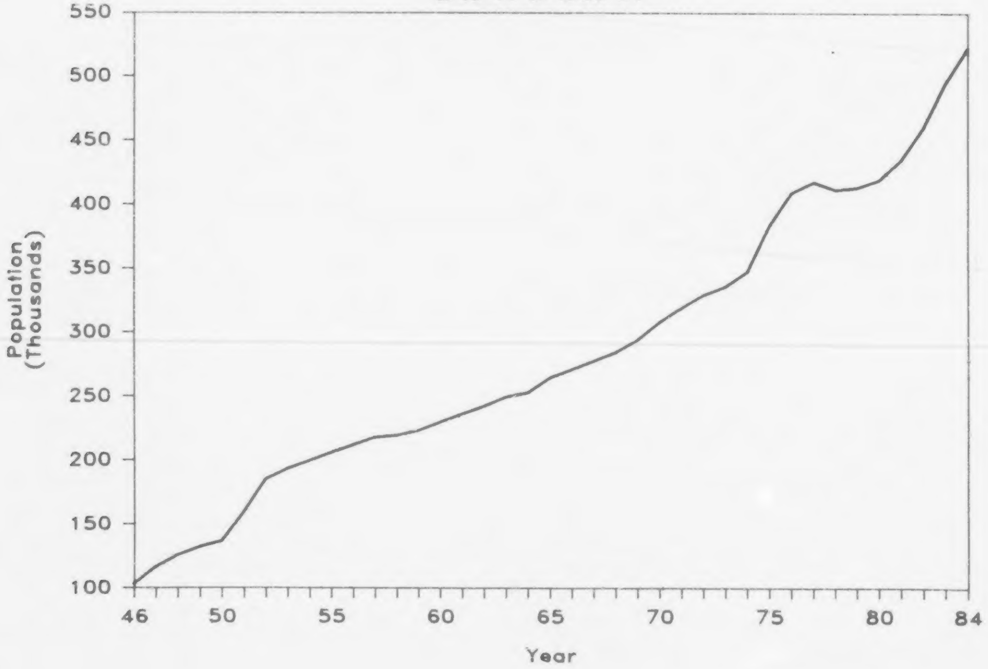


TABLE II.1 ANNUAL COMPONENTS OF POPULATION CHANGE FOR ALASKA, 1945-1984.

JUNE 30 TO JULY 1	END OF PERIOD POPULATION	POPULATION CHANGE	COMPONENTS OF CHANGE			
			BIRTHS	DEATHS	NATURAL INCREASE	NET MIGRANTS
1945-46	103000		2050	1220	830	
1946-47	117000	14000	2490	1200	1290	12710
1947-48	126000	9000	2890	1180	1710	7290
1948-49	132600	6600	3300	1190	2110	4490
1949-50	137100	4500	3620	1220	2400	2100
1950-51	160000	22900	4110	1310	2800	20100
1951-52	185500	25500	5130	1310	3820	21680
1952-53	193800	8300	6270	1280	4990	3310
1953-54	200100	6300	6910	1240	5670	630
1954-55	206500	6400	7190	1200	5990	410
1955-56	212400	5900	7480	1220	6260	-360
1956-57	218600	6200	7730	1240	6490	-290
1957-58	220100	1500	7450	1200	6250	-4750
1958-59	224000	3900	6830	1170	5660	-1760
1959-60	230400	6400	7290	1250	6040	360
1960-61	236700	6300	7560	1300	6260	40
1961-62	242800	6100	7610	1290	6320	-220
1962-63	249900	7100	7670	1320	6350	750
1963-64	253200	3300	7480	1380	6100	-2800
1964-65	265200	12000	7170	1390	5780	6220
1965-66	271500	6300	6810	1320	5490	810
1966-67	277900	6400	6410	1300	5110	1290
1967-68	284900	7000	6350	1317	5033	1967
1968-69	294600	9700	6670	1330	5340	4360
1969-70	308500	13900	7230	1370	5860	8040
1970-71	319600	11100	7435	1443	5992	5108
1971-72	329800	10200	7126	1461	5665	4535
1972-73	336400	6600	6776	1466	5310	1290
1973-74	348100	11700	6831	1466	5365	6336
1974-75	384100	36000	7260	1495	5765	30235
1975-76	409800	25700	7691	1570	6122	19579
1976-77	418000	8200	8142	1611	6532	1669
1977-78	411600	-6400	8606	1650	6956	-13356
1978-79	413700	2100	8983	1649	7334	-5234
1979-80	419700	6000	9309	1645	7664	-1664
1980-81	435200	15500	9786	1698	8088	7413
1981-82	460837	25637	10714	1754	8960	16678
1982-83	495290	34453	11713	1850	9863	24591
1983-84	523048	27758	12208	1903	10305	17453

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.

Beginning in 1981, another boom began, primarily as the result of construction and infrastructure development fueled by state spending and private development based on oil revenues. As a result, Alaska's population has grown by approximately 30% in four and a quarter years, making it the most rapidly growing state in the Nation since 1980. The main part of this growth occurred from 1980-1983 during which the Average Annual Growth Rate was 5.9% per year. The peak of this growth occurred in 1982-83 and began to slow during 1983-84 with an Average Annual Growth Rate of 5.5%. The Average Annual Growth Rate for the U.S. as a whole during the 1980-84 period was 1.0% per year.

While no official estimates of the population exist yet for July 1, 1985, preliminary indications are that growth will be slowing much as it did in the 1976-77 period after the oil boom. The trend toward slower, more moderate growth has resulted from a slow down in capital spending by state government and private enterprise, which in turn reflects the current lower price of oil on the world market. If the net balance of migration to Alaska during 1984-85 were to be zero, which seems unlikely, the 1985 population of the State should reach 533,000 due to natural increase alone.

The pace of economic growth, and in turn the population of Alaska, will depend upon the relative demand for Alaskan resources in the U.S. and world economies and federal spending in Alaska. Despite fluctuations in Alaska's population growth, the overall trend during the post-war period has been towards strong positive growth, with over a fivefold increase in population since 1946. While economic optimism and investment, particularly in construction, in some areas of Alaska has periodically been greater than underlying demographic conditions have warranted, overall population growth should continue.

1/ An Average Annual Growth Rate is a statistical measure of the rate of change which can be compared for any number of years because it converts the change for any time period to a yearly rate.

Population Size and Growth

Components of Change

Population change is composed of natural increase (births-deaths), and migration as shown in Table II.1 and Figures II.2 and II.3. In general, natural increase is the relatively stable component of population change. Death rates change very slowly, and while current fertility fluctuates depending on a variety of factors, the general trend in births does not change pace or direction too quickly. Migration is the most unstable component in Alaska's population change, often changing dramatically from one year to the next.

Between July 1, 1983 and July 1, 1984: 12,208 persons were born in Alaska and 1,903 persons died for a net natural increase of 10,305 persons. Alaska's population is currently growing by 2.1% per year as a result of natural increase. The births which occur to Alaskans each year are currently equivalent to about 2.5% of the population at the beginning of each year. Approximately 0.4% of Alaska's population currently dies each year.

The highest post-World War II proportional growth due to migration occurred during the build up for the Korean War in 1950-51 (14.7%), 1951-52 (13.6%), and during 1945-46 (12.3%). In part, these high percentages were a result of a small population base in these years. The net migration for 1982-83 was numerically larger than in 1950-51, but was equivalent to only 5.3% of the 1982 population. The largest single numerical increase due to migration (30,235 or 8.7%), occurred during pipeline construction in 1974-75. The largest numerical loss (-13,356 or -3.2%), occurred at the end of the pipeline construction in 1977-78. Between July 1, 1983 and July 1, 1984, Alaska gained 17,453 persons through migration. This is 1.7 times the gain through natural increase.

Figure II.2
Alaska Components of Growth
1945-46 to 1983-84

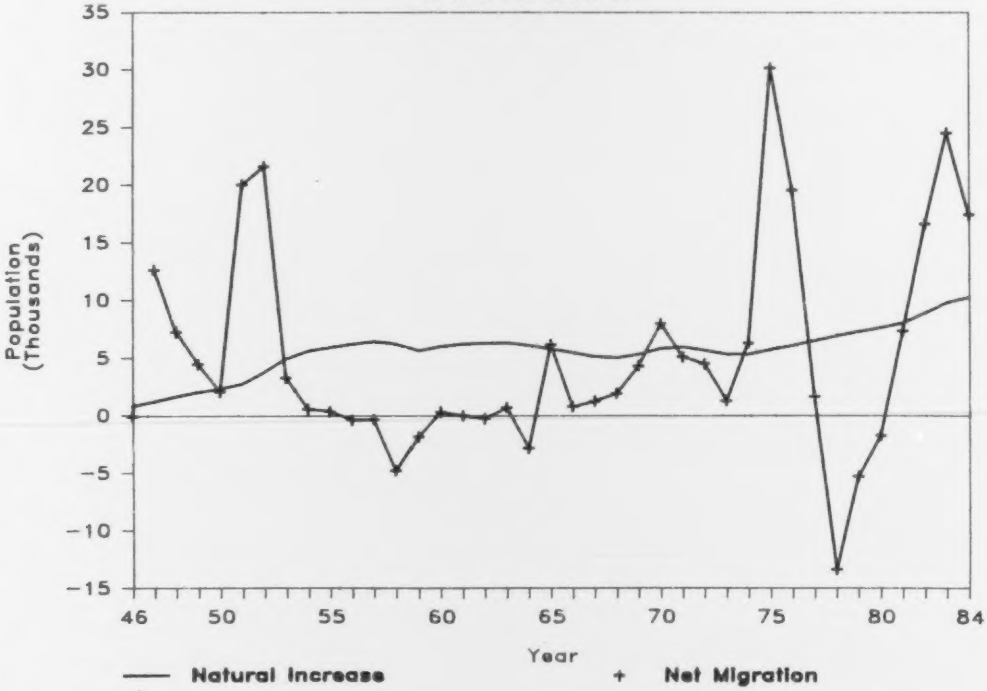


Figure II.3
Alaska Births and Deaths
1945-46 to 1983-84

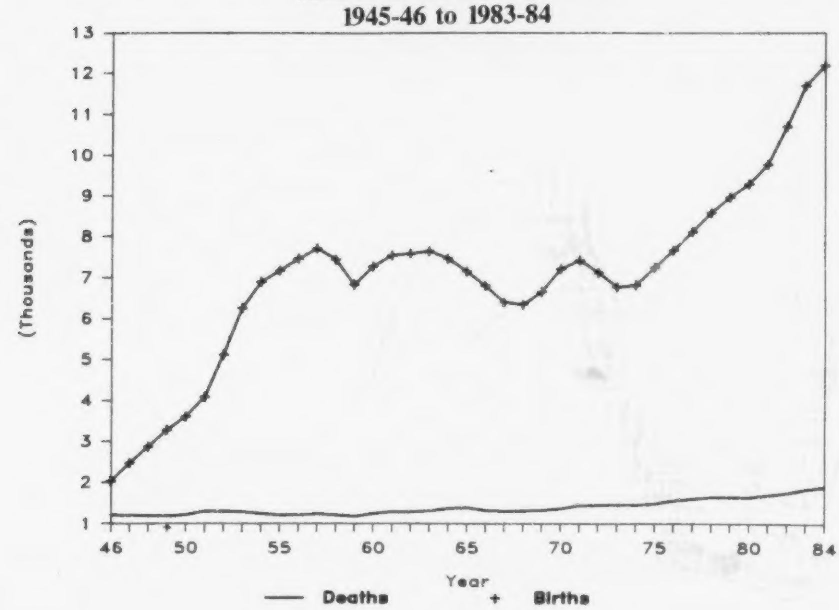


TABLE II.2 ALASKA POPULATION BY SELECTED AGE GROUPS, 1950 - 1984.

YEAR	AGE GROUPS									
	0-4	5-13	14-17	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	TOTAL
1950	15579	17056	5835	23597	26447	18517	10656	6214	4742	128643
1955	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	206500
1960	34193	43216	11487	32129	39672	31981	18957	9146	5386	226167
1965	33376	54374	17390	39107	44811	35257	23116	11587	6181	265200
1970	32075	64743	23041	45517	49299	38021	26939	13860	6887	300382
1975	38655	68780	28595	57415	77010	50287	33336	18912	10111	383100
1980	38949	62363	29433	59773	90808	54022	34243	20713	11547	401851
1984	55236	78189	33613	63713	131060	79424	40797	26341	14676	523048
	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
1950	12.11	13.26	4.54	18.34	20.56	14.39	8.28	4.83	3.69	100.00
1955	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1960	15.12	19.11	5.08	14.21	17.54	14.14	8.38	4.04	2.38	100.00
1965	12.59	20.50	6.56	14.75	16.90	13.29	8.72	4.37	2.33	100.00
1970	10.68	21.55	7.67	15.15	16.41	12.66	8.97	4.61	2.29	100.00
1975	10.09	17.95	7.46	14.99	20.10	13.13	8.70	4.94	2.64	100.00
1980	9.69	15.52	7.32	14.87	22.60	13.44	8.52	5.15	2.87	100.00
1984	10.56	14.95	6.43	12.18	25.06	15.18	7.80	5.04	2.81	100.00

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.

Figure II.4
Estimated Net Migration by Age and Sex
1983-1984

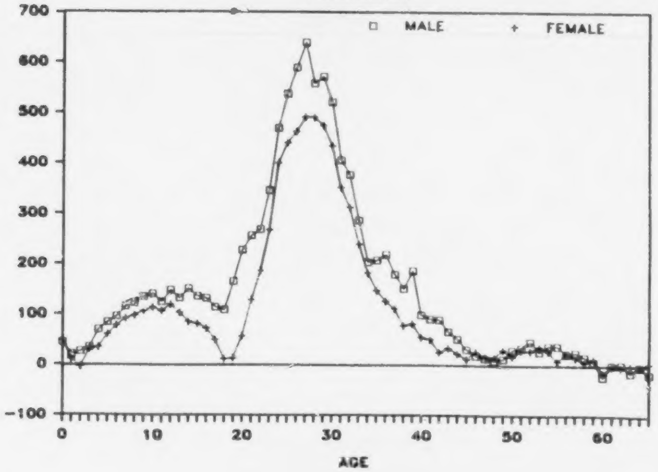


Figure II.5
Alaska Population by Selected Age Groups
1950 to 1984

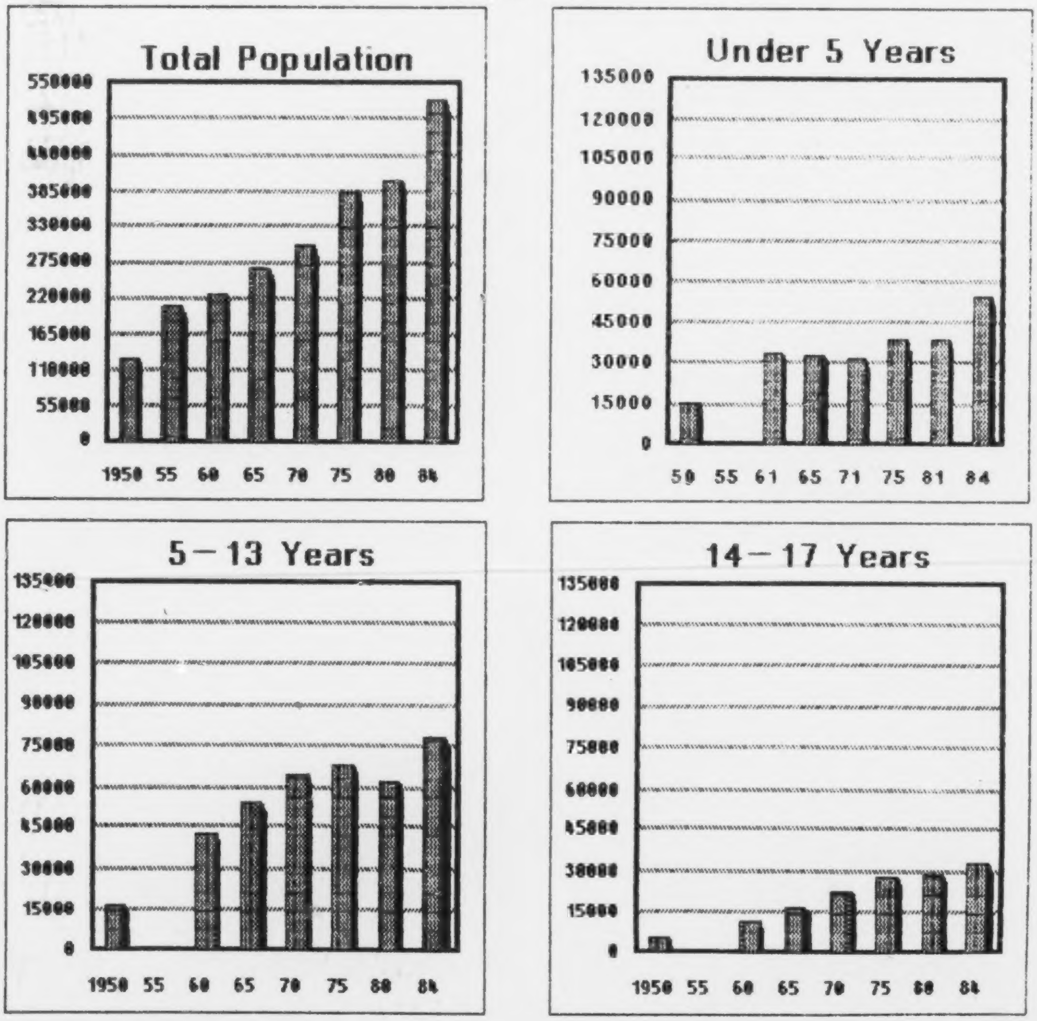
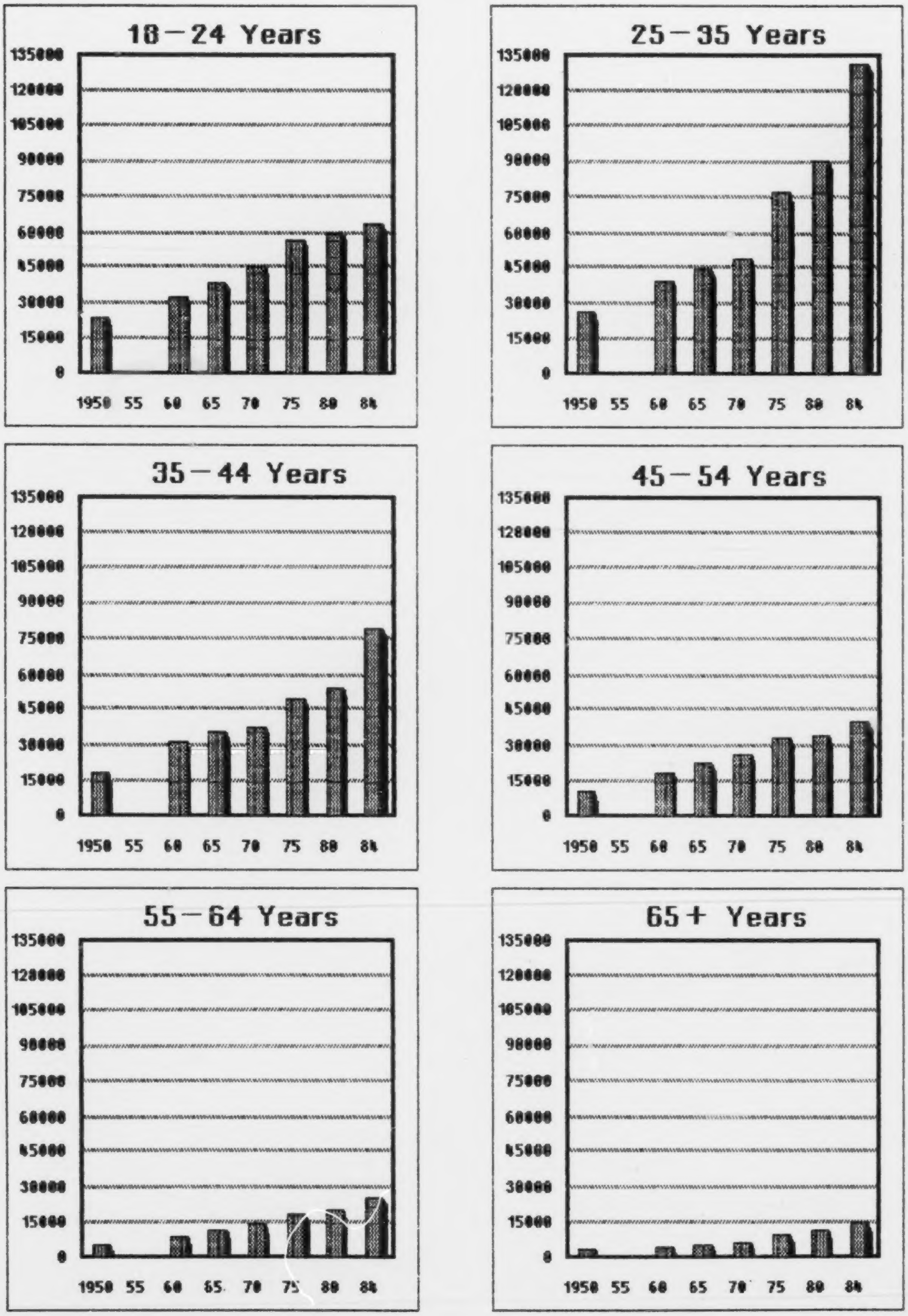


Figure II.5
Alaska Population by Selected Age Groups
1950 to 1984
(Continued)



Age Composition

The model used to produce 1980-84 age/race/sex estimates is a cohort component model. It uses current detailed Alaskan mortality and fertility and detailed patterns of migration from the 1970-80 period. This is the most recent information available on the age/race/sex composition of migrants. The model allows the migration pattern to be modified to allow for the shifting family composition of migrants. In this way, the age structure can be made to correspond to known elementary school enrollments.

Since there was insufficient evidence on migration of persons over 65 during the 1980's, migration for older Alaskans was held constant in the model. The resulting growth in the estimate of persons in this age group reflects primarily the increasing number of Alaskan's reaching retirement age. Figure II.4 shows the estimated age pattern of migrants by sex for 1983-84.

The trends in population growth for various age groups differ substantially from that of the population as a whole due to differences in fertility, mortality, and migration trends by age. For example, nationwide fertility rates have been on the decline, having a substantial impact on the size of the younger cohorts during the remainder of this century. Alaska's fertility has always been, and still is, above the national average. These age trends are shown in Table II.2 and Figure II.5.

The size of each age group in the population under forty has been affected by a number of events. The first key event was the "baby boom" which began after World War II, and peaked during the late 1950's and early 60's. That boom occurred when the American family began to average one more child (a third child) per family, compared to the depression and war years, and the number we see today. In addition, the age at first marriage dropped and children were spaced a little closer together than in the preceding decades. During the late 1960's and 1970's, the average family size began to decline due to increasing female labor force participation, changing life styles, and better family planning.

In general, Americans still preferred to have their children in rapid succession shortly after marriage, but marriage has been postponed till later. Current fertility reached a low point in 1975 and has increased slowly since that time. The number of children being born each year is increasing again primarily as a result of the "baby boom" generation reaching child bearing age. The baby boom generation has married later, postponed children and have had fewer children to date. If they continue having children at this rate they will not replace their numbers. If, however, they have two children per family they will produce another wave of births equivalent in numbers to the baby boom of the 1950's and 1960's.

While these trends are reflected as part of the changing age structure of Alaskans, fertility has less of an impact on the population than does migration.

Overall, Alaska's population, while aging like the rest of the U.S., remains very young. In 1984, the median age of Alaskans was 27.5 years compared to 26.1 years in 1980. During the same period the median age of the U.S. population has increased from 30.0 to 31.1 years.

There were some 55,000 children under the age of 5 in Alaska in 1984 and between 1980 and 1984 there has been a 41% increase in the number of children under 5 in Alaska, indicating that this age group has been growing more rapidly than the population as a whole.

The population 5-13, those persons of elementary and junior high school age, grew rapidly until 1975, declined during the late 1970's but have increased again to about 87,000 by 1984.

The population of high school age has been much more stable over the years. Alaska's population has traditionally been too young to have many high school aged children. Additionally, substantial numbers of high school age students have in the past attended boarding schools outside Alaska. However,in 1984 there were almost 34,000 persons 14-17 in Alaska.

While the number of young adults 18-24 nationwide is declining dramatically, this age group has continued to increase in Alaska in the early 1980's, with a population of 64,000.

The population 25-34 is composed of young adults in the prime ages for family and household formation. By our estimate, there may be as many as 131,000 such young adults in Alaska in 1984. This age group has shown an increase of almost 44% since 1980. No other age group has increased more rapidly than this one. It is the families in this age group that contributes to the rapid growth of children under 5.

The population 35-44 represents the leading edge of the post World War II "baby boom". Rapid growth in this age group since 1980 has resulted from an increased migration of more established families. In 1984, there were about 79,000 persons in this age group in Alaska, an increase of over 47% since 1980.

The populations 45-54 and 55-64 have traditionally been an age at which many Alaskans began to move south. In 1984, we estimate there were about 41,000 persons 45-54 and 26,000 persons 55-64 in the state. In general, middle aged Alaskans are becoming more willing to stay for a longer time.

Our 1984 estimate of the number of persons 65 years old or over is almost 15,000. Considering the size of the population currently 55-64, the number of senior Alaskan's is likely to increase rapidly in coming years. The estimate suggests a 27% increase in older Alaskan's since 1980. These estimates are similar to those produced by the U.S. Census Bureau which suggests that Alaska has one the most rapid percent increases in the population over 65 of any state in the union.

Race and Sex Composition

The 1980 census showed that 92,123 persons, or 22.9% of the population of Alaska, considered themselves to be some race other than White. Of this nonwhite group, 64,103 (or 16.0%) were listed as Native American; Eskimo (34,144 or 8.5%), American Indian (21,869 or 5.4%), Aleut (8,090 or 2.0%). In addition, 13,144 (or 3.3%) were Black, 8,054 (or 2.0%) were Asian and Pacific Islanders, and 6,323 (or 1.6%) were composed of a variety of other racial groups or combination of racial groups.

Of the 523,000 persons living in Alaska in 1984, approximately 125,000 (or 24.0%) were estimated to be of a race other than White. Native Americans (Eskimo, American Indian, or Aleut) made up 75,000 (or 14.3%) of the population. The Black population was estimated to be 22,000 (or 4.1%). The remaining 28,000 (or 5.4%) were Asian or 'Other Race' in origins.

Persons of Spanish Origin may claim to be of any race. In 1980, 9,507 persons or 2.4% of the population claimed to be of Spanish Origin. Of these: 5,093 listed themselves as White; 222 listed themselves as Black; and 4,192 listed themselves as 'Other Races'. It is probable that many of the persons listed as 'Other Races' above wrote in some Spanish Origin ethnic or country name in 1980. No attempt has been made to estimate the number of persons of Spanish Origin in Alaska since the 1980 Census. Informal reports would suggest that the number of persons of Spanish Origin is increasing in Alaska at a pace equal to or greater than the general increase in the population.

In 1984, 243,700 persons (or 46.6%), of Alaska's population were female compared to 51.3% female for the United States as a whole for 1984. Traditionally, a high ratio of males to females has been associated with the American frontier. Certain Alaskan communities tend to be predominantly male because employment may be transient or concentrate in occupations which have traditionally employed mostly males. These include: some military installations, and logging, fishing, or mining camps. The young age of the population also increases the proportion male. Older populations tend to have more women because of the greater life expectancy among women at older ages.

Intercensal and Current Estimates

Estimates are presented in Tables II.3 and II.4 by detailed age/race/sex for the period from 1984 back to 1970. This is the first time estimates have been prepared for frequently requested specific age groups and for the Native population of Alaska.

The intercensal estimates for the 1970's are based on the post-1970 Alaska Department of Labor estimates published in *Alaska Population Overview 1981.* These estimates were produced by linear interpolation of each age/race/sex group between 1970 and 1980. The estimates were then controlled to the 1970-80 State estimates in such a manner that the Native population has retained its linear interpolation while the White, Black and Other populations were adjusted.

Selective controls were used so that the level of native migration in the intercensal years would not be overestimated. Native migration between 1970 and 1980 is known to be much lower than the migration patterns for other races in Alaska . The estimate was also produced to conform to the published 1970 and 1980 Census numbers. The 1970 census, however, was corrected after publication. The post census correction consisted of 2,201 persons, or 0.7% of the State's population, the majority of which was at Elmendorf AFB. The age/race/sex composition of that correction is unknown. As a result, no attempt was made in this set of estimates to adjust the 1970 number for that census error or for any possible undercount. Since controls were used for 1971-79, the impact of this census error should only be seen in the 1970 and possibly the 1971 estimate. Overall, the impact on the estimates is minor.

A different series that attempted to take into account 1970 census corrections and undercounts was published for broad age groups in the *Alaska Population Overview 1982*. The undercount from the 1980 Census in Alaska is as yet unknown but estimates should be released by the U.S. Census Bureau in the next year. Once these become available a revised intercensal series will be made available to users.

TABLE II.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: JULY 1, 1984.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	55236	28384	26853	40574	20850	19724	10159	5180	4978	4503	2353	2150
5-9	43527	22800	20728	31493	16581	14912	7009	3649	3360	5025	2570	2456
10-14	43633	22633	21000	31430	16434	14995	7376	3714	3662	4827	2485	2342
15-19	41594	22255	19339	29533	15929	13605	8309	4258	4051	3752	2068	1684
20-24	46761	26186	20574	32976	18521	14455	7960	3980	3980	5824	3685	2139
25-29	66044	35307	30736	50513	27016	23497	6811	3474	3338	8719	4818	3902
30-34	65016	34592	30423	52029	27824	24205	6185	3246	2939	6802	3522	3280
35-39	46615	25368	21248	38370	21178	17192	4565	2294	2271	3681	1896	1785
40-44	32809	18350	14459	26850	15200	11650	3511	1785	1726	2448	1365	1083
45-49	22216	12193	10023	17876	9995	7881	3035	1575	1460	1305	622	683
50-54	18581	9996	8585	14729	8094	6635	2613	1272	1342	1239	631	608
55-59	15414	8435	6979	12223	6783	5441	2233	1167	1066	957	485	472
60-64	10927	5738	5188	8809	4724	4085	1657	834	822	460	180	281
65-69	6573	3333	3241	4924	2428	2497	1307	692	615	342	213	129
70-74	3981	1994	1987	2612	1348	1264	1079	506	574	289	141	148
75-79	2286	1032	1254	1571	672	898	650	330	319	65	29	36
80-84	1209	525	683	815	334	480	348	158	189	46	32	14
85+	628	228	400	432	154	278	175	68	107	21	6	15
	523048	279348	243700	397760	214065	183694	74981	38183	36798	50308	27100	23207
SELECTED AGE GROUPS												
5	9069	4769	4300	6581	3444	3137	1479	785	694	1009	540	469
6	8776	4612	4165	6373	3365	3009	1418	740	678	985	507	478
7-9	25682	13419	12262	18538	9772	8766	4112	2125	1987	3031	1522	1509
10-13	34662	17970	16691	24769	12930	11839	5817	2937	2879	4076	2103	1973
14	8971	4663	4308	6660	3504	3156	1559	776	783	751	382	369
15	8378	4431	3947	6259	3324	2935	1502	755	747	617	352	264
16	8081	4241	3839	5895	3133	2762	1515	762	753	671	347	324
17	8183	4374	3809	5745	3089	2656	1691	867	824	748	418	329
18	8294	4528	3766	5680	3125	2555	1796	937	859	818	466	352
19	8658	4680	3978	5955	3258	2697	1804	937	867	899	485	414
20	8831	4917	3914	6194	3455	2738	1770	914	856	868	548	320
21	9063	5043	4020	6364	3574	2790	1733	876	857	966	593	373
22	8509	4771	3738	6087	3434	2652	1511	745	767	910	591	319
23-24	20358	11456	8902	14332	8058	6274	2946	1446	1500	3080	1952	1128
16-64	357597	193909	163608	277650	151940	125710	45376	23130	22247	34571	18919	15652
65+	14676	7111	7565	10354	4936	5418	3558	1754	1804	764	421	343

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: JULY 1, 1983.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	51801	26780	25021	38112	19699	18413	9238	4756	4482	4450	2324	2126
5-9	41639	21679	19960	30151	15852	14299	6915	3553	3362	4573	2274	2299
10-14	42566	22139	20427	31035	16208	14827	7319	3697	3622	4213	2234	1978
15-19	41166	22056	19110	29003	15632	13372	8540	4414	4126	3622	2011	1612
20-24	46425	25926	20499	32996	18494	14503	7659	3796	3863	5769	3636	2133
25-29	63391	33565	29826	49035	25963	23072	6573	3388	3185	7783	4214	3569
30-34	58834	31314	27520	47392	25431	21961	5851	3029	2822	5591	2854	2737
35-39	42436	23206	19229	35005	19383	15621	4207	2093	2114	3224	1730	1493
40-44	29647	16531	13116	24465	13798	10667	3268	1674	1595	1914	1059	855
45-49	21004	11491	9513	16976	9490	7486	2883	1452	1431	1146	548	597
50-54	17917	9711	8206	14322	7922	6400	2517	1246	1271	1079	543	536
55-59	14707	8005	6702	11773	6467	5306	2115	1111	1004	818	426	391
60-64	10054	5281	4773	8240	4445	3794	1502	741	761	312	95	217
65-69	6136	3116	3020	4472	2239	2233	1330	694	635	334	182	151
70-74	3708	1878	1830	2424	1214	1210	1019	495	524	264	170	95
75-79	2177	986	1191	1462	625	837	628	315	313	87	47	40
80-84	1054	462	592	712	295	417	314	148	166	27	19	8
85+	630	227	404	429	151	279	174	68	106	27	8	19
TOTAL	495290	264354	230937	378005	203309	174697	72054	36669	35384	45231	24375	20856
SELECTED AGE GROUPS												
5	8602	4517	4086	6265	3299	2965	1418	738	680	920	479	441
6	8467	4376	4091	6192	3222	2969	1360	714	646	915	439	475
7-9	24570	12786	11784	17695	9331	8364	4137	2100	2037	2738	1355	1383
10-13	34399	17839	16560	24900	12973	11927	5851	2955	2896	3648	1910	1738
14	8167	4300	3867	6135	3235	2900	1468	741	727	564	324	241
15	7885	4117	3768	5767	3045	2722	1489	751	737	629	320	309
16	8031	4269	3762	5665	3028	2637	1671	858	813	694	382	312
17	8187	4430	3757	5650	3061	2589	1796	940	856	742	429	312
18	8500	4534	3966	5887	3177	2710	1797	935	862	815	421	394
19	8563	4706	3857	6034	3320	2714	1787	929	858	742	457	285
20	8701	4804	3897	6123	3419	2704	1747	885	862	831	500	330
21	8068	4512	3556	5791	3265	2526	1533	759	774	744	488	256
22	8966	5089	3877	6175	3517	2658	1517	745	772	1273	826	447
23-24	20689	11521	9168	14907	8293	6615	2861	1407	1454	2921	1821	1099
16-64	337695	182970	154725	263441	143981	119460	43628	22192	21435	30627	16797	13830
65+	13704	6669	7035	9500	4523	4977	3465	1720	1745	739	425	314

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: JULY 1, 1982.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	47784	24785	22999	35305	18303	17003	8444	4371	4073	4035	2111	1924
5-9	39676	20520	19156	28744	15001	13744	6824	3486	3338	4108	2034	2074
10-14	40161	20847	19313	29600	15443	14157	7237	3655	3582	3323	1748	1575
15-19	40554	21700	18855	28514	15342	13172	8743	4532	4211	3298	1827	1471
20-24	44980	24989	19990	32342	18045	14298	7323	3619	3704	5314	3325	1989
25-29	58471	30636	27835	45685	23924	21762	6336	3258	3078	6450	3455	2995
30-34	52242	27926	24316	42434	22837	19597	5360	2755	2605	4448	2334	2114
35-39	37748	20605	17143	31538	17464	14074	3844	1898	1946	2366	1243	1123
40-44	26465	14694	11771	21831	12261	9570	3147	1608	1538	1488	824	664
45-49	19862	10832	9030	16091	8978	7113	2768	1379	1389	1003	475	528
50-54	17036	9325	7710	13771	7670	6101	2388	1205	1183	877	451	426
55-59	13787	7442	6345	11183	6092	5090	2007	1052	955	597	298	300
60-64	9386	4949	4436	7591	4087	3505	1430	699	731	364	163	201
65-69	5612	2898	2714	4017	2082	1934	1304	672	632	292	143	148
70-74	3461	1695	1766	2320	1115	1205	943	461	481	198	119	79
75-79	2050	934	1116	1378	594	783	585	288	297	87	52	35
80-84	947	432	515	644	283	361	283	138	145	20	11	9
85+	615	223	392	416	143	273	176	71	105	23	10	13
TOTAL	460837	245433	215403	353405	189664	163741	69140	35147	33993	38291	20622	17670
SELECTED AGE GROUPS												
5	8169	4214	3955	6001	3110	2891	1356	710	646	812	394	418
6	7974	4170	3804	5797	3044	2754	1404	725	679	773	402	371
7-9	23533	12137	11397	16946	8847	8099	4064	2051	2013	2523	1238	1285
10-13	32623	16939	15684	24050	12543	11507	5793	2922	2871	2780	1475	1305
14	7538	3908	3630	5550	2901	2649	1444	733	711	543	274	270
15	7705	4068	3637	5445	2884	2560	1638	845	793	622	338	284
16	7915	4255	3661	5488	2953	2536	1772	929	843	655	373	282
17	8281	4364	3917	5769	3065	2704	1793	935	858	719	365	354
18	8325	4497	3827	5912	3203	2709	1776	923	853	636	371	265
19	8329	4516	3813	5900	3237	2663	1763	900	864	666	379	286
20	7574	4189	3385	5473	3063	2409	1542	765	777	559	361	198
21	8379	4743	3637	5789	3295	2494	1539	759	779	1051	688	363
22	9162	5149	4014	6488	3656	2832	1454	717	737	1221	776	444
23-24	19864	10908	8956	14592	8030	6562	2788	1378	1410	2483	1500	983
16-64	312827	169032	143795	245536	133815	111721	41708	21161	20547	25584	14056	11528
65+	12684	6181	6503	8775	4218	4557	3290	1630	1660	619	334	285

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: JULY 1, 1981.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	43897	22672	21225	32391	16717	15675	7852	4085	3767	3653	1870	1784
5-9	37624	19424	18200	27240	14159	13082	6807	3458	3349	3577	1807	1769
10-14	38076	19727	18349	27900	14530	13370	7374	3744	3631	2802	1454	1348
15-19	39040	20888	18152	27603	14867	12736	8619	4450	4170	2818	1571	1246
20-24	45847	25133	20714	33360	18360	15000	7153	3555	3598	5335	3219	2116
25-29	54564	28538	26026	43248	22596	20652	6051	3099	2952	5265	2843	2423
30-34	48245	26003	22243	39484	21446	18038	4969	2532	2437	3792	2024	1768
35-39	33812	18394	15418	28483	15728	12756	3609	1784	1825	1719	883	837
40-44	24615	13633	10981	20153	11299	8854	3060	1570	1490	1402	765	637
45-49	18967	10327	8639	15423	8581	6842	2676	1338	1338	867	408	459
50-54	16556	9061	7495	13419	7492	5927	2327	1174	1153	810	395	415
55-59	13228	7147	6081	10833	5891	4942	1872	989	883	523	267	256
60-64	8633	4553	4080	6928	3738	3190	1419	685	734	286	130	156
65-69	5421	2832	2589	3892	2026	1866	1252	651	600	277	155	122
70-74	3253	1600	1653	2270	1090	1181	849	420	429	134	90	44
75-79	1927	878	1048	1300	568	732	559	273	286	67	37	30
80-84	881	397	484	604	266	338	250	121	129	27	10	18
85+	615	236	379	413	144	269	186	85	101	17	7	10
TOTAL	435200	231443	203757	334945	179497	155449	66884	34012	32872	33371	17935	15436
SELECTED AGE GROUPS												
5	7649	3989	3660	5557	2903	2654	1404	724	681	688	363	325
6	7528	3928	3600	5456	2883	2573	1379	698	681	693	347	346
7-9	22446	11506	10940	16227	8372	7855	4024	2036	1987	2196	1098	1098
10-13	30728	15869	14858	22707	11804	10904	5770	2911	2859	2250	1155	1096
14	7348	3858	3491	5193	2726	2467	1604	833	772	552	299	253
15	7575	4051	3524	5234	2795	2439	1749	922	828	593	335	258
16	7977	4178	3799	5551	2931	2621	1780	929	851	646	318	328
17	8055	4316	3739	5719	3066	2653	1777	925	853	558	325	233
18	8091	4334	3757	5761	3125	2636	1752	894	858	578	315	263
19	7342	4009	3333	5338	2951	2387	1561	780	781	443	278	165
20	8099	4560	3539	5620	3189	2431	1550	766	784	929	605	324
21	8833	4957	3876	6274	3535	2739	1477	733	744	1082	690	393
22	9174	5083	4091	6684	3717	2967	1425	701	723	1065	665	400
23-24	19742	10534	9208	14782	7919	6863	2701	1354	1347	2259	1260	999
16-64	295931	159626	136304	233700	127203	106498	40006	20254	19753	22224	12170	10054
65+	12096	5943	6154	8479	4094	4385	3094	1550	1545	523	299	223

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 ALASKA POPULATION BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: APRIL 1, 1980.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	38949	20040	18909	28216	14530	13686	7320	3780	3540	3413	1730	1683
5-9	35043	17943	17100	25373	13046	12327	6867	3477	3390	2803	1420	1383
10-14	34282	17720	16562	24662	12798	11864	7495	3857	3638	2125	1065	1060
15-19	37154	19819	17335	26453	14270	12183	8346	4255	4091	2355	1294	1061
20-24	45090	24186	20904	34170	18317	15853	6899	3454	3445	4021	2415	1606
25-29	48645	25564	23081	39000	20534	18466	5639	2841	2798	4006	2189	1817
30-34	42163	22676	19487	34879	18966	15913	4373	2194	2179	2911	1516	1395
35-39	31316	17077	14239	25993	14359	11634	3458	1739	1719	1865	979	886
40-44	22706	12484	10222	18470	10304	8166	2883	1473	1410	1353	707	646
45-49	18404	9982	8422	14793	8154	6639	2654	1354	1300	957	474	483
50-54	15839	8711	7128	12903	7247	5656	2179	1104	1075	757	360	397
55-59	12617	6777	5840	10237	5534	4703	1802	945	857	578	298	280
60-64	8096	4303	3793	6442	3510	2932	1307	628	679	347	165	182
65-69	5206	2740	2466	3773	2008	1765	1198	599	599	235	133	102
70-74	3106	1538	1568	2187	1057	1130	764	389	375	155	92	63
75-79	1845	883	962	1241	573	668	522	264	258	82	46	36
80-84	771	351	420	525	236	289	209	96	113	37	19	18
85-89	383	150	233	266	92	174	107	55	52	10	3	7
90-94	151	58	93	100	35	65	44	20	24	7	3	4
95-99	58	25	33	33	13	20	23	10	13	2	2	0
100+	27	14	13	12	6	6	14	8	6	1	0	1
TOTAL	401851	213041	188810	309728	165589	144139	64103	32542	31561	28020	14910	13110

SELECTED AGE GROUPS

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
5	6956	3610	3346	5000	2620	2380	1357	682	675	599	308	291
6	6670	3356	3314	4742	2422	2320	1395	692	703	533	242	291
7-9	21417	10977	10440	15631	8004	7627	4115	2103	2012	1671	870	801
10-13	27320	14027	13293	19857	10258	9599	5763	2932	2831	1700	837	863
14	6962	3693	3269	4805	2540	2265	1732	925	807	425	228	197
15	7380	3824	3556	5181	2687	2494	1753	914	839	446	223	223
16	7503	3982	3521	5349	2863	2486	1759	915	844	395	204	191
17	7588	4008	3580	5397	2881	2516	1748	888	860	443	239	204
18	6962	3729	3233	5005	2737	2268	1480	735	745	477	257	220
19	7721	4276	3445	5521	3102	2419	1606	803	803	594	371	223
20	8404	4677	3727	6184	3466	2718	1451	719	732	769	492	277
21	8728	4823	3905	6481	3590	2891	1455	726	729	792	507	285
22	8942	4874	4068	6722	3687	3035	1373	686	687	847	501	346
23-24	19016	9812	9204	14783	7574	7209	2620	1323	1297	1613	915	698
16-64	274650	147755	126895	218159	118508	99651	37787	19073	18714	18704	10174	8530
65+	11547	5759	5788	8137	4020	4117	2881	1441	1440	529	298	231

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

TABLE II.3 POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR ALASKA BY AGE, RACE AND SEX: JULY 1, 1979.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	39053	20091	18962	28442	14644	13798	7277	3764	3514	3334	1684	1650
5-9	35735	18295	17441	26006	13365	12641	6957	3531	3426	2773	1399	1374
10-14	34832	17992	16841	25233	13084	12149	7505	3864	3642	2094	1044	1050
15-19	36962	19709	17252	26509	14290	12220	8149	4143	4006	2303	1277	1026
20-24	45092	24441	20651	34477	18710	15767	6649	3321	3327	3966	2410	1556
25-29	47758	25106	22652	38445	20250	18196	5459	2754	2706	3853	2103	1750
30-34	41351	22242	19110	34261	18627	15634	4272	2150	2123	2818	1465	1352
35-39	31001	16917	14085	25769	14242	11527	3387	1700	1687	1845	975	871
40-44	22672	12475	10197	18508	10332	8176	2840	1457	1383	1324	686	638
45-49	18452	10012	8439	14913	8213	6699	2594	1328	1266	945	471	474
50-54	15787	8682	7105	12922	7251	5670	2133	1081	1052	733	350	383
55-59	12511	6742	5769	10176	5519	4657	1767	926	841	568	297	271
60-64	8014	4272	3742	6392	3488	2903	1279	620	659	344	164	180
65-69	5132	2712	2419	3734	1994	1740	1168	588	580	230	131	99
70-74	3039	1511	1529	2149	1044	1105	735	375	361	155	92	63
75-79	1804	867	938	1222	567	655	501	253	248	82	47	35
80-84	769	353	416	527	239	287	204	93	111	39	21	18
85-89	382	152	230	266	94	172	105	53	52	11	4	7
90-94	162	70	91	98	36	63	50	26	24	13	9	4
95-99	57	25	33	33	13	20	22	10	13	2	2	0
100+	32	17	16	16	8	8	14	8	6	2	1	1
TOTAL	400600	212683	187917	310097	166011	144087	63091	32052	31039	27434	14631	12803
					SELECTED AGE GROUPS							
5	7081	3667	3414	5116	2669	2447	1374	696	678	591	303	288
6	6828	3444	3384	4885	2497	2388	1415	707	708	528	240	289
7-9	21827	11183	10643	16005	8199	7807	4168	2128	2040	1653	856	797
10-13	27815	14279	13536	20336	10502	9834	5801	2955	2847	1678	822	856
14	7017	3712	3305	4898	2582	2316	1704	909	795	416	221	194
15	7395	3830	3565	5230	2710	2520	1727	898	829	438	221	216
16	7472	3960	3512	5368	2867	2501	1718	891	827	386	202	184
17	7536	3975	3562	5396	2875	2521	1707	864	843	434	236	198
18	6913	3707	3207	5003	2738	2265	1444	715	729	466	254	212
19	7645	4238	3407	5512	3100	2412	1553	774	779	580	364	217
20	8451	4758	3693	6280	3565	2715	1404	696	709	767	497	270
21	8845	4974	3870	6642	3754	2888	1405	700	705	798	521	277
22	8983	4951	4032	6831	3797	3034	1321	658	663	831	497	335
23-24	18813	9758	9055	14724	7593	7130	2519	1268	1251	1571	897	674
16-64	272206	146769	125437	217141	118212	98929	36803	18581	18222	18262	9976	8285
65+	11378	5707	5671	8045	3996	4049	2799	1404	1394	534	307	228

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR ALASKA BY AGE, RACE AND SEX: JULY 1, 1978.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	39614	20376	19237	29127	14994	14133	7221	3742	3479	3266	1641	1626
5-9	37083	18981	18102	27240	13990	13250	7076	3603	3473	2766	1388	1379
10-14	35972	18562	17410	26376	13662	12714	7519	3873	3646	2077	1027	1049
15-19	37085	19765	17320	26938	14502	12436	7886	3993	3893	2261	1270	991
20-24	45574	25058	20516	35322	19482	15840	6315	3145	3171	3937	2432	1505
25-29	47024	24733	22291	38120	20089	18031	5220	2637	2583	3684	2007	1677
30-34	40654	21870	18784	33797	18369	15428	4138	2090	2048	2719	1411	1308
35-39	30890	16873	14018	25758	14244	11514	3293	1649	1644	1839	980	859
40-44	22866	12595	10271	18784	10496	8288	2783	1435	1348	1299	665	635
45-49	18714	10160	8554	15260	8395	6865	2514	1293	1221	939	472	467
50-54	15882	8733	7149	13103	7344	5760	2071	1049	1022	708	340	368
55-59	12494	6764	5730	10214	5564	4649	1721	902	819	560	298	262
60-64	7985	4275	3710	6400	3501	2899	1241	608	633	344	165	179
65-69	5083	2703	2380	3730	2000	1729	1127	572	555	226	130	96
70-74	2978	1488	1490	2124	1040	1084	697	356	342	157	92	65
75-79	1767	854	913	1212	566	645	472	238	234	83	49	34
80-84	775	360	415	537	247	289	197	89	108	42	24	18
85-89	386	157	229	270	99	171	102	51	51	14	7	7
90-94	178	89	89	98	37	60	58	33	25	22	18	4
95-99	57	24	32	33	13	20	21	9	12	2	2	0
100+	40	20	19	21	11	10	15	8	7	3	2	2
TOTAL	403100	214440	188660	314463	168647	145816	61741	31398	30343	26948	14418	12530

SELECTED AGE GROUPS

AGE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
5	7331	3787	3544	5346	2773	2573	1397	714	683	588	300	289
6	7121	3603	3517	5151	2636	2515	1441	727	714	529	240	289
7-9	22631	11591	11040	16743	8581	8162	4239	2162	2077	1649	848	801
10-13	28803	14784	14019	21282	10987	10295	5852	2985	2867	1669	812	857
14	7169	3779	3391	5095	2676	2419	1667	888	779	408	215	193
15	7494	3878	3616	5370	2779	2591	1693	877	816	431	222	209
16	7508	3972	3536	5466	2910	2555	1664	860	804	379	202	177
17	7544	3970	3573	5466	2903	2563	1652	832	819	426	235	191
18	6918	3715	3203	5066	2773	2292	1396	688	708	456	253	203
19	7621	4230	3391	5570	3136	2434	1482	736	746	568	358	210
20	8607	4921	3686	6493	3748	2745	1342	665	677	772	509	264
21	9102	5239	3862	6949	4029	2920	1338	665	673	815	546	269
22	9137	5112	4024	7065	3995	3070	1252	621	631	819	496	323
23-24	18729	9785	8943	14815	7710	7105	2383	1194	1189	1530	881	649
16-64	271674	146947	124727	218326	119206	99120	35490	17924	17566	17858	9817	8041
65+	11263	5694	5568	8024	4015	4008	2689	1356	1334	549	323	226

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR ALASKA BY AGE, RACE AND SEX: JULY 1, 1977.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	40939	21054	19884	30514	15706	14808	7164	3720	3444	3261	1628	1633
5-9	39218	20070	19148	29202	14989	14213	7196	3675	3521	2820	1405	1414
10-14	37861	19519	18343	28225	14605	13620	7533	3882	3651	2103	1032	1072
15-19	37889	20183	17706	28003	15051	12952	7624	3844	3780	2262	1288	974
20-24	46921	26182	20739	36957	20711	16246	5982	2968	3014	3982	2503	1479
25-29	47075	24773	22302	38523	20311	18212	4981	2521	2460	3571	1941	1631
30-34	40631	21861	18770	33961	18450	15511	4004	2031	1973	2666	1380	1286
35-39	31328	17129	14198	26260	14527	11733	3199	1597	1602	1869	1005	864
40-44	23490	12953	10536	19466	10885	8580	2725	1413	1312	1298	655	644
45-49	19337	10505	8832	15951	8764	7187	2435	1259	1176	952	483	469
50-54	16272	8946	7326	13568	7592	5976	2010	1018	992	694	336	358
55-59	12702	6911	5792	10465	5728	4737	1675	877	798	563	306	257
60-64	8097	4354	3743	6543	3588	2955	1203	597	606	351	170	181
65-69	5121	2741	2380	3808	2052	1756	1086	557	529	227	132	95
70-74	2965	1491	1475	2144	1059	1084	659	337	322	163	95	68
75-79	1758	855	904	1228	579	649	444	223	221	86	53	33
80-84	795	374	421	559	261	298	190	85	105	46	28	18
85-89	396	164	232	281	107	174	99	48	51	17	9	7
90-94	199	110	89	100	41	59	66	41	25	33	28	5
95-99	57	25	33	34	14	20	21	8	12	3	2	0
100+	48	25	24	28	15	14	15	7	8	5	3	2
TOTAL	413100	220223	192877	325820	175036	150784	60391	30744	29647	26971	14480	12491
SELECTED AGE GROUPS												
5	7735	3985	3750	5718	2950	2768	1419	732	687	598	303	295
6	7568	3842	3726	5560	2849	2711	1468	747	720	540	245	295
7-9	23915	12244	11672	17925	9190	8734	4309	2196	2113	1681	857	824
10-13	30397	15600	14798	22799	11765	11034	5904	3016	2888	1695	819	876
14	7464	3919	3545	5426	2840	2586	1629	866	763	408	213	195
15	7737	4001	3736	5645	2918	2728	1658	855	803	434	228	206
16	7683	4057	3627	5695	3022	2673	1609	829	780	379	206	173
17	7688	4037	3651	5665	2998	2667	1597	801	796	427	238	188
18	7048	3790	3258	5245	2872	2373	1348	661	687	456	258	198
19	7731	4297	3434	5753	3241	2513	1412	698	714	567	358	208
20	8932	5188	3744	6858	4022	2836	1279	633	646	794	532	262
21	9546	5622	3924	7425	4409	3016	1271	629	641	850	584	267
22	9468	5380	4088	7463	4290	3173	1184	585	599	822	505	317
23-24	18976	9992	8983	15212	7990	7221	2248	1121	1128	1516	881	634
16-64	276004	149795	126209	224052	122690	101362	34178	17268	16910	17775	9838	7937
65+	11340	5784	5556	8182	4127	4054	2580	1307	1273	579	350	229

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
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TABLE II.3 POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR ALASKA BY AGE, RACE AND SEX: JULY 1, 1976.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	41060	21113	19947	30827	15865	14962	7107	3698	3409	3127	1550	1577
5-9	40266	20602	19664	30185	15486	14699	7316	3747	3569	2765	1369	1396
10-14	38687	19925	18762	29094	15040	14054	7547	3891	3656	2046	994	1052
15-19	37547	19989	17558	28015	15038	12977	7361	3694	3667	2171	1257	914
20-24	46875	26556	20319	37345	21277	16067	5648	2791	2857	3882	2487	1395
25-29	45631	24027	21603	37569	19823	17746	4741	2405	2337	3320	1799	1521
30-34	39312	21155	18157	32929	17887	15043	3870	1972	1898	2512	1297	1216
35-39	30800	16860	13941	25862	14318	11544	3104	1545	1559	1834	996	838
40-44	23412	12926	10487	19494	10914	8580	2668	1391	1277	1250	620	630
45-49	19391	10541	8850	16107	8841	7266	2355	1224	1131	930	476	454
50-54	16174	8891	7283	13572	7585	5987	1948	987	961	654	319	335
55-59	12522	6848	5674	10348	5693	4656	1628	852	776	545	303	242
60-64	7960	4301	3659	6449	3547	2902	1166	586	580	346	169	177
65-69	4999	2694	2304	3735	2025	1710	1046	542	504	218	128	90
70-74	2857	1446	1411	2074	1034	1040	621	318	303	162	94	68
75-79	1693	828	864	1191	566	625	415	208	207	86	55	31
80-84	792	377	414	560	266	295	183	81	102	49	31	18
85-89	395	168	227	280	110	170	96	46	50	19	12	7
90-94	215	129	86	98	42	56	74	49	26	43	39	5
95-99	56	24	32	33	14	19	20	8	12	3	2	0
100+	56	29	28	34	18	17	16	7	8	7	4	3
TOTAL	410700	219430	191270	325802	175390	150413	59041	30091	28951	25968	14001	11968

SELECTED AGE GROUPS

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
5	7923	4071	3853	5897	3026	2871	1442	750	692	585	294	290
6	7808	3976	3832	5782	2968	2815	1494	767	727	532	241	291
7-9	24534	12556	11979	18505	9492	9013	4380	2230	2150	1649	833	815
10-13	31144	15980	15164	23535	12141	11393	5955	3046	2909	1655	793	862
14	7543	3945	3598	5559	2899	2660	1592	845	747	391	201	190
15	7753	4006	3747	5710	2947	2763	1624	834	790	419	225	194
16	7627	4019	3608	5708	3019	2689	1555	797	757	364	202	162
17	7599	3981	3618	5647	2979	2668	1542	769	773	410	233	177
18	6964	3751	3213	5228	2865	2363	1300	634	666	436	252	184
19	7604	4233	3371	5721	3228	2493	1341	660	681	542	345	197
20	8996	5309	3687	6992	4169	2823	1217	602	615	788	538	250
21	9719	5854	3865	7659	4657	3003	1204	594	609	856	603	253
22	9523	5496	4027	7614	4452	3162	1115	548	567	794	496	298
23-24	18637	9897	8740	15080	8000	7079	2113	1047	1066	1444	849	595
16-64	271871	148088	123783	221980	121977	100003	32866	16612	16254	17025	9499	7526
65+	11063	5696	5367	8006	4074	3932	2470	1258	1212	586	364	223

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
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TABLE II.3 POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR ALASKA BY AGE, RACE AND SEX: JULY 1, 1975.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	38655	19873	18782	28842	14838	14004	7050	3676	3374	2763	1358	1405
5-9	38818	19857	18961	28878	14808	14070	7436	3819	3617	2504	1230	1274
10-14	37119	19099	18020	27724	14318	13406	7561	3900	3661	1835	882	953
15-19	34903	18571	16333	25889	13895	11994	7098	3544	3554	1916	1132	785
20-24	43949	25291	18658	35119	20374	14745	5315	2615	2700	3515	2302	1213
25-29	41409	21819	19590	34060	17993	16068	4502	2288	2214	2847	1538	1309
30-34	35601	19162	16439	29675	16122	13553	3736	1912	1823	2191	1128	1063
35-39	28390	15559	12831	23705	13145	10560	3010	1493	1517	1675	920	754
40-44	21897	12104	9793	18171	10191	7980	2611	1369	1241	1116	544	572
45-49	18253	9929	8324	15134	8302	6832	2275	1189	1086	843	437	406
50-54	15083	8290	6793	12628	7054	5574	1886	955	931	569	281	288
55-59	11575	6366	5209	9504	5260	4244	1582	827	755	489	279	210
60-64	7337	3985	3351	5893	3256	2638	1128	574	554	315	155	160
65-69	4572	2483	2088	3374	1842	1532	1005	526	479	192	115	77
70-74	2576	1314	1262	1844	929	915	583	299	284	149	86	63
75-79	1524	752	772	1059	507	552	387	193	194	79	52	27
80-84	739	357	382	516	249	267	176	77	99	47	31	16
85-89	370	160	209	257	104	153	93	44	50	20	13	7
90-94	218	141	78	86	39	47	82	57	26	49	45	5
95-99	51	22	29	29	13	17	19	7	12	3	2	1
100+	61	31	30	37	19	18	16	7	9	7	4	3
TOTAL	383100	205164	177936	302425	163257	139168	57691	29437	28255	23125	12534	10591

SELECTED AGE GROUPS

5	7621	3905	3716	5629	2873	2756	1464	768	696	528	264	264
6	7563	3863	3701	5561	2857	2704	1520	787	733	482	218	264
7-9	23634	12090	11544	17688	9078	8610	4451	2264	2187	1494	748	746
10-13	29962	15371	14591	22466	11587	10879	6006	3076	2929	1490	707	783
14	7157	3728	3429	5258	2731	2527	1555	823	731	344	174	170
15	7291	3764	3527	5331	2747	2583	1589	813	776	371	204	167
16	7103	3734	3369	5282	2786	2496	1500	766	734	321	183	138
17	7044	3681	3364	5195	2734	2461	1487	737	750	362	209	153
18	6453	3482	2971	4817	2647	2170	1252	607	645	384	228	156
19	7012	3910	3103	5264	2981	2283	1270	622	649	478	307	171
20	8507	5102	3405	6626	4024	2602	1155	571	583	726	506	219
21	9292	5722	3569	7352	4582	2771	1137	559	577	802	581	221
22	8992	5272	3720	7234	4307	2927	1046	511	535	712	454	258
23-24	17159	9194	7964	13907	7461	6445	1978	973	1004	1274	760	514
16-64	251106	137311	113795	204448	112844	91604	31554	15956	15598	15105	8512	6593
65+	10111	5259	4851	7203	3702	3501	2361	1209	1152	547	348	199

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
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TABLE II.3 POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR ALASKA BY AGE, RACE AND SEX: JULY 1, 1974.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	35047	18014	17032	25737	13232	12505	6993	3655	3339	2316	1127	1189
5-9	36053	18439	17613	26340	13498	12842	7555	3891	3664	2157	1050	1107
10-14	34312	17638	16674	25175	12988	12188	7574	3909	3666	1562	741	821
15-19	31227	16604	14623	22787	12239	10548	6835	3395	3441	1604	970	634
20-24	39676	23203	16473	31653	18723	12930	4981	2438	2543	3042	2042	1000
25-29	36085	19028	17057	29513	15613	13900	4262	2172	2091	2309	1243	1066
30-34	30952	16664	14288	25536	13880	11656	3601	1853	1748	1815	931	884
35-39	25168	13811	11357	20790	11555	9235	2916	1442	1474	1463	815	648
40-44	19718	10914	8804	16215	9113	7102	2554	1348	1206	949	453	496
45-49	16546	9007	7540	13620	7468	6152	2195	1154	1041	731	384	347
50-54	13540	7441	6099	11246	6282	4964	1825	924	901	470	235	235
55-59	10293	5695	4598	8339	4647	3692	1536	802	733	418	246	173
60-64	6503	3553	2951	5139	2853	2286	1090	563	527	274	136	138
65-69	4019	2202	1817	2894	1593	1301	965	511	454	161	98	63
70-74	2228	1146	1082	1553	792	761	545	280	265	130	74	56
75-79	1317	655	662	890	431	460	358	178	180	68	47	22
80-84	665	326	339	452	223	230	169	73	96	44	30	14
85-89	333	148	185	223	93	130	90	41	49	19	13	6
90-94	212	145	67	71	34	37	91	64	26	51	47	4
95-99	45	19	26	24	11	14	18	7	11	3	2	1
100+	62	31	31	38	20	18	16	7	9	8	5	3
TOTAL	344000	184681	159319	268235	145286	122950	56342	28783	27558	19594	10689	8905
					SELECTED AGE GROUPS							
5	7062	3609	3453	5123	2598	2524	1487	786	701	453	224	228
6	7058	3615	3443	5095	2619	2475	1547	808	739	416	188	228
7-9	21933	11215	10718	16123	8280	7843	4522	2297	2224	1288	638	650
10-13	27770	14244	13526	20438	10538	9900	6057	3107	2950	1275	599	676
14	6541	3394	3148	4737	2449	2288	1518	802	716	287	143	144
15	6603	3406	3197	4737	2439	2298	1555	792	763	312	176	136
16	6367	3339	3027	4653	2448	2206	1446	734	711	268	157	111
17	6283	3274	3009	4549	2390	2159	1432	705	727	303	179	124
18	5754	3111	2643	4229	2333	1896	1204	580	624	321	197	124
19	6219	3474	2746	4620	2630	1990	1199	583	616	400	260	140
20	7748	4723	3025	6016	3726	2290	1092	540	552	640	457	183
21	8558	5387	3171	6767	4325	2442	1070	524	546	721	538	184
22	8177	4872	3305	6591	4000	2590	977	474	503	610	398	212
23-24	15193	8221	6972	12279	6672	5608	1843	900	943	1071	649	422
16-64	223105	122512	100593	180100	99934	80167	30241	15299	14942	12764	7279	5485
65+	8880	4671	4209	6145	3196	2950	2251	1160	1091	483	315	168

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 POPULATION ESTIMATE FOR ALASKA BY AGE, RACE AND SEX: JULY 1,1973.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	33963	17454	16509	24933	12814	12119	6937	3633	3304	2094	1007	1087
5-9	35803	18308	17495	26114	13374	12740	7675	3963	3712	2014	971	1043
10-14	33914	17416	16497	24884	12824	12060	7588	3918	3670	1442	675	767
15-19	29840	15855	13984	21816	11710	10105	6573	3245	3328	1451	900	551
20-24	38278	22762	15517	30797	18549	12248	4648	2261	2387	2833	1951	882
25-29	33499	17679	15820	27488	14559	12929	4023	2055	1968	1987	1064	923
30-34	28658	15433	13225	23589	12821	10768	3467	1794	1673	1602	818	784
35-39	23814	13087	10727	19619	10921	8697	2821	1390	1431	1374	776	598
40-44	18972	10515	8457	15609	8786	6822	2496	1326	1170	867	403	464
45-49	16032	8733	7299	13234	7250	5985	2115	1120	996	682	363	319
50-54	12985	7134	5851	10808	6031	4777	1763	893	870	414	210	204
55-59	9772	5442	4330	7898	4431	3467	1489	778	712	385	233	152
60-64	6153	3382	2771	4842	2700	2142	1053	552	501	258	130	128
65-69	3767	2083	1684	2698	1497	1201	924	496	428	145	90	55
70-74	2050	1065	986	1420	734	686	507	261	246	124	70	53
75-79	1210	608	602	816	399	416	330	163	167	65	46	19
80-84	639	317	322	433	217	216	162	69	93	45	31	13
85-89	320	146	175	212	92	120	87	39	49	21	15	6
90-94	220	158	62	64	33	31	99	72	27	57	53	4
95-99	42	18	24	22	10	12	17	6	11	3	2	1
100+	67	34	34	42	22	20	17	7	10	9	5	4
TOTAL	330000	177629	152371	257338	139776	117563	54992	28130	26862	17871	9815	8056
						SELECTED AGE GROUPS						
5	6997	3566	3431	5067	2555	2512	1510	804	705	421	207	214
6	7042	3618	3424	5078	2614	2465	1573	828	746	390	176	214
7-9	21764	11124	10639	15968	8205	7764	4592	2331	2261	1203	588	615
10-13	27522	14114	13408	20231	10428	9803	6108	3137	2971	1183	549	634
14	6392	3302	3090	4653	2396	2257	1480	781	700	259	126	133
15	6392	3294	3098	4588	2359	2229	1520	770	750	284	165	119
16	6096	3189	2907	4463	2340	2124	1391	703	688	242	147	95
17	5985	3109	2876	4334	2270	2064	1377	673	703	274	166	108
18	5479	2968	2511	4033	2231	1802	1156	553	603	290	184	106
19	5888	3295	2593	4398	2512	1886	1129	545	584	361	238	124
20	7544	4676	2868	5905	3722	2183	1030	509	521	609	445	164
21	8428	5421	3008	6726	4395	2330	1003	489	514	700	536	164
22	7950	4815	3135	6481	4003	2478	908	437	471	561	375	186
23-24	14356	7850	6506	11685	6429	5256	1707	826	881	963	595	368
16-64	211611	116727	94884	171112	95400	75712	28929	14643	14286	11570	6684	4886
65+	8317	4429	3887	5707	3005	2703	2142	1112	1030	468	313	155

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to total due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR ALASKA BY AGE, RACE AND SEX: JULY 1, 1972.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	33287	17103	16184	24503	12589	11914	6880	3611	3269	1905	903	1002
5-9	35973	18392	17581	26275	13449	12827	7795	4035	3760	1903	908	995
10-14	33915	17400	16515	24968	12855	12114	7602	3927	3675	1345	619	726
15-19	28816	15300	13516	21183	11360	9823	6310	3096	3214	1322	844	478
20-24	37342	22590	14752	30362	18618	11745	4314	2085	2230	2665	1887	778
25-29	31332	16551	14780	25853	13711	12142	3784	1939	1845	1695	902	793
30-34	26724	14396	12329	21978	11944	10034	3333	1734	1599	1413	717	696
35-39	22752	12523	10230	18721	10437	8284	2727	1338	1389	1305	747	557
40-44	18455	10244	8211	15219	8580	6639	2439	1304	1135	797	360	438
45-49	15710	8564	7147	13031	7131	5900	2036	1085	950	643	348	296
50-54	12588	6915	5673	10522	5865	4657	1702	861	840	364	189	176
55-59	9371	5255	4116	7570	4278	3292	1443	753	690	358	224	133
60-64	5878	3252	2626	4617	2587	2031	1015	540	474	246	125	121
65-69	3562	1990	1572	2546	1426	1121	883	480	403	132	84	49
70-74	1899	997	902	1311	688	623	469	242	227	119	67	52
75-79	1119	569	550	756	375	381	301	148	153	63	46	16
80-84	621	313	308	420	215	205	155	65	90	46	33	12
85-89	312	145	166	205	92	113	85	36	48	22	17	5
90-94	231	173	58	59	33	27	107	80	27	65	61	4
95-99	40	17	23	21	10	11	16	5	11	3	2	1
100+	74	37	37	46	24	22	17	6	11	10	6	4
TOTAL	320000	172725	147275	250169	136266	113903	53642	27476	26166	16420	9088	7332
					SELECTED AGE GROUPS							
5	7015	3566	3449	5087	2551	2536	1532	822	710	396	192	203
6	7108	3662	3446	5138	2647	2491	1600	848	752	370	167	203
7-9	21850	11164	10686	16050	8251	7799	4663	2365	2298	1137	548	589
10-13	27596	14150	13446	20327	10474	9853	6159	3168	2991	1110	508	602
14	6319	3250	3068	4641	2380	2261	1443	759	684	235	111	124
15	6258	3222	3036	4511	2316	2195	1486	749	737	261	157	104
16	5900	3078	2822	4343	2268	2075	1337	672	665	220	139	81
17	5759	2982	2777	4188	2185	2003	1322	642	680	250	156	94
18	5270	2861	2409	3899	2161	1738	1108	527	581	263	173	89
19	5629	3156	2472	4242	2430	1812	1058	507	551	328	219	109
20	7430	4683	2747	5876	3766	2109	967	478	489	587	439	148
21	8398	5517	2881	6775	4522	2253	936	454	482	687	541	146
22	7817	4814	3003	6458	4056	2401	839	400	439	520	358	163
23-24	13696	7575	6121	11254	6273	4980	1572	753	820	870	549	321
16-64	202710	112367	90343	164547	92195	72352	27617	13987	13630	10547	6185	4362
65+	7857	4242	3615	5365	2863	2502	2032	1063	970	460	316	144

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR ALASKA BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: JULY 1, 1971.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	32738	16817	15921	24191	12425	11766	6823	3589	3234	1724	803	921
5-9	36283	18547	17737	26568	13591	12977	7914	4107	3807	1800	848	952
10-14	34048	17452	16596	25178	12950	12228	7616	3936	3680	1254	566	688
15-19	27899	14801	13098	20653	11063	9589	6047	2946	3101	1199	792	407
20-24	36546	22505	14041	30058	18766	11292	3981	1908	2073	2507	1831	676
25-29	29277	15483	13794	24324	12919	11405	3544	1823	1722	1409	742	667
30-34	24886	13410	11476	20457	11115	9342	3199	1675	1524	1230	619	610
35-39	21775	12005	9770	17901	9997	7905	2633	1287	1346	1241	722	518
40-44	18008	10011	7997	14895	8411	6484	2382	1282	1099	731	317	414
45-49	15448	8427	7021	12885	7044	5842	1956	1050	905	607	333	274
50-54	12238	6721	5516	10281	5723	4558	1640	830	810	316	168	148
55-59	9004	5088	3917	7276	4144	3132	1397	728	669	332	216	116
60-64	5625	3134	2490	4413	2485	1928	977	529	448	234	120	114
65-69	3370	1904	1466	2407	1361	1046	843	465	378	120	78	42
70-74	1754	933	821	1208	646	562	431	223	208	116	64	51
75-79	1032	532	500	699	352	347	273	133	140	61	47	14
80-84	605	310	295	410	213	196	148	61	87	47	35	12
85-89	304	146	159	199	93	106	82	34	48	24	19	5
90-94	242	189	53	55	33	22	115	87	28	73	69	4
95-99	38	16	21	20	9	10	15	5	10	3	2	1
100+	80	40	40	51	27	24	18	6	11	11	7	4
TOTAL	311200	168471	142729	244130	133367	110763	52292	26822	25470	15039	8400	6639
					SELECTED AGE GROUPS							
5	7060	3579	3481	5133	2560	2573	1555	840	714	372	179	193
6	7202	3720	3481	5224	2694	2530	1626	868	758	352	159	193
7-9	22022	11247	10774	16212	8338	7874	4734	2399	2335	1077	511	566
10-13	27778	14241	13537	20526	10574	9953	6210	3198	3012	1042	469	572
14	6270	3211	3059	4652	2376	2276	1406	738	668	212	97	116
15	6147	3162	2985	4457	2284	2172	1451	728	724	239	150	89
16	5726	2979	2747	4244	2207	2037	1282	640	642	199	131	68
17	5555	2866	2689	4062	2111	1951	1267	610	657	227	146	81
18	5081	2765	2316	3784	2101	1682	1060	500	560	237	164	73
19	5390	3029	2361	4107	2360	1747	987	469	519	296	201	95
20	7345	4709	2636	5873	3827	2045	905	447	458	567	435	133
21	8400	5635	2765	6853	4668	2186	869	419	450	678	549	129
22	7715	4832	2883	6463	4127	2335	770	363	407	482	341	140
23-24	13086	7329	5758	10869	6144	4726	1437	679	758	780	506	274
16-64	194559	108424	86135	158688	89382	69306	26304	13330	12974	9566	5711	3855
65+	7425	4069	3356	5048	2735	2313	1923	1014	909	454	321	134

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Rows and/or columns may not add to totals due to rounding.

TABLE II.3 ALASKA POPULATION BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: APRIL 1, 1970.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	32075	16472	15603	23825	12232	11593	6752	3562	3190	1498	678	820
5-9	36709	18760	17949	26972	13789	13183	8064	4197	3867	1673	774	899
10-14	34248	17533	16715	25474	13086	12388	7633	3947	3686	1141	500	641
15-19	26768	14186	12582	20005	10700	9305	5719	2759	2960	1044	727	317
20-24	35576	22419	13157	29702	18971	10731	3564	1687	1877	2310	1761	549
25-29	26711	14149	12562	22417	11931	10486	3245	1677	1568	1049	541	508
30-34	22588	12178	10410	18558	10081	8477	3031	1601	1430	999	496	503
35-39	20561	11363	9198	16885	9450	7435	2515	1222	1293	1161	691	470
40-44	17460	9726	7734	14502	8207	6295	2310	1255	1055	648	264	384
45-49	15132	8263	6869	12714	6940	5774	1856	1007	849	562	316	246
50-54	11807	6483	5324	9988	5550	4438	1563	791	772	256	142	114
55-59	8550	4881	3669	6912	3978	2934	1339	697	642	299	206	93
60-64	5310	2989	2321	4160	2359	1801	930	515	415	220	115	105
65-69	3131	1798	1333	2234	1281	953	792	446	346	105	71	34
70-74	1573	853	720	1079	593	486	383	199	184	111	61	50
75-79	923	485	438	628	324	304	237	114	123	58	47	11
80-84	585	306	279	397	212	185	139	56	83	49	38	11
85-89	295	146	149	191	94	97	78	31	47	26	21	5
90-94	257	209	48	49	33	16	125	97	28	83	79	4
95-99	35	15	20	18	9	9	14	4	10	3	2	1
100+	88	44	44	57	30	27	18	6	12	13	8	5
TOTAL	300382	163258	137124	236767	129850	106917	50605	26005	24600	13010	7403	5607
SELECTED AGE GROUPS												
5	7123	3599	3524	5197	2574	2623	1583	863	720	343	162	181
6	7327	3798	3529	5339	2757	2582	1659	893	766	329	148	181
7-9	22259	11363	10896	16436	8458	7978	4822	2441	2381	1001	464	537
10-13	28034	14369	13665	20803	10712	10091	6274	3236	3038	957	421	536
14	6214	3164	3050	4671	2374	2297	1359	711	648	184	79	105
15	6013	3089	2924	4393	2247	2146	1408	701	707	212	141	71
16	5511	2856	2655	4124	2133	1991	1214	601	613	173	122	51
17	5303	2723	2580	3907	2019	1888	1198	570	628	198	134	64
18	4847	2646	2201	3642	2028	1614	1000	466	534	205	152	53
19	5094	2872	2222	3939	2273	1666	899	421	478	256	178	78
20	7244	4746	2498	5874	3908	1966	827	408	419	543	430	113
21	8411	5790	2621	6959	4856	2103	785	375	410	667	559	108
22	7592	4859	2733	6475	4221	2254	684	317	367	433	321	112
23-24	12329	7024	5305	10394	5986	4408	1268	587	681	667	451	216
16-64	163889	92185	71704	134565	76470	58095	22149	11288	10861	7175	4427	2748
65+	6887	3856	3031	4653	2576	2077	1786	953	833	448	327	121

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

TABLE II.4 ALASKA POPULATION PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: JULY 1, 1984.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	10.56%	10.16%	11.02%	10.20%	9.74%	10.74%	13.55%	13.57%	13.53%	8.95%	8.68%	9.27%
5-9	8.32%	8.16%	8.51%	7.92%	7.75%	8.12%	9.35%	9.56%	9.13%	9.99%	9.48%	10.58%
10-14	8.34%	8.10%	8.62%	7.90%	7.68%	8.16%	9.84%	9.73%	9.95%	9.60%	9.17%	10.09%
15-19	7.95%	7.97%	7.94%	7.42%	7.44%	7.41%	11.08%	11.15%	11.01%	7.46%	7.63%	7.25%
20-24	8.94%	9.37%	8.44%	8.29%	8.65%	7.87%	10.62%	10.42%	10.81%	11.58%	13.60%	9.22%
25-29	12.63%	12.64%	12.61%	12.70%	12.62%	12.79%	9.08%	9.10%	9.07%	17.33%	17.78%	16.81%
30-34	12.43%	12.38%	12.48%	13.08%	13.00%	13.18%	8.25%	8.50%	7.99%	13.52%	13.00%	14.13%
35-39	8.91%	9.08%	8.72%	9.65%	9.89%	9.36%	6.09%	6.01%	6.17%	7.32%	7.00%	7.69%
40-44	6.27%	6.57%	5.93%	6.75%	7.10%	6.34%	4.68%	4.67%	4.69%	4.87%	5.04%	4.67%
45-49	4.25%	4.36%	4.11%	4.49%	4.67%	4.29%	4.05%	4.13%	3.97%	2.59%	2.30%	2.94%
50-54	3.55%	3.58%	3.52%	3.70%	3.78%	3.61%	3.49%	3.33%	3.65%	2.46%	2.33%	2.62%
55-59	2.95%	3.02%	2.86%	3.07%	3.17%	2.96%	2.98%	3.06%	2.90%	1.90%	1.79%	2.03%
60-64	2.09%	2.05%	2.13%	2.21%	2.21%	2.22%	2.21%	2.19%	2.23%	0.91%	0.66%	1.21%
65-69	1.26%	1.19%	1.33%	1.24%	1.13%	1.36%	1.74%	1.81%	1.67%	0.68%	0.79%	0.56%
70-74	0.76%	0.71%	0.82%	0.66%	0.63%	0.69%	1.44%	1.32%	1.56%	0.57%	0.52%	0.64%
75-79	0.44%	0.37%	0.51%	0.39%	0.31%	0.49%	0.87%	0.86%	0.87%	0.13%	0.11%	0.16%
80-84	0.23%	0.19%	0.28%	0.20%	0.16%	0.26%	0.46%	0.41%	0.51%	0.09%	0.12%	0.06%
85+	0.12%	0.08%	0.16%	0.11%	0.07%	0.15%	0.23%	0.18%	0.29%	0.04%	0.02%	0.07%
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

SELECTED AGE GROUPS

5	1.73%	1.71%	1.76%	1.65%	1.61%	1.71%	1.97%	2.06%	1.89%	2.01%	1.99%	2.02%
6	1.68%	1.65%	1.71%	1.60%	1.57%	1.64%	1.89%	1.94%	1.84%	1.96%	1.87%	2.06%
7-9	4.91%	4.80%	5.03%	4.66%	4.56%	4.77%	5.48%	5.56%	5.40%	6.02%	5.62%	6.50%
10-13	6.63%	6.43%	6.85%	6.23%	6.04%	6.45%	7.76%	7.63%	7.82%	8.10%	7.76%	8.50%
14	1.72%	1.67%	1.77%	1.67%	1.64%	1.72%	2.08%	2.03%	2.13%	1.49%	1.41%	1.59%
15	1.60%	1.59%	1.62%	1.57%	1.55%	1.60%	2.00%	1.98%	2.03%	1.23%	1.30%	1.14%
16	1.54%	1.52%	1.58%	1.48%	1.46%	1.50%	2.02%	1.99%	2.05%	1.33%	1.28%	1.40%
17	1.56%	1.57%	1.56%	1.44%	1.44%	1.45%	2.26%	2.27%	2.24%	1.49%	1.54%	1.42%
18	1.59%	1.62%	1.55%	1.43%	1.46%	1.39%	2.40%	2.45%	2.34%	1.63%	1.72%	1.52%
19	1.66%	1.68%	1.63%	1.50%	1.52%	1.47%	2.41%	2.45%	2.36%	1.79%	1.79%	1.78%
20	1.69%	1.76%	1.61%	1.56%	1.61%	1.49%	2.36%	2.39%	2.33%	1.72%	2.02%	1.38%
21	1.73%	1.81%	1.65%	1.60%	1.67%	1.52%	2.31%	2.29%	2.33%	1.92%	2.19%	1.61%
22	1.63%	1.71%	1.53%	1.53%	1.60%	1.44%	2.02%	1.95%	2.08%	1.81%	2.18%	1.37%
23-24	3.89%	4.10%	3.65%	3.60%	3.76%	3.42%	3.93%	3.79%	4.08%	6.12%	7.20%	4.86%
16-64	68.37%	69.44%	67.14%	69.80%	70.98%	68.43%	60.52%	60.58%	60.46%	68.72%	69.81%	67.44%
65+	2.81%	2.55%	3.10%	2.60%	2.31%	2.95%	4.75%	4.59%	4.90%	1.52%	1.55%	1.48%

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.

TABLE II.4 ALASKA POPULATION PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: JULY 1, 1983.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	10.46%	10.13%	10.83%	10.08%	9.69%	10.54%	12.82%	12.97%	12.67%	9.84%	9.54%	10.19%
5-9	8.41%	8.20%	8.64%	7.98%	7.80%	8.18%	9.60%	9.69%	9.50%	10.11%	9.33%	11.02%
10-14	8.59%	8.37%	8.85%	8.21%	7.97%	8.49%	10.16%	10.08%	10.24%	9.31%	9.17%	9.49%
15-19	8.31%	8.34%	8.27%	7.67%	7.69%	7.65%	11.85%	12.04%	11.66%	8.01%	8.25%	7.73%
20-24	9.37%	9.81%	8.88%	8.73%	9.10%	8.30%	10.63%	10.35%	10.92%	12.75%	14.92%	10.23%
25-29	12.80%	12.70%	12.92%	12.97%	12.77%	13.21%	9.12%	9.24%	9.00%	17.21%	17.29%	17.11%
30-34	11.88%	11.85%	11.92%	12.54%	12.51%	12.57%	8.12%	8.26%	7.98%	12.36%	11.71%	13.12%
35-39	8.57%	8.78%	8.33%	9.26%	9.53%	8.94%	5.84%	5.71%	5.98%	7.13%	7.10%	7.16%
40-44	5.99%	6.25%	5.68%	6.47%	6.79%	6.11%	4.54%	4.56%	4.51%	4.23%	4.35%	4.10%
45-49	4.24%	4.35%	4.12%	4.49%	4.67%	4.28%	4.00%	3.96%	4.04%	2.53%	2.25%	2.86%
50-54	3.62%	3.67%	3.55%	3.79%	3.90%	3.66%	3.49%	3.40%	3.59%	2.39%	2.23%	2.57%
55-59	2.97%	3.03%	2.90%	3.11%	3.18%	3.04%	2.94%	3.03%	2.84%	1.81%	1.75%	1.88%
60-64	2.03%	2.00%	2.07%	2.18%	2.19%	2.17%	2.09%	2.02%	2.15%	0.69%	0.39%	1.04%
65-69	1.24%	1.18%	1.31%	1.18%	1.10%	1.28%	1.85%	1.89%	1.80%	0.74%	0.75%	0.73%
70-74	0.75%	0.71%	0.79%	0.64%	0.60%	0.69%	1.41%	1.35%	1.48%	0.58%	0.70%	0.45%
75-79	0.44%	0.37%	0.52%	0.39%	0.31%	0.48%	0.87%	0.86%	0.89%	0.19%	0.19%	0.19%
80-84	0.21%	0.17%	0.26%	0.19%	0.15%	0.24%	0.44%	0.40%	0.47%	0.06%	0.08%	0.04%
85+	0.13%	0.09%	0.17%	0.11%	0.07%	0.16%	0.24%	0.19%	0.30%	0.06%	0.03%	0.09%
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
SELECTED AGE GROUPS												
5	1.74%	1.71%	1.77%	1.66%	1.62%	1.70%	1.97%	2.01%	1.92%	2.03%	1.97%	2.11%
6	1.71%	1.66%	1.77%	1.64%	1.58%	1.70%	1.89%	1.95%	1.83%	2.02%	1.80%	2.28%
7-9	4.96%	4.84%	5.10%	4.68%	4.59%	4.79%	5.74%	5.73%	5.76%	6.05%	5.56%	6.63%
10-13	6.95%	6.75%	7.17%	6.59%	6.38%	6.83%	8.12%	8.06%	8.18%	8.07%	7.84%	8.33%
14	1.65%	1.63%	1.67%	1.62%	1.59%	1.66%	2.04%	2.02%	2.05%	1.25%	1.33%	1.15%
15	1.59%	1.56%	1.63%	1.53%	1.50%	1.56%	2.07%	2.05%	2.08%	1.39%	1.31%	1.48%
16	1.62%	1.61%	1.63%	1.50%	1.49%	1.51%	2.32%	2.34%	2.30%	1.53%	1.57%	1.49%
17	1.65%	1.68%	1.63%	1.49%	1.51%	1.48%	2.49%	2.56%	2.42%	1.64%	1.76%	1.50%
18	1.72%	1.72%	1.72%	1.56%	1.56%	1.55%	2.49%	2.55%	2.44%	1.80%	1.73%	1.89%
19	1.73%	1.78%	1.67%	1.60%	1.63%	1.55%	2.48%	2.53%	2.42%	1.64%	1.87%	1.37%
20	1.76%	1.82%	1.69%	1.62%	1.68%	1.55%	2.43%	2.41%	2.44%	1.84%	2.05%	1.58%
21	1.63%	1.71%	1.54%	1.53%	1.61%	1.45%	2.13%	2.07%	2.19%	1.65%	2.00%	1.23%
22	1.81%	1.93%	1.68%	1.63%	1.73%	1.52%	2.11%	2.03%	2.18%	2.82%	3.39%	2.14%
23-24	4.18%	4.36%	3.97%	3.94%	4.08%	3.79%	3.97%	3.84%	4.11%	6.46%	7.47%	5.27%
16-64	68.18%	69.21%	67.00%	69.69%	70.82%	68.38%	60.55%	60.52%	60.58%	67.71%	68.91%	66.31%
65+	2.77%	2.52%	3.05%	2.51%	2.22%	2.85%	4.81%	4.69%	4.93%	1.63%	1.74%	1.50%

Alaska Department of Labor, Research and Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.

TABLE II.4 ALASKA POPULATION PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: JULY 1, 1982.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	10.37%	10.10%	10.68%	9.99%	9.65%	10.38%	12.21%	12.44%	11.98%	10.54%	10.24%	10.89%
5-9	8.61%	8.36%	8.89%	8.13%	7.91%	8.39%	9.87%	9.92%	9.82%	10.73%	9.86%	11.74%
10-14	8.71%	8.49%	8.97%	8.38%	8.14%	8.65%	10.47%	10.40%	10.54%	8.68%	8.48%	8.91%
15-19	8.80%	8.84%	8.75%	8.07%	8.09%	8.04%	12.65%	12.89%	12.39%	8.61%	8.86%	8.33%
20-24	9.76%	10.18%	9.28%	9.15%	9.51%	8.73%	10.59%	10.30%	10.90%	13.88%	16.12%	11.26%
25-29	12.69%	12.48%	12.92%	12.93%	12.61%	13.29%	9.16%	9.27%	9.06%	16.84%	16.75%	16.95%
30-34	11.34%	11.38%	11.29%	12.01%	12.04%	11.97%	7.75%	7.84%	7.66%	11.62%	11.32%	11.96%
35-39	8.19%	8.40%	7.96%	8.92%	9.21%	8.60%	5.56%	5.40%	5.72%	6.18%	6.03%	6.36%
40-44	5.74%	5.99%	5.46%	6.18%	6.46%	5.84%	4.55%	4.58%	4.52%	3.89%	4.00%	3.76%
45-49	4.31%	4.41%	4.19%	4.55%	4.73%	4.34%	4.00%	3.92%	4.09%	2.62%	2.30%	2.99%
50-54	3.70%	3.80%	3.58%	3.90%	4.04%	3.73%	3.45%	3.43%	3.48%	2.29%	2.19%	2.41%
55-59	2.99%	3.03%	2.95%	3.16%	3.21%	3.11%	2.90%	2.99%	2.81%	1.56%	1.44%	1.70%
60-64	2.04%	2.02%	2.06%	2.15%	2.15%	2.14%	2.07%	1.99%	2.15%	0.95%	0.79%	1.14%
65-69	1.22%	1.18%	1.26%	1.14%	1.10%	1.18%	1.89%	1.91%	1.86%	0.76%	0.70%	0.84%
70-74	0.75%	0.69%	0.82%	0.66%	0.59%	0.74%	1.36%	1.31%	1.42%	0.52%	0.57%	0.45%
75-79	0.44%	0.38%	0.52%	0.39%	0.31%	0.48%	0.85%	0.82%	0.87%	0.23%	0.25%	0.20%
80-84	0.21%	0.18%	0.24%	0.18%	0.15%	0.22%	0.41%	0.39%	0.43%	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%
85+	0.13%	0.09%	0.18%	0.12%	0.08%	0.17%	0.25%	0.20%	0.31%	0.06%	0.05%	0.07%
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

SELECTED AGE GROUPS

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
5	1.77%	1.72%	1.84%	1.70%	1.64%	1.77%	1.96%	2.02%	1.90%	2.12%	1.91%	2.37%
6	1.73%	1.70%	1.77%	1.64%	1.60%	1.68%	2.03%	2.06%	2.00%	2.02%	1.95%	2.10%
7-9	5.11%	4.95%	5.29%	4.80%	4.66%	4.95%	5.88%	5.84%	5.92%	6.59%	6.00%	7.27%
10-13	7.08%	6.90%	7.28%	6.81%	6.61%	7.03%	8.38%	8.31%	8.45%	7.26%	7.15%	7.39%
14	1.64%	1.59%	1.69%	1.57%	1.53%	1.62%	2.09%	2.09%	2.09%	1.42%	1.33%	1.53%
15	1.67%	1.66%	1.69%	1.54%	1.52%	1.56%	2.37%	2.40%	2.33%	1.63%	1.64%	1.61%
16	1.72%	1.73%	1.70%	1.55%	1.56%	1.55%	2.56%	2.64%	2.48%	1.71%	1.81%	1.59%
17	1.80%	1.78%	1.82%	1.63%	1.62%	1.65%	2.59%	2.66%	2.52%	1.88%	1.77%	2.01%
18	1.81%	1.83%	1.78%	1.67%	1.69%	1.65%	2.57%	2.63%	2.51%	1.66%	1.80%	1.50%
19	1.81%	1.84%	1.77%	1.67%	1.71%	1.63%	2.55%	2.56%	2.54%	1.74%	1.84%	1.62%
20	1.64%	1.71%	1.57%	1.55%	1.62%	1.47%	2.23%	2.18%	2.29%	1.46%	1.75%	1.12%
21	1.82%	1.93%	1.69%	1.64%	1.74%	1.52%	2.23%	2.16%	2.29%	2.75%	3.34%	2.06%
22	1.99%	2.10%	1.86%	1.84%	1.93%	1.73%	2.10%	2.04%	2.17%	3.19%	3.76%	2.52%
23-24	4.31%	4.44%	4.16%	4.13%	4.23%	4.01%	4.03%	3.92%	4.15%	6.48%	7.27%	5.57%
16-64	67.88%	68.87%	66.76%	69.48%	70.55%	68.23%	60.32%	60.21%	60.44%	66.81%	68.16%	65.24%
65+	2.75%	2.52%	3.02%	2.48%	2.22%	2.78%	4.76%	4.64%	4.88%	1.62%	1.62%	1.61%

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.

TABLE II.4 ALASKA POPULATION PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY AGE, RACE, AND SEX: JULY 1, 1981.

AGE	TOTAL			WHITE			NATIVE			OTHER		
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
0-4	10.09%	9.80%	10.42%	9.67%	9.31%	10.08%	11.74%	12.01%	11.46%	10.95%	10.43%	11.55%
5-9	8.65%	8.39%	8.93%	8.13%	7.89%	8.42%	10.18%	10.17%	10.19%	10.72%	10.00%	11.46%
10-14	8.75%	8.52%	9.01%	8.33%	8.09%	8.60%	11.03%	11.01%	11.04%	8.40%	8.10%	8.74%
15-19	8.97%	9.03%	8.91%	8.24%	8.28%	8.19%	12.89%	13.08%	12.68%	8.44%	8.76%	8.07%
20-24	10.53%	10.86%	10.17%	9.96%	10.23%	9.65%	10.69%	10.45%	10.95%	15.99%	17.95%	13.71%
25-29	12.54%	12.33%	12.77%	12.91%	12.59%	13.29%	9.05%	9.11%	8.98%	15.78%	15.85%	15.69%
30-34	11.09%	11.23%	10.92%	11.79%	11.95%	11.60%	7.43%	7.45%	7.41%	11.36%	11.28%	11.45%
35-39	7.77%	7.95%	7.57%	8.50%	8.76%	8.21%	5.40%	5.24%	5.55%	5.15%	4.92%	5.42%
40-44	5.66%	5.89%	5.39%	6.02%	6.29%	5.70%	4.57%	4.62%	4.53%	4.20%	4.27%	4.13%
45-49	4.36%	4.46%	4.24%	4.60%	4.78%	4.40%	4.00%	3.93%	4.07%	2.60%	2.27%	2.98%
50-54	3.80%	3.92%	3.68%	4.01%	4.17%	3.81%	3.48%	3.45%	3.51%	2.43%	2.20%	2.69%
55-59	3.04%	3.09%	2.98%	3.23%	3.28%	3.18%	2.80%	2.91%	2.69%	1.57%	1.49%	1.66%
60-64	1.98%	1.97%	2.00%	2.07%	2.08%	2.05%	2.12%	2.01%	2.23%	0.86%	0.73%	1.01%
65-69	1.25%	1.22%	1.27%	1.16%	1.13%	1.20%	1.87%	1.91%	1.83%	0.83%	0.86%	0.79%
70-74	0.75%	0.69%	0.81%	0.68%	0.61%	0.76%	1.27%	1.23%	1.30%	0.40%	0.50%	0.28%
75-79	0.44%	0.38%	0.51%	0.39%	0.32%	0.47%	0.84%	0.80%	0.87%	0.20%	0.21%	0.19%
80-84	0.20%	0.17%	0.24%	0.18%	0.15%	0.22%	0.37%	0.36%	0.39%	0.08%	0.05%	0.11%
85+	0.14%	0.10%	0.19%	0.12%	0.08%	0.17%	0.28%	0.25%	0.31%	0.05%	0.04%	0.06%
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
SELECTED AGE GROUPS												
5	1.76%	1.72%	1.80%	1.66%	1.62%	1.71%	2.10%	2.13%	2.07%	2.06%	2.02%	2.11%
6	1.73%	1.70%	1.77%	1.63%	1.61%	1.66%	2.06%	2.05%	2.07%	2.08%	1.93%	2.24%
7-9	5.16%	4.97%	5.37%	4.84%	4.66%	5.05%	6.02%	5.99%	6.05%	6.58%	6.12%	7.11%
10-13	7.06%	6.86%	7.29%	6.78%	6.58%	7.01%	8.63%	8.56%	8.70%	6.74%	6.44%	7.10%
14	1.69%	1.67%	1.71%	1.55%	1.52%	1.59%	2.40%	2.45%	2.35%	1.65%	1.67%	1.64%
15	1.74%	1.75%	1.73%	1.56%	1.56%	1.57%	2.62%	2.71%	2.52%	1.78%	1.87%	1.67%
16	1.83%	1.81%	1.86%	1.66%	1.63%	1.69%	2.66%	2.73%	2.59%	1.94%	1.78%	2.13%
17	1.85%	1.86%	1.84%	1.71%	1.71%	1.71%	2.66%	2.72%	2.59%	1.67%	1.81%	1.51%
18	1.86%	1.87%	1.84%	1.72%	1.74%	1.70%	2.62%	2.63%	2.61%	1.73%	1.76%	1.70%
19	1.69%	1.73%	1.64%	1.59%	1.64%	1.54%	2.33%	2.29%	2.38%	1.33%	1.55%	1.07%
20	1.86%	1.97%	1.74%	1.68%	1.78%	1.56%	2.32%	2.25%	2.38%	2.78%	3.37%	2.10%
21	2.03%	2.14%	1.90%	1.87%	1.97%	1.76%	2.21%	2.15%	2.26%	3.24%	3.85%	2.54%
22	2.11%	2.20%	2.01%	2.00%	2.07%	1.91%	2.13%	2.06%	2.20%	3.19%	3.71%	2.59%
23-24	4.54%	4.55%	4.52%	4.41%	4.41%	4.41%	4.04%	3.98%	4.10%	6.77%	7.02%	6.47%
16-64	68.00%	68.97%	66.90%	69.77%	70.87%	68.51%	59.81%	59.55%	60.09%	66.60%	67.86%	65.13%
65+	2.78%	2.57%	3.02%	2.53%	2.28%	2.82%	4.63%	4.56%	4.70%	1.57%	1.67%	1.45%

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.

Methodology

The State of Alaska currently participates with the U.S. Census Bureau in the Federal State Cooperative for Local Population Estimates and strictly ascribes to U.S. Census Bureau definitions and standard demographic methodologies. Since the 1980 Census there has, however, been some disagreement between the U.S. Census Bureau and the Alaska Department of Labor and other Federal State Cooperative Participants over the methodology used to produce state estimates. Testing and discussions are still underway to try to resolve these differences.

While nearly all statistics presented in this publication represent estimates generated by the Alaska Department of Labor, some users are required by law to use U.S. Census Bureau statistics in preparing reports, grant proposals and other documents. For these users, Table II.5 and Figure II.6 show federal estimates compared to those of the Alaska Department of Labor. The following section discusses the differences between Census Bureau and Alaska Department of Labor methodology relative to the current round of estimates.

Census Bureau Methodology

State estimates as produced by the Census Bureau for the 1980's are currently developed by averaging the results of two methods: an Administrative Records Method and a Composite Method. The sum of the state estimates is controlled to a national estimate. This means that the sum of the states may not be larger than the national estimate.

The Administrative Records method is a component procedure for estimating the population under age 65. The estimate is developed by using 1) the 1980 census counts to calculate the persons under age 65 on the estimate date, 2) adding the births for the time period between the base year and the estimate year, 3) subtracting deaths occurring in this period to persons under age 65 on the date of estimation, 4) adding net migration derived from IRS tax return change of address, and 5) adding an estimate of immigration from abroad. The population over age 65 is estimated from medicare recipients. (IRS migration is discussed in greater detail in the article in Section V.3 of this report.)

The Composite method uses different techniques to independently estimate different age segments of the population. The different age groups are: 0-14, 15-64, and 65 and over.

In estimating the 0-14 age group the statistics on Alaska births and U.S. death rates by whites and nonwhites are used as well as elementary school enrollment statistics. The population 0-14 years of age for each estimate period was developed by components of change. The age cohorts 0-4 and 5-14 on the estimate date were derived using the 1980 census and birth statistics. To each age group was added an estimate of deaths and an estimate of net migration derived from the relationship of school enrollment to population at the time of the census and the current estimate. Then the assumption was made that at each age 0-4 and 5-14 age cohorts shared equally in the cumulative school-age migration.

In estimating the population in ages 15 to 64, a ratio correlation approach is used. The percent changes in the state distributions of three symptomatic variables from 1980 to the estimate year were used to estimate the percentage changes in each state's distribution of the household population 15-64 years of age from 1980 to the estimate year. The estimated state percent change in population was multiplied by Alaska's share of the 1980 U.S. population to yield a preliminary estimate of the Alaska population in the estimate year. The preliminary distribution of all states was then proportionately adjusted to an independent national estimate of the population in the estimate year.

The estimate of the change in a state's share of the national population from 1980 to the estimate year was calculated from a Linear Regression equation, relating the percent change in the distribution of population (the dependent variable) between 1970 (adjusted for undercount) and 1980, and the percent change in the distribution of three independent variables. These were 1) school enrollment 2) the number of federal income tax returns filed by persons under 65 years of age, and 3) an estimate of the number of housing units.

The population over 65 was estimated from the change in Medicare enrollees as it was in the Administrative Records Method.

Alaska Department of Labor State Estimates

In generating Alaska Department of Labor State estimates for 1983 and 1984, the independent results of the Census Bureau's

Administrative Records method was adopted pending further testing of State estimates methodology. There were only minor differences between the Bureau's Administrative records estimate and ours. First, the Alaska Department of Labor estimate uses more current birth data and actual Alaska deaths, rather than assuming national death rates. In addition, our estimate was computed on a single year rather than a two year basis. Most importantly, our estimates were not adjusted to a national total after each year. Our preliminary testing indicates that proportional raking of the estimate of the non-group quarters cohort of persons less than 65 for 1982 to the national estimate is primarily responsible for differences between the U.S. Census Bureau and Alaska's State Administrative Records estimates. Our State estimates are consistent with provisional 1984 U.S. Bureau of the Census Subcounty Estimates which are also computed by an Administrative Records technique.

In preliminary tests, the Census Bureau Composite estimate produces estimates which are completely unrealistic when compared with all other sources of information for Alaska. Thus, averaging this method with the Administrative Record method produces what we consider to be a serious bias in the U.S. Census Bureau's current estimate for Alaska.

While room does not allow a detailed discussion here, the main problem with the Composite method appears to lie in the regression equation indicators used to estimate the population 15-64 for Alaska.

The recently published federal revenue sharing July 1, 1984 estimates for Alaska is 508,062. This is lower than provisional unpublished subcounty estimates. The main difference between these estimates and ours and between provisional and published subcounty estimates is accounted for by the estimate for Anchorage of 226,663, compared with our estimate of 243,829. If Anchorage's challenge to the federal revenue sharing estimates is successful, as it was in 1982, this will raise the federal revenue sharing total for Alaska to approximately 525,000, which is almost the same as our current provisional Alaska total of 523,000 for July 1, 1984.

Figure II.6
Population Estimates for Alaska by Source
1970-1984

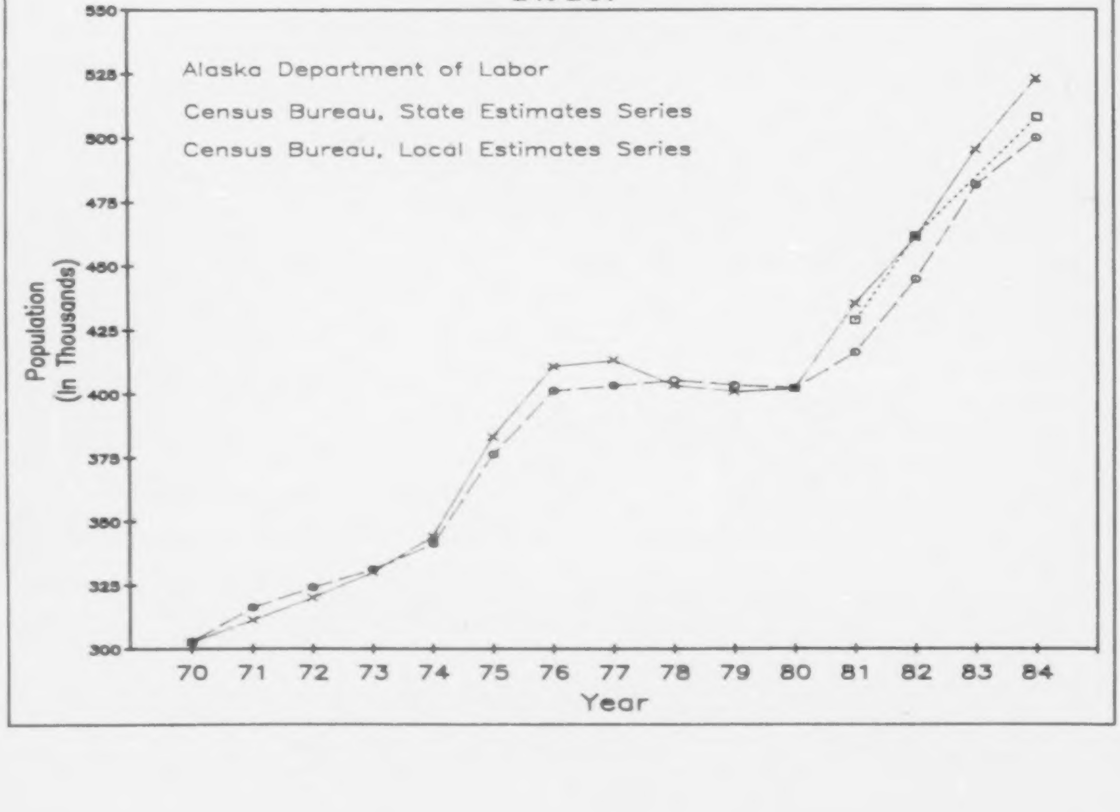

TABLE II.5 POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR ALASKA, BY SOURCE, 1970 TO 1984.

	CENSUS APRIL 1970	ESTIMATE JULY 1971	ESTIMATE JULY 1972	ESTIMATE JULY 1973	ESTIMATE JULY 1974	ESTIMATE JULY 1975	ESTIMATE JULY 1976	ESTIMATE JULY 1977	ESTIMATE JULY 1978	ESTIMATE JULY 1979	CENSUS APRIL 1980	ESTIMATE JULY 1981	ESTIMATE JULY 1982	ESTIMATE JULY 1983	ESTIMATE JULY 1984
STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR															
1. ALASKA POPULATION OVERVIEW 1981	302583	311200	320000	330000	344000	383100	410700	413100	403100	400600	401851	422187 PV			
2. ALASKA POPULATION OVERVIEW 1982												435200 R	460837 PV		
3. ALASKA POPULATION OVERVIEW 1983														510554 PV	
4. ALASKA POPULATION OVERVIEW 1984														495289 R	523040 PV
U.S. CENSUS BUREAU STATE & COUNTY ESTIMATES SERIES															
1. CENSUS BUREAU 1984 P-25, NO. 957	302583	316000	324000	331000	341000	376000	401000	403000	405000	403000	401851	415894 R	444481 R	479246 PV	
2. CENSUS BUREAU MARCH 1985 P-26, NO. 84-52-C MARCH '85														481369 U	499776 PV
U.S. CENSUS BUREAU LOCAL ESTIMATES SERIES															
1. CENSUS BUREAU SEPT. '84 P-26, NO. 82-2-SC													450252 PR		
2. CENSUS BUREAU OCT. 1984 P-26, NO. 82-2-C												420409 R	457224 R		
3. CENSUS BUREAU (FORTHCOMING) P-26, NO. 84-2-C													461346 R		500062 PV

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographics Unit, 1985.
PR = Preliminary; PV = Provisional; R = Revised.

III. Population Trends for Alaska Census Areas

Population Size and Growth

Alaska grew by 121,197 persons between April 1, 1980 and July 1, 1984, an increase of 30% in 4.25 years. The distribution and trend in Alaska boroughs and census areas for the period from 1970-80, 1980-83, and 1983-84 can be seen in Table III.1 and the borough and census area populations for 1970, 1980, and 1984 are shown in Figure III.1. Table III.2 shows the birth, death, and migration components of Alaska's 1984 population. In 1984, 243,829 persons or 46.6% of Alaska's population lived in the Municipality of Anchorage. The five largest census areas are: Anchorage, Fairbanks Northstar (64,186), Kenai Peninsula (38,285), Matanuska-Susitna (29,836), and Juneau (23,729). These contained 76.4% of Alaska's population in 1984. In 1980, these census areas made up only 72.4% of Alaska's population. The remainder of the state contained 123,183 persons in 1984.

Growth in the 1980's has been predominately in the urban and suburban areas of Alaska. These same five census areas contained ninety percent of the growth since the 1980 census: Anchorage (+69,398 or 39.8% increase), Kenai Peninsula Borough (+13,003 or 51.4% increase) and Matanuska-Susitna (+12,020 or 67.5% increase), Fairbanks North Star Borough (+10,203 or 18.9% increase), and the Juneau Borough (+4,201 or 21.5% increase). Growth has been somewhat slower, but still rapid by national standards in the balance of the State. The balance of the State grew by 12,372 or an 11.2% increase since 1980.

Military Population

The role of the military population in Alaska has always been significant to the state's population and population growth. Currently the military population of Alaska is relatively stable and because of the rapid increase in the civilian population since 1980 has declined as a proportion of the total population of the State.

In 1984, as shown in Table III.3, there were approximately 22,600 military personnel in Alaska, slightly higher than in 1980. The proportion of military continues to decline from 5.5% of the State's population in 1980 to 4.3% in 1984. Military dependents in 1984 made up another 26,800 persons, making the proportion of military and dependents in Alaska approximately 9.5% of the State's population. The census areas of Alaska with the largest number and proportion of military personnel and dependents are: Anchorage (25,826 or 10.6%), Fairbanks Northstar Borough (14,059 or 21.9%), Aleutian Islands (3,791 or 45.9%), Kodiak (2,420 or 19.5%), and Southeast Fairbanks (1,858 or 29.6%).

Methods

Census area population was computed by averaging of two techniques: Administrative Records and Regression. Boroughs conducting full censuses by the approved Housing Unit method override either of these techniques. The remaining boroughs and census areas are controlled to the State total population. This technique usually is sufficient. However, in some census areas there are enough local censuses by approved techniques so that the census area estimate would produce unreasonable results for the non-censused areas. Some census area estimates were adjusted within the controlled state total to produce reasonable local populations and rural balances.

This procedure is slightly different from that used by the U.S. Census Bureau to produce the current borough and census area estimates. The Census Bureau's estimates were computed by an average of two techniques: Regression and Component Method II. These Bureau estimates also include estimates for boroughs and census areas conducting a full census by the approved Housing Unit Method which overrides both techniques. The Census Bureau's borough and census area estimates are controlled to the Census Bureau's State estimate. Our borough and census area estimates are similarly controlled to our State estimate.

Both Alaska and the Census Bureau use the same regression equation in estimating the population for census areas, using changes in school enrollment and births to predict population change. In the Regression method, a multiple regression equation is used to relate changes in the distribution of a number of different data series to changes in the distribution of population among areas. For both the development of the regression equation and the computation of the population estimates, the data for all variables are transformed by calculating ratios of percentage shares in the later year to corresponding percentage shares in the earlier year. These transformations cause the resulting coefficients in the prediction equation to add approximately to 1.0. The series of data used in the Regression method for Alaska are a dummy variable for major cities (X1), medicare enrollees (X2), school enrollments in grades 1 through 8 (X3), a 3-year average of resident births (X4), and a dummy variable for areas less than 5,000 population (X5). The regression equation for Alaska is given by

$$Y = 0.207 + 0.055(X1) + 0.046(X2) + 0.408(X3) + 0.297(X4) - 0.032(X5)$$

The Alaska Department of Labor's Administrative Records method is essentially the same as the U.S. Census Bureau uses for other states. That is, to the base population minus group quarters is added the balance of births and deaths and an estimate of migration based on reported IRS migration. To this is added new group quarters to produce an initial estimate. This estimate was then adjusted based on borough and local censuses. The one additional step in Alaska's borough and census area estimates involved an additional adjustment of the borough and census area totals after initial place and rural balance estimates were produced. The totals for some census areas were adjusted upward because a reasonable set of place estimates could not be produced from the initial census area estimate. The borough and census area estimates were again adjusted to the state total to produce the final estimates.

Component Method II uses reported births and death statistics to measure net natural increase but relies on school enrollment to measure net migration. The estimates produced by Component Method II are specific to the population under 65 not residing in group quarters. To this population is added an estimate of the population 65 and over based on the change in Medicare enrollees from 1980 to the estimate date, the institutional and college populations, and the reported military populations living in barracks.

TABLE III.1 POPULATION CHANGE FOR BOROUGHS AND CENSUS AREAS 1970-80, 1980-83, 1983-84.

PLACE	PROVISIONAL JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES	CHANGE 1983-84	ANNUAL % CHANGE 1983-84	REVISED JULY 1 1983 ESTIMATES	CHANGE 1980-83	AVERAGE ANNUAL % CHANGE 1980-83	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION	CHANGE 1970-80	AVERAGE ANNUAL % CHANGE 1970-80	APRIL 1 1970 CENSUS POPULATION 1980 C.A.'S
THE STATE OF ALASKA	523048	27759	5.45	495289	93438	6.41	401851	99268	2.82	302583
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS C.A.	8255	207	2.54	8048	280	1.09	7768	-66	-0.08	7834
ANCHORAGE BOROUGH	243829	16583	7.04	227246	52815	8.09	174431	48046	3.19	126385
BETHEL C.A.	11446	206	1.82	11240	241	0.67	10999	2082	2.09	8917
BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH	1134	-33	-2.87	1167	73	1.99	1094	-53	-0.47	1147
DILLINGHAM C.A.	5171	99	1.93	5072	456	2.90	4616	724	1.70	3892
FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR BOROUGH	64186	1036	1.63	63150	9167	4.82	53983	8119	1.63	45864
HAINES BOROUGH	1839	20	1.09	1819	139	2.44	1680	279	1.81	1401
JUNEAU BOROUGH	23729	720	3.08	23009	3481	5.04	19528	5972	3.61	13556
KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH	38285	3148	8.58	35137	9855	10.04	25282	8696	4.15	16586
KETCHIKAN GATEWAY BOROUGH	12705	121	0.96	12584	1268	3.26	11316	1275	1.19	10041
KOBUK C.A.	5684	200	3.58	5484	653	3.90	4831	783	1.76	4048
KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH	12381	155	1.26	12226	2287	6.35	9939	530	0.55	9409
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH	29836	5102	18.70	24734	6918	10.01	17816	11307	9.30	6509
NOME C.A.	7888	307	3.97	7581	1044	4.55	6537	788	1.28	5749
NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH	5367	49	0.92	5318	1119	7.24	4199	748	1.96	3451
PRINCE OF WALES-OUTER KETCHIKAN C.A.	4652	14	0.30	4638	816	5.94	3822	40	0.11	3782
SITKA BOROUGH	7611	-54	-0.71	7665	-138	-0.55	7803	1730	2.49	6073
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON C.A.	3716	-75	-2.00	3791	313	2.65	3478	686	2.19	2792
SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS C.A.	6275	38	0.61	6237	561	2.90	5676	1368	2.74	4308
VALDEZ-CORDOVA C.A.	8730	-44	-0.50	8774	426	1.53	8348	3371	5.06	4977
WADE HAMPTON C.A.	5185	-18	-0.35	5203	538	3.36	4665	748	1.74	3917
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG C.A.	6625	-35	-0.53	6660	493	2.37	6167	1247	2.25	4920
YUKON-KOYUKUK C.A.	8519	12	0.14	8507	634	2.38	7873	828	1.11	7045

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.

TABLE III.2 COMPONENTS OF BOROUGH AND CENSUS AREA CHANGE. 1984.

PLACE	JULY1 1983 ESTIMATE	JULY1-JULY1-BIRTHS 83-84	JULY1-JULY1-DEATHS 83-84	RESIDUAL MIGRANTS 83-84	JULY1 1984 ESTIMATE	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
THE STATE OF ALASKA	495290	12446	1952	38252	523048	100.0
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS C.A.	8048	186	33	361	8255	1.6
ANCHORAGE BOROUGH	227246	5222	703	21102	243829	46.6
BETHEL C.A.	11240	414	80	540	11446	2.2
BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH	1167	20	3	-16	1134	0.2
DILLINGHAM CENSUS AREA	5072	158	23	235	5171	1.0
FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR BOROUGH	63150	1680	260	2456	64186	12.3
HAINES BOROUGH	1819	52	6	67	1839	0.4
JUNEAU BOROUGH	23009	587	106	1201	23729	4.5
KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH	35137	828	132	3845	38285	7.3
KETCHIKAN GATEWAY BOROUGH	12584	260	52	330	12705	2.4
KOBUK C.A.	5484	216	29	387	5684	1.1
KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH	12226	350	47	458	12381	2.4
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH	24734	784	146	5740	29836	5.7
NOME C.A.	7581	241	44	504	7888	1.5
NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH	5318	177	28	198	5367	1.0
PRINCE OF WALES-OUTER KETCHIKAN C.A.	4638	125	24	115	4652	0.9
SITKA BOROUGH	7665	163	38	71	7611	1.5
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON C.A.	3791	79	21	-17	3716	0.7
SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS C.A.	6237	144	21	161	6275	1.2
VALDEZ-CORDOVA C.A.	8774	208	56	108	8730	1.7
WADE HAMPTON C.A.	5203	212	25	169	5185	1.0
WRANGELL PETERSBURG C.A.	6660	146	34	77	6625	1.3
YUKON-KOYUKUK C.A.	8507	198	46	164	8519	1.6

Alaska Department of Labor. Research & Analysis. Demographic Unit. 1985.

TABLE III.3 POPULATION OF BOROUGHS AND CENSUS AREAS, BY CIVILIAN AND MILITARY STATUS, 1980, 1983, 1984.

BOROUGHS AND CENSUS AREAS	PROVISIONAL JULY 1,1984 ESTIMATES				REVISED JULY 1, 1983 ESTIMATES				APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION			
	TOTAL	CIVILIAN	MILITARY	% MILITARY	TOTAL	CIVILIAN	MILITARY	% MILITARY	TOTAL	CIVILIAN	MILITARY	% MILITARY
THE STATE OF ALASKA	523048	500469	22579	4.3	495289	473022	22267	4.5	401851	379848	22003	5.5
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS C.A.	8255	5948	2307	27.9	8048	5854	2194	27.3	7768	5585	2183	28.1
ANCHORAGE BOROUGH	243829	232925	10904	4.5	227246	216715	10531	4.6	174431	163517	10914	6.3
BETHEL C.A.	11446	11446	0	0.0	11240	11216	24	0.2	10999	10945	54	0.5
BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH	1134	861	273	24.1	1167	856	311	26.6	1094	751	343	31.4
DILLINGHAM C.A.	5171	5171	0	0.0	5072	5072	0	0.0	4616	4615	1	.0
FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR BOROUGH	64186	58159	6027	9.4	63150	57309	5841	9.2	53983	48824	5159	9.6
HAINES BOROUGH	1839	1839	0	0.0	1819	1819	0	0.0	1680	1680	0	0.0
JUNEAU BOROUGH	23729	23361	368	1.6	23009	22668	341	1.5	19528	19346	182	0.9
KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH	38285	38215	70	0.2	35137	35065	72	0.2	25282	25208	74	0.3
KETCHIKAN GATEWAY BOROUGH	12705	12542	163	1.3	12584	12402	182	1.4	11316	11103	213	1.9
KOBUK C.A.	5684	5684	0	0.0	5484	5472	12	0.2	4831	4786	45	0.9
KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH	12381	11460	921	7.4	12226	11129	1097	9.0	9939	9274	665	6.7
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH	29836	29836	0	0.0	24734	24734	0	0.0	17816	17759	57	0.3
NOME C.A.	7888	7859	29	0.4	7581	7542	39	0.5	6537	6494	43	0.7
NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH	5367	5367	0	0.0	5318	5305	13	0.2	4199	4042	157	3.7
PRINCE OF WALES-OUTER KETCHIKAN C.A.	4652	4652	0	0.0	4638	4638	0	0.0	3822	3822	0	0.0
SITKA BOROUGH	7611	7421	190	2.5	7665	7464	201	2.6	7803	7581	222	2.8
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON C.A.	3716	3716	0	0.0	3791	3791	0	0.0	3478	3473	5	0.1
SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS C.A.	6275	5491	784	12.5	6237	5422	815	13.1	5676	4808	868	15.3
VALDEZ-CORDOVA C.A.	8730	8636	94	1.1	8774	8684	90	1.0	8348	8186	162	1.9
WADE HAMPTON C.A.	5185	5185	0	0.0	5203	5194	9	0.2	4665	4629	36	0.8
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG C.A.	6625	6612	13	0.2	6660	6638	22	0.3	6167	6152	15	0.2
YUKON-KOYUKUK C.A.	8519	8083	436	5.1	8507	8034	473	5.6	7873	7268	605	7.7

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographics Unit, 1985.

IV. Population Estimates for Places 1983-1984

Introduction

This section contains revised place estimates for July 1, 1983 and provisional place estimates for July 1, 1984 for all incorporated places, census designated places (CDP's), and the rural balances of both census areas and census subareas. Place estimates are presented here in three forms: by census area, by rank order by size, and alphabetically. These are found in Tables IV.1, IV.2 and IV.3 respectively. While revised estimates for July 1, 1982 and 1981 are needed to produce a consistent series back to the 1980 census, resources did not allow their completion in time for inclusion in this volume of the Overview. A complete series is currently slated for development during the next year.

Characteristics of Places

Selected characteristics for Alaska's incorporated places, census designated places and rural balances are presented from the 1980 Census in Table IV.4. In addition to the total population, the population in group quarters is listed, the number of housing units in 1980, the vacancies and the persons per household. Other characteristics of the communities shown are the number and percentage of females in the community, the number and percentage of Native Americans in the community, and the number and percentage of families found in each community.

One generally thinks that there are fewer families in a frontier environment, but this is not the case for Alaska. Nationwide, 73.3% of all occupied housing units are occupied by families of two or more persons related by blood or marriage. In Alaska, that percentage was 72.7% in 1980. There are, however, a number of communities which tend to have a large proportion of single persons. These are often military or oil related installations that are composed entirely of men in barracks. Examples of this phenomenon in 1980 are found at Shemya Station in the Aleutians, and Deadhorse and Prudhoe Bay on the North Slope.

In 1980 , Alaska had at least 25 communities with less than 50% family composition. Half were completely group quarters. Most of the rest are small communities that specialize in logging, mining, or seasonal activity such as tourism. Another 26 places or rural balances had between 50-59% family composition. The largest community of this sort is Unalaska with some 600 persons in group quarters and only 51% of the occupied housing units occupied by families.

Predominantly Native communities differ significantly in characteristics from predominantly non-Native communities in Alaska. In 1980, there were 147 places which were 75% or more Native. On average, these communities were approximately 90.0% Native. The population of these places totaled 36,161 or 9.0% of Alaska's Population. Alaska Natives living in predominantly Native communities made up 50.9% of all Alaska Natives. In 1980, among these communities, there were only three with over 1,000 persons: Metlakatla (1,056, 85.6% Native), Kotzebue (2,054, 76.6%), and Barrow (2,267, 75.9%). Excluding these three larger communities, Alaska's predominantly Native communities averaged 214 people living in 50 Occupied Housing Units with 4.14 persons per Housing Unit. On average, each of these communities had 7.8 vacant housing units for a 12.7% vacancy rate. These communities were very family oriented with 92.2% of the households occupied by families and 46.1% of the population being female.

In contrast, the least Native areas of the State included 134 places and/or balances of census areas with less than 25% Native population. Thirty such places or rural balances were larger than 1,000 persons in 1980. These include: Kodiak Station CDP (0.6% Native), Eielson AFB CDP (0.7%), Adak Station CDP (0.8%), Fort Greely CDP (0.9%), North Tongass Highway CDP (2.4%), Homer (3.0%), Soldotna (3.1%), Balance of Kenai-Cook Inlet CSA (3.2%), Palmer (3.5%), Balance of Matanuska-Susitna Borough (3.7%), Nikiska (4.0%), Balance of Fairbanks North Star CSA (4.4%), Wasilla (4.7%), Anchorage (5.1%), Valdez (5.7%), Kenai (6.1%), Fairbanks (7.0%), Balance of Kodiak Is. CSA (9.5%), Balance of Southeast Fairbanks CSA (9.7%), College CDP (9.8%), Balance of Copper River CSA (12.7%), Petersburg (11.1%), Juneau (11.2%), Seward (12.9%), Kodiak (14.0%), Ketchikan (14.6%), Unalaska (15.1%), Cordova (15.2%), Wrangell (17.9%), and Sitka (21.4%).

If all places and areas with less than 25% Native population in 1980 were treated as a single place, it would have contained 350,080 persons or 97.0% of the States non-Native population. The Native population of this place would be 22,480 or 6.4% of the area total. The Native population would total 35.1% of all Alaska Natives. In contrast, only 3.0% of Alaska's non-Native population lives outside of this hypothetical place. This place contained 138,583 Housing Units, 14.7% of which were vacant. This place would also have 72.2% of its occupied housing units occupied by families and have an average of 2.83 persons per Occupied Housing Unit. The percent of the population which was female was 47.1%.

The remaining 46 places and rural balances contained 15,610 persons. These places contained between 25-74% Alaska Native. On average, 57.8% or 9,018 of those persons in these places were Alaska Natives. Approximately 14.1% of all Alaska Natives lived in these places. The only communities over 1,000 in this category were Dillingham (57% Native) and Nome (57%).

Methods

Local Census and Surveys

As with the Census Bureau estimates, place estimates are controlled to estimates for census areas and the State. In both the Census Bureau estimates and Alaska Department of Labor estimates there are conditions under which smaller area estimates may override census area estimates.

These conditions are met when a boroughwide census has been taken according to the requirements as set by the U.S. Census Bureau and the Demographic Unit of Research and Analysis, Department of Labor. These requirements are that the local census must follow the U.S. Census Bureau procedure for doing full enumerations or Housing Unit Method estimates. Research and Analysis provides training in the census methods and the census must be reviewed by the Alaska Department of Labor.

In addition, the U.S. Census Bureau and the Alaska Department of Labor generally accept full population rosters of small places as acceptable censuses when all households are listed along with the listing of all currently resident family members (See Chapter V.1). These household census lists are most likely to be acceptable if accompanied by a map showing each village Housing Unit by number with the residents of each household numbered.

Usually sample surveys or local estimates are not accepted by the Alaska Department of Labor. The Department may accept all or part of the information from such a survey, if it follows the Housing Unit Method for producing local population estimates and the estimate is corroborated by our independent estimates, or if the sample survey methodology has been reviewed by the U.S. Census Bureau for federal revenue sharing purposes and found to be acceptable. For example, we currently accept the results of the Anchorage sample survey because the sample methodology was reviewed and found acceptable by the Statistical Standards Division of the U.S. Census Bureau for 1982 federal revenue sharing purposes.

As part of our 1984 estimates, we accepted the State revenue sharing estimates for Fairbanks, Wrangell and Petersburg because their estimates fell acceptably close to our own independent estimates.

Where there were accepted local censuses during the 1980's, these served as a starting point for place estimation. In 1984, 65 (or 44.8%) of the 145 Alaska municipalities and the Kenai Borough conducted local censuses, had acceptable Housing Unit Estimates, or provided population rosters. Another additional 31 municipalities (or 21.4%) and Ketchikan Gateway Borough had such acceptable estimates in 1983. Kodiak Borough and 14 of the remaining municipalities (or 9.7%) had acceptable estimates in 1982. Of the remaining communities, 9 municipalities (or 6.2%) had acceptable estimates for 1981.

All tolled, 82% of the places in Alaska have taken a local censuses, done acceptable Housing Unit Estimates or provided population rosters at least once since the 1980 Census, and some communities have updated such estimates annually or biannually. In addition, five boroughs have conducted full censuses since 1980 and Anchorage has conducted an acceptable Housing Unit Survey each year. The largest incorporated places which were exceptions as of July of 1985 were: Juneau (23,729), Sitka (7,611), and Bethel (3,681).

If a community has had at least one such census, revised estimates for intervening years can be linearly interpolated from the known census. This technique was used for a number of communities in revising many 1983 estimates and will be used in revising numbers for 1984 next year.

The majority of place estimates were computed from change in school enrollment ratioed to either the 1980 census base or a more recent census. This was particularly useful for many incorporated places and CDP's which had their own school districts. In boroughs such as Kodiak, Kenai, Fairbanks North Star, and Matanuska-Susitna which had boroughwide school districts, these estimates were of limited value for estimating places. They still were of use in confirming overall census area growth. Of these areas, however, Kenai and Kodiak have had recent censuses, and Fairbanks, North Pole and Palmer had acceptable estimates for 1984. Only Houston and Wasilla had to be estimated by boroughwide proportional growth based on their respective 1983 and 1982 estimates.

There are a number of weaknesses in using education based ratio for some places. Communities which are composed primarily of single adults, such as logging camps or fish canneries, may have populations which change independently from the number of local families. Also, for places with very small numbers of children, the variation of one child produces too much variation in the estimate for this technique to be usable. All place estimates where the size or the age/sex composition of the place may have changed drastically since 1980, or where the numbers are extremely small, or where education statistics are incomplete or inaccurate, may have estimates of lower reliability based on education ratio's.

In virtually all cases, the estimate for the rural balance of a census area was not allowed to fall below that suggested by the education ratio.

Where there were no education statistics communities were assumed to grow by a constant proportions technique. This technique assumes that the place is proportionately sharing the growth being experienced by the census area as a whole. In the case where some communities were known and some unknown, the population remaining after the estimation of the known communities were proportionately distributed among the remaining communities.

Estimates for Census Designated Places

This is the first time that estimates of this detail have been attempted in *Alaska Population Overview*. Census designated places are unincorporated places generally of more than 25 persons in 1980. There are probably some places larger than 25 which were missed in 1980 and which are currently larger than some CDP's listed here.

In producing these estimates, we have a varying level of confidence in the estimates of the CDP's. Confidence ranges from a fairly low level of confidence in the estimates for the CDP's in Matanuska-Susitna to a fairly high level of confidence in the estimates for CDP's on Kenai where there was a recent borough wide census.

In general, we have allowed these places to proportionately share the growth of the rural balance of the census areas. Some CDP's for which school enrollment data were available were estimated by the change in the ratio of school enrollment to population from the 1980 Census to the estimate date. Since CDP's have no incorporated boundaries, the limits of the settled area are only approximate. The model is currently being improved through the expansion of our indicator data series, which should improve our ability to track the population of small rural places in future years.

Alaska has several large CDP's which are bigger than many of the incorporated cities in the state: Eielson AFB (7,837), College (4,765), and Adak Station (3,169) would meet the Census Bureau's definition of an Urban Place. Several others, such as Kodiak Station, North Tongass Highway (Ketchikan Gateway), Fort Greely, Bodenburg Butte (Mat-Su), Sterling (Kenai), Fritz Creek (Kenai), and Nikishka (Kenai), are estimated to have between 1,000 and 2,500 population. Such places are generally ripe for annexation or incorporation and most will probably not be CDP's by 1990.

Expansion and testing of population indicators and further testing of the model for place estimation is an ongoing process and should continue to result in improvements in our place estimates in the coming year.

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
THE STATE OF ALASKA	523048	495290	401851
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS CENSUS AREA	8255	8048	7768
ADAK STATION (CDP)	3169	3050	3315
AKUTAN CITY	185	177	169
ATKA (CDP)	80	77	93
ATTU (CDP)	29	24	29
COLD BAY (CDP) 1/	246	237	228
FALSE PASS (CDP)	76	58	70
KING COVE CITY	521	536 *	460
NELSON LAGOON (CDP)	64	49	59
NIKOLSKI (CDP)	54	41	50
ST. GEORGE (CDP) 2/	172	152	158
ST. PAUL CITY	541	528	551
SAND POINT CITY	870	889 *	625
SHEMYA STATION (CDP)	576	521	600
UNALASKA CITY	1630	1677	1322
BALANCE OF ALEUTIAN IS. C.A.	42	32	39
ANCHORAGE BOROUGH	243829	227246	174431
ANCHORAGE CITY	243829	227246	174431
BETHEL CENSUS AREA	11446	11240	10999
ANIAK CENSUS SUBAREA	1281	1291	1228
ANIAK CITY	476	458 *	341
CHUATHBALUK CITY	98	92	105
CROOKED CREEK (CDP)	75	89	108
LIME VILLAGE (CDP)	33	40	48
LOWER KALSKAG CITY	270	259 *	246
RED DEVIL (CDP)	27	32	39
SLEETMUTE (CDP)	74	89	107
SPARREVOHN STATION (CDP)	28	28	26
STONY RIVER (CDP)	43	51	62
UPPER KALSKAG CITY	145	139	129
BALANCE OF ANIAK C.S.A.	12	14	17
LOWER KUSKOKWIM CENSUS SUBAREA	10165	9949	9771
AKIACHAK CITY	378	378	438
AKIAK CITY	277	254 *	198

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
ATMAUTLUAK CITY	261	237 *	219
BETHEL CITY	3681	3442	3576
CAPE NEWENHAM (CDP)	15	15	43
CHEFORNAK CITY	268	266 *	230
EEK CITY	259	261 *	228
GOODNEWS BAY CITY	230	211 *	168
KASIGLUK CITY 3/	355	397 *	342
KIPNUK (CDP)	350	350	371
KONGIGANAK (CDP)	166	198	239
KWETHLUK CITY	509	503 *	454
KWIGILLINGOK (CDP)	246	293	354
MEKORYUK CITY	182	192 *	160
NAPAKIAK CITY	319	306 *	262
NAPASKIAK CITY	289	257 *	244
NEWTOK CITY (PT.)	187	170 *	131
NIGHTMUTE CITY	134	144 *	119
NUNAPITCHUK CITY 3/	296	258	299
OSCARVILLE (CDP)	39	46	56
PLATINUM CITY	64	59 *	55
QUINHAGAK CITY	424	474 *	412
TOKSOOK BAY CITY	365	365	333
TULUKSAK CITY	272	272 *	236
TUNTUTULIAK (CDP)	203	199	216
TUNUNAK CITY	333	327 *	298
BALANCE OF LOWER KUSKOKWIM C.S.A.	62	74	90
BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH	1134	1167	1094
KING SALMON (CDP)	434	494	545
NAKNEK (CDP)	405	390	318
SOUTH NAKNEK (CDP)	185	178	145
BALANCE OF BRISTOL BAY C.A.	110	105	86
DILLINGHAM CENSUS AREA	5171	5072	4616
ALEKNAGIK CITY	201	184	154
CHIGNIK (CDP) 4/	141	124 *	178
CHIGNIK LAGOON (CDP)	46	53	48
CHIGNIK LAKE (CDP)	153	153	138
CLARK'S POINT CITY	75	67	79
DILLINGHAM CITY	2004	1896 *	1563
EGEGIK (CDP)	72	83	75
EKWOK CITY	80	73	77
IGIUGIG (CDP)	32	37	33
ILIAMNA (CDP)	90	104	94
IVANOF BAY (CDP)	38	44	40
KOKHANOK (CDP)	80	92	83
KOLIGANEK (CDP)	112	130	117

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
LEVELOK (CDP)	76	88	79
MANOKOTAK CITY	302	301	294
NEW STUYAHOK CITY	246	262	331
NEWHALEN CITY	157	124 *	87
NONDALTON CITY	231	200 *	173
PEDRO BAY (CDP)	32	37	33
PERRYVILLE (CDP)	107	101	111
PILOT POINT (CDP)	63	73	66
PORT HEIDEN CITY	87	93	92
PORTAGE CREEK (CDP)	46	53	48
TOGIAK CITY	554	531	470
TWIN HILLS (CDP)	67	78	70
BALANCE OF DILLINGHAM C.A.	80	92	83
FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR BOROUGH 5/	64186	63150	53983
EIELSON RESERVATION CENSUS SUBAREA	7935	7276	5320
EIELSON AFB (CDP)	7837	7178	5232
BALANCE OF EIELSON RESERVATION C.S.A.	98	98	88
FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR CENSUS SUBAREA	56251	55874	48663
BIG HORN (CDP)	401	402	360
COLLEGE (CDP)	4498	4518	4043
ESTER (CDP)	166	167	149
FAIRBANKS CITY	27103	26629 *	22645
FOX (CDP)	137	137	123
HARDING LAKE (CDP)	42	42	38
MOOSE CREEK (CDP)	567	570	510
MURPHY DOME (CDP)	80	80	72
NORTH POLE CITY	1005	979	724
SALCHA (CDP)	355	356	319
TWO RIVERS (CDP)	399	401	359
BALANCE OF FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR C.S.A.	21497	21591	19321
HAINES BOROUGH	1839	1819	1680
HAINES CITY	1154	1116	993
BALANCE OF HAINES C.A.	685	703	687
JUNEAU BOROUGH	23729	23009	19528
JUNEAU CITY	23729	23009	19528
KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH	38285 **	35137	25282

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
KENAI-COOK INLET CENSUS SUBAREA	35016	32050	22473
ANCHOR POINT (CDP)	317	310	226
CLAM GULCH (CDP)	141	122	50
COOPER LANDING (CDP)	346	306	116
FRITZ CREEK (CDP)	1414	1218	302
HALIBUT COVE (CDP)	52	52	47
HOMER CITY	3373 **	3114	2209
HOPE (CDP)	195	166	103
JAKOLOF BAY (CDP)	84	87	36
KACHEMAK CITY 6/	320 **	302	403
KALIFONSKY (CDP)	295	258	92
KASILOF (CDP)	567	491	201
KENAI CITY	6072 **	5626	4324
MOOSE PASS (CDP)	143	226	76
NIKISHKA (CDP)	1009	919	1109
NINILCHIK (CDP)	427	403	341
SALAMATOF (CDP)	694	651	334
SELDOVIA CITY	435 **	578	479
SOLDOTNA CITY	3538 **	3258	2320
STERLING (CDP)	1530	1328	919
TYONEK (CDP)	302	335	239
BALANCE OF KENAI-COOK INLET C.S.A.	13761	12300	8547
SEWARD CENSUS SUBAREA	3269	3087	2809
ENGLISH BAY (CDP)	172	152	124
PORT GRAHAM (CDP)	174	160	161
PORTLOCK (CDP)	0	0	31
SEWARD CITY	2038 **	1925	1843
BALANCE OF SEWARD C.S.A.	885	851	650
KETCHIKAN GATEWAY BOROUGH	12705	12584 *	11316
CLOVER PASS (CDP)	561	552	451
HERRING COVE (CDP)	123	121	99
KETCHIKAN CITY	7633	7598 *	7198
KETCHIKAN EAST (CDP)	482	473	387
MOUNTAIN POINT (CDP)	493	484	396
NORTH TONGASS HIGHWAY (CDP)	2144	2106	1722
PENNOCK ISLAND (CDP)	112	110	90
SAXMAN CITY	285	284 *	273
SAXMAN EAST (CDP)	512	503	411
BALANCE OF KETCHIKAN C.A.	360	353	289

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
KOBUK CENSUS AREA	5684	5484	4831
AMBLER CITY	262	275 *	192
BUCKLAND CITY	249	218 *	177
DEERING CITY	150	165	150
KIANA CITY	402	364 *	345
KIVALINA CITY	294	269 *	241
KOBUK CITY	97	85 *	62
KOTZEBUE CITY	2345	2237	2054
NOATAK (CDP)	355	365	273
NOORVIK CITY	517	522	492
SELAWIK CITY 7/	635	599 *	535
SHUNGNAK CITY	238	241 *	202
BALANCE OF KOBUK C.A.	140	144	108
KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH	12381	12226	9939
KODIAK ISLAND CENSUS SUBAREA	9961	9880	8569
AKHIOK CITY	107	105	105
KARLUK (CDP)	90	92	96
KODIAK CITY	6069	5964	4756
LARSEN BAY CITY	214	196	168
OLD HARBOR CITY	405	378 *	340
OUZINKIE CITY	240	236	173
PORT LIONS CITY	301	296	215
BALANCE OF KODIAK ISLAND C.S.A.	2535	2614	2716
KODIAK STATION CENSUS SUBAREA	2420	2346	1370
KODIAK STATION (CDP)	2420	2346	1370
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH	29836	24734	17816
BIG LAKE (CDP)	684	556	410
BODENBURG BUTTE (CDP)	1649	1341	988
HOUSTON CITY	668	598 *	370
MONTANA (CDP)	67	54	40
PALMER CITY	2772	2657	2141
SUTTON (CDP)	304	247	182
TALKEETNA (CDP)	441	358	264
WASILLA CITY	3459	2828	1559
WILLOW (CDP)	232	189	139
BALANCE OF MATANUSKA-SUSITNA C.A.	19560	15906	11723

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
NOME CENSUS AREA	7888	7581	6537
BREVIG MISSION CITY	151	146	138
DIOMEDE CITY	153	139	139
ELIM CITY	248	198	211
GAMBELL CITY	498	484	445
GOLOVIN CITY	122	110	87
KOYUK CITY	211	206	188
NOME CITY 9/	3184	3102	2301
PERKINSVILLE (CDP)	25	23	33
PORT CLARENCE (CDP)	22	21	29
SAVOONGA CITY	470	438	491
SHAKTOOLIK CITY	186	178	164
SHISHMAREF CITY	493	446	394
ST. MICHAEL CITY	279	274	239
STEBBINS CITY	327	331	331
TELLER CITY	257	267	212
UNALAKLEET CITY	784	763	623
WALES CITY	136	131	133
WHITE MOUNTAIN CITY	150	144	125
BALANCE OF NOME C.A.	193	180	254
NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH	5367	5318	4199
BARROW-POINT HOPE CENSUS SUBAREA	4913	4874	4614
ANAKTUVUK PASS CITY	233	228 *	203
ATQASUK CITY 10/	214	231 *	107
BARROW CITY 11/	2943	2912	2267
CAPE LISBURNE (CDP)	36	35	36
NUIQSUT CITY	305	324 *	208
POINT HOPE CITY	582	570 *	464
POINT LAY (CDP)	67	66	68
WAINWRIGHT CITY	507	483 *	405
BALANCE OF BARROW-POINT HOPE C.S.A.	26	25	26
PRUDHOE BAY-KAKTOVIK CENSUS SUBAREA	454	444	415
DEADHORSE (CDP)	63	62	64
KAKTOVIK CITY	207	203 *	165
PRUDHOE BAY (CDP)	49	48	50
BALANCE OF PRUDHOE BAY-KAKTOVIK C.S.A.	135	131	136

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
PRINCE OF WALES-OUTER KETCHIKAN C.A.	4652	4638	3822
OUTER KETCHIKAN CENSUS SUBAREA	1374	1334	1333
ANNETTE (CDP)	143	139	139
HYDER (CDP)	79	77	77
METLAKATLA (CDP)	1089	1057	1056
MEYERS CHUCK (CDP)	52	50	50
BALANCE OF OUTER KETCHIKAN C.S.A.	11	11	11
PRINCE OF WALES CENSUS SUBAREA	3278	3304	2489
CAPE POLE (CDP)	30	29	29
COFFMAN COVE (CDP)	199	193	193
CRAIG CITY	881	936 *	527
HYDABURG CITY	371	415 *	298
KASAAN CITY	70	70	25
KLAWOCK CITY	532	527 *	318
NORTH WHALE PASS (CDP)	93	90	90
POINT BAKER (CDP)	93	90	90
THORNE BAY (CDP) 12/	392	354	320
BALANCE OF PRINCE OF WALES C.S.A.	617	600	599
SITKA BOROUGH	7611	7665	7803
SITKA CITY	7611	7665	7803
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON CENSUS AREA	3716	3791	3478
ANGOON CENSUS SUBAREA	705	704	712
ANGOON CITY	470	465	465
TENAKEE SPRINGS CITY	156	144 *	138
BALANCE OF ANGOON C.S.A.	79	95	109
HOONAH-YAKUTAT CENSUS SUBAREA	1978	2070	1817
ELFIN COVE (CDP)	20	20	28
GUSTAVUS (CDP)	218	185	98
HOONAH CITY	803	877 *	680
PELICAN CITY	206	213 *	180
YAKUTAT CITY	453	440	449
BALANCE OF HOONAH-YAKUTAT C.S.A.	278	335	382
KLUKWAN CENSUS SUBAREA	239	166	135
KLUKWAN (CDP)	239	166	135

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
SKAGWAY CENSUS SUBAREA	794	851	814
SKAGWAY CITY	761	811	768
BALANCE OF SKAGWAY C.S.A.	33	40	46
SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS CENSUS AREA	6275	6237	5676
BIG DELTA (CDP)	294	292	285
CHICKEN (CDP)	38	38	37
DOT LAKE (CDP)	69	69	67
DELTA JUNCTION CITY	1163	1121	945
EAGLE CITY	171	132	110
EAGLE VILLAGE (CDP)	56	55	54
FORT GREELY (CDP)	1832	1894	1635
HEALY LAKE (CDP)	34	34	33
NORTHWAY (CDP)	75	75	73
NORTHWAY VILLAGE (CDP)	116	115	112
TANACROSS (CDP)	148	148	117
TETLIN (CDP)	110	110	107
TOK (CDP)	608	604	589
BALANCE OF SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS C.A.	1561	1551	1512
VALDEZ-CORDOVA CENSUS AREA	8730	8774	8348
COPPER RIVER CENSUS SUBAREA	2296	2298	2721
CHISTOCHINA (CDP)	43	45	55
CHITINA (CDP)	33	34	42
COOPER CENTER (CDP)	219	173	213
GAKONA (CDP)	70	87	87
GLENNALLEN (CDP)	477	457	511
GULKANA (CDP)	82	85	104
LOWER TONSINA (CDP)	32	33	40
MENTASTA LAKE (CDP)	72	76	59
PAXSON (CDP)	24	24	30
SLANA (CDP)	39	40	49
TAZLINA (CDP)	24	25	31
TONSINA (CDP)	106	110	135
BALANCE OF COPPER RIVER C.S.A.	1075	1109	1365
CORDOVA CENSUS SUBAREA	2393	2460	2241
CORDOVA CITY	2108	2166	1879
EYAK (CDP)	37	38	47
BALANCE OF CORDOVA C.S.A.	248	256	315

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND CENSUS SUBAREA	4041	4016	3386
TATITLEK (CDP)	54	55	68
VALDEZ CITY	3687	3665	3079
WHITTIER CITY	268	263 *	198
BALANCE OF PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND C.S.A.	32	33	41
WADE HAMPTON CENSUS AREA	5185	5203	4665
ALAKANUK CITY	461	494	522
CHEVAK CITY	532	526 *	466
EMMONAK CITY	559	529	567
HOOPER BAY CITY	678	666	627
KOTLIK CITY	412	408 *	293
MARSHALL CITY (FORTUNA LEDGE)	281	276 *	262
MOUNTAIN VILLAGE CITY	610	667 *	583
NEWTOK CITY (PT.)	0	0	0
PILOT STATION CITY	372	404 *	325
PITKAS POINT (CDP)	67	90	88
RUSSIAN MISSION CITY	195	188	169
SCAMMON BAY CITY	296	286	250
SHELDON POINT CITY	135	100	103
ST. MARY'S CITY 13/	566	541 *	382
BALANCE OF WADE HAMPTON C.A.	21	29	28
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG CENSUS AREA	6625	6660	6167
PETERSBURG CENSUS SUBAREA	4126	4085	3804
KAKE CITY	574	574	555
KUPREANOF CITY	51	50 *	47
PETERSBURG CITY	3137	3013	2821
PORT ALEXANDER CITY	162	96	86
BALANCE OF PETERSBURG C.S.A.	203	353	295
WRANGELL CENSUS SUBAREA	2499	2575	2363
WRANGELL CITY	2376	2361	2184
BALANCE OF WRANGELL C.S.A.	123	214	179
YUKON-KOYUKUK CENSUS AREA	8519	8507	7873

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
KOYUKUK-MIDDLE YUKON CENSUS SUBAREA	5809	5767	5323
ALLAKAKET CITY	175	175 *	163
ANDERSON CITY	468	496	517
CAMPION STATION (CDP)	61	61	62
CANTWELL (CDP)	87	88	89
DUNBAR (CDP)	49	50	50
EVANSVILLE (CDP)	92	93	94
GALENA CITY	894	867 *	765
HEALY (CDP)	327	331	334
HUGHES CITY	97	91	73
HUSLIA CITY	283	236	188
INDIAN MOUNTAIN (CDP)	26	27	27
KALTAG CITY	262	256 *	247
KOYUKUK CITY	98	98	98
MCKINLEY PARK (CDP)	59	60	60
MANLEY HOT SPRINGS (CDP)	99	99	61
MINTO (CDP)	153	168	153
NENANA CITY	544	580 *	470
NULATO CITY	388	382 *	350
RAMPART (CDP)	49	50	50
RUBY CITY	283	233 *	197
STEVENS VILLAGE (CDP)	94	95	96
SUNTRANA (CDP)	55	56	56
TANANA CITY	444	447 *	388
USIBELLI MINE (CDP)	52	53	53
BALANCE OF KOYUKUK-MIDDLE YUKON C.S.A.	669	676	682

TABLE IV.1 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
MCGRATH-HOLY CROSS CENSUS SUBAREA	1447	1491	1343
ANVIK CITY	82	95	114
GRAYLING CITY	220	217	209
HOLY CROSS CITY	191	206	241
MCGRATH CITY	499	517 *	355
NIKOLAI CITY	109	114	91
SHAGELUK CITY	148	141 *	131
TAKOTNA (CDP)	47	48	48
TATALINA STATION (CDP)	45	46	46
TELIDA (CDP)	32	33	33
BALANCE OF MCGRATH-HOLY CROSS C.S.A.	74	74	75
YUKON FLATS CENSUS SUBAREA	1262	1249	1207
ARCTIC VILLAGE (CDP)	109	110	111
BEAVER (CDP)	65	65	66
BIRCH CREEK (CDP)	31	32	32
CENTRAL (CDP)	35	36	36
CHALKYITSIK (CDP)	98	99	100
CIRCLE (CDP)	101	108	81
FORT YUKON CITY	665	638 *	619
VENETIE (CDP)	129	131	132
BALANCE OF YUKON FLATS C.S.A.	29	30	30

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See Footnotes at the end of Table IV.3.

TABLE IV.2 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES BY SIZE, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
THE STATE OF ALASKA	523048	495290	401851
BOROUGHS AND CENSUS AREAS			
ANCHORAGE BOROUGH	243829	227246	174431
FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR BOROUGH 5/	64186	63150	53983
KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH	38285 **	35137	25282
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH	29836	24734	17816
JUNEAU BOROUGH	23729	23009	19528
KETCHIKAN GATEWAY BOROUGH	12705	12584 *	11316
KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH	12381	12226	9939
BETHEL CENSUS AREA	11446	11240	10999
VALDEZ-CORDOVA CENSUS AREA	8730	8774	8348
YUKON-KOYUKUK CENSUS AREA	8519	8507	7873
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS CENSUS AREA	8255	8048	7768
NOME CENSUS AREA	7888	7581	6537
SITKA BOROUGH	7611	7665	7803
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG CENSUS AREA	6625	6660	6167
SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS CENSUS AREA	6275	6237	5676
KOBUK CENSUS AREA	5684	5484	4831
NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH	5367	5318	4199
WADE HAMPTON CENSUS AREA	5185	5203	4665
DILLINGHAM CENSUS AREA	5171	5072	4616
PRINCE OF WALES-OUTER KETCHIKAN C.A.	4652	4638	3822
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON CENSUS AREA	3716	3791	3478
HAINES BOROUGH	1839	1819	1680
BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH	1134	1167	1094
PLACES			
ANCHORAGE CITY	243829	227246	174431
FAIRBANKS CITY	27103	26629 *	22645
JUNEAU CITY	23729	23009	19528
EIELSON AFB (CDP)	7837	7178	5232
KETCHIKAN CITY	7633	7598 *	7198
SITKA CITY	7611	7665	7803
KENAI CITY	6072 **	5626	4324
KODIAK CITY	6069	5964	4756
COLLEGE (CDP)	4498	4518	4043
VALDEZ CITY	3687	3665	3079
BETHEL CITY	3681	3442	3576
SOLDOTNA CITY	3538 **	3258	2320
WASILLA CITY	3459	2828	1559
HOMER CITY	3373 **	3114	2209
NOME CITY 9/	3184	3102	2301

TABLE IV.2 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES BY SIZE, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
ADAK STATION (CDP)	3169	3050	3315
PETERSBURG CITY	3137	3013	2821
BARROW CITY 11/	2943	2912	2267
PALMER CITY	2772	2657	2141
KODIAK STATION (CDP)	2420	2346	1370
WRANGELL CITY	2376	2361	2184
KOTZEBUE CITY	2345	2237	2054
NORTH TONGASS HIGHWAY (CDP)	2144	2106	1722
CORDOVA CITY	2108	2166	1879
SEWARD CITY	2038 **	1925	1843
DILLINGHAM CITY	2004	1896 *	1563
FORT GREELY (CDP)	1832	1894	1635
BODENBURG BUTTE (CDP)	1649	1341	988
UNALASKA CITY	1630	1677	1322
STERLING (CDP)	1530	1328	919
FRITZ CREEK (CDP)	1414	1218	302
DELTA JUNCTION CITY	1163	1121	945
HAINES CITY	1154	1116	993
METLAKATLA (CDP)	1089	1057	1056
NIKISHKA (CDP)	1009	919	1109
NORTH POLE CITY	1005	979	724
GALENA CITY	894	867 *	765
CRAIG CITY	881	936 *	527
SAND POINT CITY	870	889 *	625
HOONAH CITY	803	877 *	680
UNALAKLEET CITY	784	763	623
SKAGWAY CITY	761	811	768
SALAMATOF (CDP)	694	651	334
BIG LAKE (CDP)	684	556	410
HOOPER BAY CITY	678	666	627
HOUSTON CITY	668	598 *	370
FORT YUKON CITY	665	636 *	619
SELAWIK CITY 7/	635	599 *	535
MOUNTAIN VILLAGE CITY	610	667 *	583
TOK (CDP)	608	604	589
POINT HOPE CITY	582	570 *	464
SHEMYA STATION (CDP)	576	521	600
KAKE CITY	574	574	555
MOOSE CREEK (CDP)	567	570	510
KASILOF (CDP)	567	491	201
ST. MARY'S CITY 13/	566	541 *	382
CLOVER PASS (CDP)	561	552	451
EMMONAK CITY	559	529	567
TOGIAK CITY	554	531	470
NENANA CITY	544	580 *	470
ST. PAUL CITY	541	528	551
CHEVAK CITY	532	526 *	466
KLAWOCK CITY	532	527 *	318
KING COVE CITY	521	536 *	460
NOORVIK CITY	517	522	492

TABLE IV.2 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES BY SIZE, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
SAXMAN EAST (CDP)	512	503	411
KWETHLUK CITY	509	503 *	454
WAINWRIGHT CITY	507	483 *	405
MCGRATH CITY	499	517 *	355
GAMBELL CITY	490	484	445
MOUNTAIN POINT (CDP)	493	484	396
SHISHMAREF CITY	493	446	394
KETCHIKAN EAST (CDP)	482	473	387
GLENNALLEN (CDP)	477	457	511
ANIAK CITY	476	458 *	341
ANGOON CITY	470	465	465
SAVOONGA CITY	470	438	491
ANDERSON CITY	468	496	517
ALAKANUK CITY	461	494	522
YAKUTAT CITY	453	440	449
TANANA CITY	444	447 *	388
TALKEETNA (CDP)	441	358	264
SELDOVIA CITY	435 **	578	479
KING SALMON (CDP)	434	494	545
NINILCHIK (CDP)	427	403	341
QUINHAGAK CITY	424	474 *	412
KOTLIK CITY	412	408 *	293
NAKNEK (CDP)	405	390	318
OLD HARBOR CITY	405	378 *	340
KIANA CITY	402	364 *	345
BIG HORN (CDP)	401	402	360
TWO RIVERS (CDP)	399	401	359
THORNE BAY (CDP) 12/	392	354	320
NULATO CITY	388	382 *	350
AKIACHAK CITY	378	378	438
PILOT STATION CITY	372	404 *	325
HYDABURG CITY	371	415 *	298
TOKSOOK BAY CITY	365	365	333
NOATAK (CDP)	355	365	273
KASIGLUK CITY 3/	355	397 *	342
SALCHA (CDP)	355	356	319
KIPNUK (CDP)	350	350	371
COOPER LANDING (CDP)	346	306	116
TUNUNAK CITY	333	327 *	298
HEALY (CDP)	327	331	334
STEBBINS CITY	327	331	331
KACHEMAK CITY 6/	320 **	302	403
NAPAKIAK CITY	319	306 *	262
ANCHOR POINT (CDP)	317	310	226
NUIQSUT CITY	305	324 *	208
SUTTON (CDP)	304	247	182
TYONEK (CDP)	302	335	239
MANOKOTAK CITY	302	301	294
PORT LIONS CITY	301	296	215
SCAMMON BAY CITY	296	286	250
NUNAPITCHUK CITY 3/	296	258	299

TABLE IV.2 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES BY SIZE, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
KALIFONSKY (CDP)	295	258	92
KIVALINA CITY	294	269 *	241
BIG DELTA (CDP)	294	292	285
NAPASKIAK CITY	289	257 *	244
SAXMAN CITY	285	284 *	273
RUBY CITY	283	233 *	197
HUSLIA CITY	283	236	188
MARSHALL CITY (FORTUNA LEDGE)	281	276 *	262
ST. MICHAEL CITY	279	274	239
AKIAK CITY	277	254 *	198
TULUKSAK CITY	272	272 *	236
LOWER KALSKAG CITY	270	259 *	246
CHEFORNAK CITY	268	266 *	230
WHITTIER CITY	268	263 *	198
KALTAG CITY	262	256 *	247
AMBLER CITY	262	275 *	192
ATMAUTLUAK CITY	261	237 *	219
EEK CITY	259	261 *	228
TELLER CITY	257	267	212
BUCKLAND CITY	249	218 *	177
ELIM CITY	248	198	211
KWIGILLINGOK (CDP)	246	293	354
COLD BAY (CDP) 1/	246	237	228
NEW STUYAHOK CITY	246	262	331
OUZINKIE CITY	240	236	173
KLUKWAN (CDP)	239	166	135
SHUNGNAK CITY	238	241 *	202
ANAKTUVUK PASS CITY	233	228 *	203
WILLOW (CDP)	232	189	139
NONDALTON CITY	231	200 *	173
GOODNEWS BAY CITY	230	211 *	168
GRAYLING CITY	220	217	209
COOPER CENTER (CDP)	219	173	213
GUSTAVUS (CDP)	218	185	98
LARSEN BAY CITY	214	196	168
ATQASUK CITY 10/	214	231 *	107
KOYUK CITY	211	206	188
KAKTOVIK CITY	207	203 *	165
PELICAN CITY	206	213 *	180
TUNTUTULIAK (CDP)	203	199	216
ALEKNAGIK CITY	201	184	154
COFFMAN COVE (CDP)	199	193	193
HOPE (CDP)	195	166	103
RUSSIAN MISSION CITY	195	188	169
HOLY CROSS CITY	191	206	241
NEWTOK CITY (PT.)	187	170 *	131
SHAKTOOLIK CITY	186	178	164
SOUTH NAKNEK (CDP)	185	178	145
AKUTAN CITY	185	177	169
MEKORYUK CITY	182	192 *	160

TABLE IV.2 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES BY SIZE, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
ALLAKAKET CITY	175	175 *	163
PORT GRAHAM (CDP)	174	160	161
ENGLISH BAY (CDP)	172	152	124
ST. GEORGE (CDP) 2/	172	152	158
EAGLE CITY	171	132	110
KONGIGANAK (CDP)	166	198	239
ESTER (CDP)	166	167	149
PORT ALEXANDER CITY	162	96	86
NEWHALEN CITY	157	124 *	87
TENAKEE SPRINGS CITY	156	144 *	138
MINTO (CDP)	153	168	153
DIOMEDE CITY	153	139	139
CHIGNIK LAKE (CDP)	153	153	138
BREVIG MISSION CITY	151	146	138
DEERING CITY	150	165	150
WHITE MOUNTAIN CITY	150	144	125
SHAGELUK CITY	148	141 *	131
TANACROSS (CDP)	148	148	117
UPPER KALSKAG CITY	145	139	129
ANNETTE (CDP)	143	139	139
MOOSE PASS (CDP)	143	226	76
CLAM GULCH (CDP)	141	122	50
CHIGNIK (CDP) 4/	141	124 *	178
FOX (CDP)	137	137	123
WALES CITY	136	131	133
SHELDON POINT CITY	135	100	103
NIGHTMUTE CITY	134	144 *	119
VENETIE (CDP)	129	131	132
HERRING COVE (CDP)	123	121	99
GOLOVIN CITY	122	110	87
NORTHWAY VILLAGE (CDP)	116	115	112
PENNOCK ISLAND (CDP)	112	110	90
KOLIGANEK (CDP)	112	130	117
TETLIN (CDP)	110	110	107
ARCTIC VILLAGE (CDP)	109	110	111
NIKOLAI CITY	109	114	91
AKHIOK CITY	107	105	105
PERRYVILLE (CDP)	107	101	111
TONSINA (CDP)	106	110	135
CIRCLE (CDP)	101	108	81
MANLEY HOT SPRINGS (CDP)	99	99	61
KOYUKUK CITY	98	98	98
CHALKYITSIK (CDP)	98	99	100
CHUATHBALUK CITY	98	92	105
HUGHES CITY	97	91	73
KOBUK CITY	97	85 *	62
STEVENS VILLAGE (CDP)	94	95	96
POINT BAKER (CDP)	93	90	90
NORTH WHALE PASS (CDP)	93	90	90
EVANSVILLE (CDP)	92	93	94

TABLE IV.2 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES BY SIZE, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
KARLUK (CDP)	90	92	96
ILIAMNA (CDP)	90	104	94
CANTWELL (CDP)	87	88	89
PORT HEIDEN CITY	87	93	92
JAKOLOF BAY (CDP)	84	87	36
ANVIK CITY	82	95	114
GULKANA (CDP)	82	85	104
MURPHY DOME (CDP)	80	80	72
ATKA (CDP)	80	77	93
EKWOK CITY	80	73	77
KOKHANOK (CDP)	80	92	83
HYDER (CDP)	79	77	77
FALSE PASS (CDP)	76	58	70
LEVELOK (CDP)	76	88	79
CROOKED CREEK (CDP)	75	89	108
NORTHWAY (CDP)	75	75	73
CLARK'S POINT CITY	75	67	79
SLEETMUTE (CDP)	74	89	107
MENTASTA LAKE (CDP)	72	76	59
EGEGIK (CDP)	72	83	75
KASAAN CITY	70	70	25
GAKONA (CDP)	70	87	87
DOT LAKE (CDP)	69	69	67
POINT LAY (CDP)	67	66	68
MONTANA (CDP)	67	54	40
TWIN HILLS (CDP)	67	78	70
PITKAS POINT (CDP)	67	90	88
BEAVER (CDP)	65	65	66
PLATINUM CITY	64	59 *	55
NELSON LAGOON (CDP)	64	49	59
DEADHORSE (CDP)	63	62	64
PILOT POINT (CDP)	63	73	66
CAMPION STATION (CDP)	61	61	62
MCKINLEY PARK (CDP)	59	60	60
EAGLE VILLAGE (CDP)	56	55	54
SUNTRANA (CDP)	55	56	56
TATITLEK (CDP)	54	55	68
NIKOLSKI (CDP)	54	41	50
MEYERS CHUCK (CDP)	52	50	50
USIBELLI MINE (CDP)	52	53	53
HALIBUT COVE (CDP)	52	52	47
KUPREANOF CITY	51	50 *	47
RAMPART (CDP)	49	50	50
DUNBAR (CDP)	49	50	50
PRUDHOE BAY (CDP)	49	48	50
TAKOTNA (CDP)	47	48	48
PORTAGE CREEK (CDP)	46	53	48
CHIGNIK LAGOON (CDP)	46	53	48
TATALINA STATION (CDP)	45	46	46
CHISTOCHINA (CDP)	43	45	55
STONY RIVER (CDP)	43	51	62

TABLE IV.2 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR BOROUGHS AND PLACES BY SIZE, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
HARDING LAKE (CDP)	42	42	38
OSCARVILLE (CDP)	39	46	56
SLANA (CDP)	39	40	49
CHICKEN (CDP)	38	38	37
IVANOF BAY (CDP)	38	44	40
EYAK (CDP)	37	38	47
CAPE LISBURNE (CDP)	36	35	36
CENTRAL (CDP)	35	36	36
HEALY LAKE (CDP)	34	34	33
LIME VILLAGE (CDP)	33	40	48
CHITINA (CDP)	33	34	42
TELIDA (CDP)	32	33	33
LOWER TONSINA (CDP)	32	33	40
IGIUGIG (CDP)	32	37	33
PEDRO BAY (CDP)	32	37	33
BIRCH CREEK (CDP)	31	32	32
CAPE POLE (CDP)	30	29	29
ATTU (CDP)	29	24	29
SPARREVOHN STATION (CDP)	28	28	26
RED DEVIL (CDP)	27	32	39
INDIAN MOUNTAIN (CDP)	26	27	27
PERKINSVILLE (CDP)	25	23	33
PAXSON (CDP)	24	24	30
TAZLINA (CDP)	24	25	31
PORT CLARENCE (CDP)	22	21	29
ELFIN COVE (CDP)	20	20	28
CAPE NEWENHAM (CDP)	15	15	43
NEWTOK CITY (PT.)	0	0	0
PORTLOCK (CDP)	0	0	31

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See Footnotes at the end of Table IV.3.

TABLE IV.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR PLACES BY PLACE NAME, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
THE STATE OF ALASKA	523,048	495,290	401851
ADAK STATION (CDP)	3169	3050	3315
AKHIOK CITY	107	105	105
AKIACHAK CITY	378	378	438
AKIAK CITY	277	254 *	198
AKUTAN CITY	185	177	169
ALAKANUK CITY	461	494	522
ALEKNAGIK CITY	201	184	154
ALLAKAKET CITY	175	175 *	163
AMBLER CITY	262	275 *	192
ANAKTUVUK PASS CITY	233	228 *	203
ANCHOR POINT (CDP)	317	310	226
ANCHORAGE CITY	243829	227246	174431
ANDERSON CITY	468	496	517
ANGOON CITY	470	465	465
ANIAK CITY	476	458 *	341
ANNETTE (CDP)	143	139	139
ANVIK CITY	82	95	114
ARCTIC VILLAGE (CDP)	109	110	111
ATKA (CDP)	80	77	93
ATMAUTLUAK CITY	261	237 *	219
ATQASUK CITY 10/	214	231 *	107
ATTU (CDP)	29	24	29
BARROW CITY 11/	2943	2912	2267
BEAVER (CDP)	65	65	66
BETHEL CITY	3681	3442	3576
BIG DELTA (CDP)	294	292	285
BIG HORN (CDP)	401	402	360
BIG LAKE (CDP)	684	556	410
BIRCH CREEK (CDP)	31	32	32
BODENBURG BUTTE (CDP)	1649	1341	988
BREVIG MISSION CITY	151	146	138
BUCKLAND CITY	249	218 *	177
CAMPION STATION (CDP)	61	61	62
CANTWELL (CDP)	87	88	89
CAPE LISBURNE (CDP)	36	35	36
CAPE NEWENHAM (CDP)	15	15	43
CAPE POLE (CDP)	30	29	29
CENTRAL (CDP)	35	36	36
CHALKYITSIK (CDP)	98	99	100
CHEFORNAK CITY	268	266 *	230
CHEVAK CITY	532	526 *	466
CHICKEN (CDP)	38	38	37
CHIGNIK (CDP) 4/	141	124 *	178
CHIGNIK LAGOON (CDP)	46	53	48

TABLE IV.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR PLACES BY PLACE NAME, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
CHIGNIK LAKE (CDP)	153	153	138
CHISTOCHINA (CDP)	43	45	55
CHITINA (CDP)	33	34	42
CHUATHBALUK CITY	98	92	105
CIRCLE (CDP)	101	100	81
CLAM GULCH (CDP)	141	122	50
CLARK'S POINT CITY	75	67	79
CLOVER PASS (CDP)	561	552	451
COFFMAN COVE (CDP)	199	193	193
COLD BAY (CDP) 1/	246	237	228
COLLEGE (CDP)	4498	4518	4043
COOPER CENTER (CDP)	219	173	213
COOPER LANDING (CDP)	346	306	116
CORDOVA CITY	2108	2166	1879
CRAIG CITY	881	936 *	527
CROOKED CREEK (CDP)	75	89	108
DEADHORSE (CDP)	63	62	64
DEERING CITY	150	165	150
DELTA JUNCTION CITY	1163	1121	945
DILLINGHAM CITY	2004	1896 *	1563
DIOMEDE CITY	153	139	139
DOT LAKE (CDP)	69	69	67
DUNBAR (CDP)	49	50	50
EAGLE CITY	171	132	110
EAGLE VILLAGE (CDP)	56	55	54
EEK CITY	259	261 *	228
EGEGIK (CDP)	72	83	75
EIELSON AFB (CDP)	7837	7178	5232
EKWOK CITY	80	73	77
ELFIN COVE (CDP)	20	20	28
ELIM CITY	248	198	211
EMMONAK CITY	559	529	567
ENGLISH BAY (CDP)	172	152	124
ESTER (CDP)	166	167	149
EVANSVILLE (CDP)	92	93	94
EYAK (CDP)	37	38	47
FAIRBANKS CITY	27103	26629 *	22645
FALSE PASS (CDP)	76	58	70
FORT GREELY (CDP)	1832	1894	1635
FORT YUKON CITY	665	638 *	619
FOX (CDP)	137	137	123
FRITZ CREEK (CDP)	1414	1218	302
GAKONA (CDP)	70	87	87
GALENA CITY	894	867 *	765
GAMBELL CITY	498	484	445
GLENNALLEN (CDP)	477	457	511
GOLOVIN CITY	122	110	87
GOODNEWS BAY CITY	230	211 *	168
GRAYLING CITY	220	217	209
GULKANA (CDP)	82	85	104

TABLE IV.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR PLACES BY PLACE NAME, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
GUSTAVUS (CDP)	218	185	98
HAINES CITY	1154	1116	993
HALIBUT COVE (CDP)	52	52	47
HARDING LAKE (CDP)	42	42	38
HEALY (CDP)	327	331	334
HEALY LAKE (CDP)	34	34	33
HERRING COVE (CDP)	123	121	99
HOLY CROSS CITY	191	206	241
HOMER CITY	3373 **	3114	2209
HOONAH CITY	803	877 *	680
HOOPER BAY CITY	678	666	627
HOPE (CDP)	195	166	103
HOUSTON CITY	668	598 *	370
HUGHES CITY	97	91	73
HUSLIA CITY	283	236	188
HYDABURG CITY	371	415 *	298
HYDER (CDP)	79	77	77
IGIUGIG (CDP)	32	37	33
ILIAMNA (CDP)	90	104	94
INDIAN MOUNTAIN (CDP)	26	27	27
IVANOF BAY (CDP)	38	44	40
JAKOLOF BAY (CDP)	84	87	36
JUNEAU CITY	23729	23009	19528
KACHEMAK CITY 6/	320 **	302	403
KAKE CITY	574	574	555
KAKTOVIK CITY	207	203 *	165
KALIFONSKY (CDP)	295	258	92
KALTAG CITY	262	256 *	247
KARLUK (CDP)	90	92	96
KASAAN CITY	70	70	25
KASIGLUK CITY 3/	355	397 *	342
KASILOF (CDP)	567	491	201
KENAI CITY	6072 **	5626	4324
KETCHIKAN CITY	7633	7598 *	7198
KETCHIKAN EAST (CDP)	482	473	387
KIANA CITY	402	364 *	345
KING COVE CITY	521	536 *	460
KING SALMON (CDP)	434	494	545
KIPNUK (CDP)	350	350	371
KIVALINA CITY	294	269 *	241
KLAWOCK CITY	532	527 *	318
KLUKWAN (CDP)	239	166	135
KOBUK CITY	97	85 *	62
KODIAK CITY	6069	5964	4756
KODIAK STATION (CDP)	2420	2346	1370
KOKHANOK (CDP)	80	92	83
KOLIGANEK (CDP)	112	130	117
KONGIGANAK (CDP)	166	198	239
KOTLIK CITY	412	408 *	293
KOTZEBUE CITY	2345	2237	2054

TABLE IV.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR PLACES BY PLACE NAME, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
KOYUK CITY	211	206	188
KOYUKUK CITY	98	98	98
KUPREANOF CITY	51	50 *	47
KWETHLUK CITY	509	503 *	454
KWIGILLINGOK (CDP)	246	293	354
LARSEN BAY CITY	214	196	168
LEVELOK (CDP)	76	88	79
LIME VILLAGE (CDP)	33	40	48
LOWER KALSKAG CITY	270	259 *	246
LOWER TONSINA (CDP)	32	33	40
MANLEY HOT SPRINGS (CDP)	99	99	61
MANOKOTAK CITY	302	301	294
MARSHALL CITY (FORTUNA LEDGE)	281	276 *	262
MCGRATH CITY	499	517 *	355
MCKINLEY PARK (CDP)	59	60	60
MEKORYUK CITY	182	192 *	160
MENTASTA LAKE (CDP)	72	76	59
METLAKATLA (CDP)	1089	1057	1056
MEYERS CHUCK (CDP)	52	50	50
MINTO (CDP)	153	168	153
MONTANA (CDP)	67	54	40
MOOSE CREEK (CDP)	567	570	510
MOOSE PASS (CDP)	143	226	76
MOUNTAIN POINT (CDP)	493	484	396
MOUNTAIN VILLAGE CITY	610	667 *	583
MURPHY DOME (CDP)	80	80	72
NAKNEK (CDP)	405	390	318
NAPAKIAK CITY	319	306 *	262
NAPASKIAK CITY	289	257 *	244
NELSON LAGOON (CDP)	64	49	59
NENANA CITY	544	580 *	470
NEW STUYAHOK CITY	246	262	331
NEWHALEN CITY	157	124 *	87
NEWTOK CITY (PT.)	187	170 *	131
NEWTOK CITY (PT.)	0	0	0
NIGHTMUTE CITY	134	144 *	119
NIKISHKA (CDP)	1009	919	1109
NIKOLAI CITY	109	114	91
NIKOLSKI (CDP)	54	41	50
NINILCHIK (CDP)	427	403	341
NOATAK (CDP)	355	365	273
NOME CITY 9/	3184	3102	2301
NONDALTON CITY	231	200 *	173
NOORVIK CITY	517	522	492
NORTH POLE CITY	1005	979	724
NORTH TONGASS HIGHWAY (CDP)	2144	2106	1722
NORTH WHALE PASS (CDP)	93	90	90
NORTHWAY (CDP)	75	75	73
NORTHWAY VILLAGE (CDP)	116	115	112
NUIQSUT CITY	305	324 *	208

TABLE IV.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR PLACES BY PLACE NAME, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
NULATO CITY	388	382 *	350
NUNAPITCHUK CITY 3/	296	258	299
OLD HARBOR CITY	405	378 *	340
OSCARVILLE (CDP)	39	46	56
OUZINKIE CITY	240	236	173
PALMER CITY	2772	2657	2141
PAXSON (CDP)	24	24	30
PEDRO BAY (CDP)	32	37	33
PELICAN CITY	206	213 *	180
PENNOCK ISLAND (CDP)	112	110	90
PERKINSVILLE (CDP)	25	23	33
PERRYVILLE (CDP)	107	101	111
PETERSBURG CITY	3137	3013	2821
PILOT POINT (CDP)	63	73	66
PILOT STATION CITY	372	404 *	325
PITKAS POINT (CDP)	67	90	88
PLATINUM CITY	64	59 *	55
POINT BAKER (CDP)	93	90	90
POINT HOPE CITY	582	570 *	464
POINT LAY (CDP)	67	66	68
PORT ALEXANDER CITY	162	96	86
PORT CLARENCE (CDP)	22	21	29
PORT GRAHAM (CDP)	174	160	161
PORT HEIDEN CITY	87	93	92
PORT LIONS CITY	301	296	215
PORTAGE CREEK (CDP)	46	53	48
PORTLOCK (CDP)	0	0	31
PRUDHOE BAY (CDP)	49	48	50
QUINHAGAK CITY	424	474 *	412
RAMPART (CDP)	49	50	50
RED DEVIL (CDP)	27	32	39
RUBY CITY	283	233 *	197
RUSSIAN MISSION CITY	195	188	169
SALAMATOF (CDP)	694	651	334
SALCHA (CDP)	355	356	319
SAND POINT CITY	870	889 *	625
SAVOONGA CITY	470	438	491
SAXMAN CITY	285	284 *	273
SAXMAN EAST (CDP)	512	503	411
SCAMMON BAY CITY	296	286	250
SELAWIK CITY 7/	635	599 *	535
SELDOVIA CITY	435 **	578	479
SEWARD CITY	2038 **	1925	1843
SHAGELUK CITY	148	141 *	131
SHAKTOOLIK CITY	186	178	164
SHELDON POINT CITY	135	100	103
SHEMYA STATION (CDP)	576	521	600
SHISHMAREF CITY	493	446	394
SHUNGNAK CITY	238	241 *	202
SITKA CITY	7611	7665	7803

TABLE IV.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR PLACES BY PLACE NAME, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
SKAGWAY CITY	761	811	768
SLANA (CDP)	39	40	49
SLEETMUTE (CDP)	74	89	107
SOLDOTNA CITY	3538 **	3258	2320
SOUTH NAKNEK (CDP)	185	178	145
SPARREVOHN STATION (CDP)	28	28	26
ST. GEORGE (CDP) 2/	172	152	158
ST. MARY'S CITY 13/	566	541 *	382
ST. MICHAEL CITY	279	274	239
ST. PAUL CITY	541	528	551
STEBBINS CITY	327	331	331
STERLING (CDP)	1530	1328	919
STEVENS VILLAGE (CDP)	94	95	96
STONY RIVER (CDP)	43	51	62
SUNTRANA (CDP)	55	56	56
SUTTON (CDP)	304	247	182
TAKOTNA (CDP)	47	48	48
TALKEETNA (CDP)	441	358	264
TANACROSS (CDP)	148	148	117
TANANA CITY	444	447 *	388
TATALINA STATION (CDP)	45	46	46
TATITLEK (CDP)	54	55	68
TAZLINA (CDP)	24	25	31
TELIDA (CDP)	32	33	33

TABLE IV.3 ALASKA POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR PLACES BY PLACE NAME, 1980, 1983, 1984.

PLACE	JULY 1 1984 ESTIMATES INC. CDP ***	REVISED JULY 1 1983 INC. CDP ***	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION
TELLER CITY	257	267	212
TENAKEE SPRINGS CITY	156	144 *	138
TETLIN (CDP)	110	110	107
THORNE BAY (CDP) 12/	392	354	320
TOGIAK CITY	554	531	470
TOK (CDP)	608	604	589
TOKSOOK BAY CITY	365	365	333
TONSINA (CDP)	106	110	135
TULUKSAK CITY	272	272 *	236
TUNTUTULIAK (CDP)	203	199	216
TUNUNAK CITY	333	327 *	298
TWIN HILLS (CDP)	67	78	70
TWO RIVERS (CDP)	399	401	359
TYONEK (CDP)	302	335	239
UNALAKLEET CITY	784	763	623
UNALASKA CITY	1630	1677	1322
UPPER KALSKAG CITY	145	139	129
USIBELLI MINE (CDP)	52	53	53
VALDEZ CITY	3687	3665	3079
VENETIE (CDP)	129	131	132
WAINWRIGHT CITY	507	483 *	405
WALES CITY	136	131	133
WASILLA CITY	3459	2828	1559
WHITE MOUNTAIN CITY	150	144	125
WHITTIER CITY	268	263 *	198
WILLOW (CDP)	232	189	139
WRANGELL CITY	2376	2361	2184
YAKUTAT CITY	453	440	449

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.

Footnotes

1/ Cold Bay was not incorporated until 1982. The 1980 figure represents Cold Bay as a "Census Designated Place."

2/ Saint George was not incorporated until 1983. The 1980 figure represents Saint George as a "Census Designated Place."

3/ In 1980, Nunapitchuk and Kasigluk were not incorporated and were known by the single name of Akolmiut.

4/ Chignik was not incorporated until 1983. The 1980 figure represents Chignik as a "Census Designated Place."

5/ The Eielson Air Force Reservation was annexed to the Fairbanks-North Star Borough in early 1983. Its population is included in the Borough total. Prior to this year Eielson's population needed to be subtracted from the Borough's total to obtain the Borough population for its legal boundaries. Historically, most population figures included Eielson as if it were part of the Borough.

6/ In 1980, it appears that the U.S. Bureau of the Census incorrectly defined the boundary of the city of Kachemak and counted people who were actually outside of Kachemak as part of Kachemak's population.

7/ 535 is a corrected 1980 census figure for Selawik. The original, incorrect number released by the U.S. Bureau of the Census was 361.

8/ Subsequent to the 1980 census, the Kodiak Island Borough annexed the Kodiak Island Coast Guard Station. Both the 1980 and 1983 figures reflect the presence of the Coast Guard Station population in the total borough population.

9/ In 1982, Nome annexed the unincorporated "place" of Icy View, which had 210 residents. Further in 1980, the U.S. Bureau of the Census used boundaries for Nome that were later expanded legally. The 1983 figure for Nome reflects both the population of Icy View and the expanded boundaries.

10/ Atqasuk was not incorporated until 1983. The 1980 figure represents Atqasuk as a "Census Designated Place."

11/ 2,267 is a corrected 1980 Census figure for the city of Barrow. The original, incorrect number of 2,207 released by the U.S. Bureau of the Census reflected a mis-allocation of 60 persons into an area outside of the city of Barrow.

12/ Thorne Bay was not an incorporated city in 1980, it was a "Census Designated Place" with a population of 377, which is the figure shown for 1980. Thorne Bay incorporated in 1982.

13/ St. Mary's population increase is partially due to an annexation in 1981 of Andreafsky into the incorporated city.

* Indicates a census conducted in accordance with procedures contained in *Standards for Conducting a Census in Small Alaskan Cities.*

** Indicates a census conducted in accordance with procedures contained in *Alaska Census Administrator's Manual* and *Alaska Census Enumerator's Manual.*

TABLE IV.4 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALASKA CITIES AND BOROUGHS, 1980.

PLACE	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION	1980 GROUP QUARTERS	1980 FEMALE	%	1980 NATIVE	%	1980 FAMILIES	PERCENT FAMILIES PER OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT	1980 OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS	1980 VACANT HOUSING UNITS	PERCENT VACANT	PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD 1980
THE STATE OF ALASKA	401851	16260	188810	47.0	64103	16.0	95564	72.7	131463	22700	14.7	2.93
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS CENSUS AREA	7768	2548	2890	37.2	1934	24.9	1307	81.8	1598	59	3.6	3.27
ADAK STATION (CDP)	3315	1056	1282	38.7	28	0.8	654	98.2	666	0	0.0	3.39
AKUTAN CITY	169	100	54	32.0	67	39.6	15	88.2	17	2	10.5	4.06
ATKA (CDP)	93	0	42	45.2	90	96.8	20	90.9	22	0	0.0	4.23
ATTU (CDP)	29	29	0	0.0	1	3.4	0	...	0	0	...	—
COLD BAY (CDP)	228	88	81	35.5	10	4.4	38	77.6	49	0	0.0	2.86
FALSE PASS (CDP)	70	0	29	41.4	60	85.7	18	85.7	21	0	0.0	3.33
KING COVE CITY	460	1	227	49.3	367	79.8	99	86.8	114	20	14.9	4.03
NELSON LAGOON (CDP)	59	0	31	52.5	55	93.2	14	77.8	18	0	0.0	3.28
NIKOLSKI (CDP)	50	0	23	46.0	48	96.0	11	47.8	23	5	17.9	2.17
ST. GEORGE (CDP)	158	0	71	44.9	153	96.8	36	90.0	40	5	11.1	3.95
ST. PAUL CITY	551	24	236	42.8	483	87.7	113	89.7	126	5	3.8	4.18
SAND POINT CITY	625	48	285	45.6	357	57.1	126	67.7	186	2	1.1	3.10
SHEMYA STATION (CDP)	600	600	45	7.5	1	0.2	0	...	0	0	...	—
UNALASKA CITY	1322	600	464	35.1	200	15.1	156	51.3	304	11	3.5	2.38
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	39	2	20	51.3	14	35.9	7	58.3	12	9	42.9	3.08
ANCHORAGE BOROUGH	174431	4848	83964	48.1	8953	5.1	43314	71.6	60470	9384	13.4	2.80
ANCHORAGE CITY	174431	4848	83964	48.1	8953	5.1	43314	71.6	60470	9384	13.4	2.80
BETHEL CENSUS AREA	10999	118	5186	47.1	9247	84.1	2043	76.1	2684	397	12.9	4.05
ANIAK CENSUS SUBAREA	1301	26	569	43.7	1009	77.6	250	70.8	353	68	16.2	3.61
ANIAK CITY	341	0	150	44.0	218	63.9	71	64.0	111	15	11.9	3.07
CHUATHBALUK CITY	105	0	47	44.8	93	88.6	22	84.6	26	1	3.7	4.04
CROOKED CREEK (CDP)	108	0	50	46.3	91	84.3	20	80.0	25	2	7.4	4.32
LIME VILLAGE (CDP)	48	0	23	47.9	39	81.3	10	76.9	13	2	13.3	3.69
LOWER KALSKAG CITY	246	0	114	46.3	237	96.3	46	83.6	55	2	3.5	4.47
RED DEVIL (CDP)	39	0	14	35.9	18	46.2	7	70.0	10	2	16.7	3.90
SLEETMUTE (CDP)	107	0	38	35.5	95	88.8	20	55.6	36	5	12.2	2.97
SPARREVOHN STATION (CDP)	26	26	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	...	0	0	...	—
STONY RIVER (CDP)	62	0	29	46.8	56	90.3	10	58.8	17	4	19.0	3.65
UPPER KALSKAG CITY	129	0	62	48.1	108	83.7	26	76.5	34	4	10.5	3.79
BALANCE OF ANIAK CSA	90	0	42	46.7	54	60.0	18	69.2	26	31	54.4	3.46
LOWER KUSKOKWIM CENSUS SUBAREA	9698	92	4617	47.6	8238	84.9	1793	76.9	2331	329	12.4	4.12
AKIACHAK CITY	438	0	224	51.1	398	90.9	77	88.5	87	0	0.0	5.03
AKIAK CITY	198	0	95	48.0	191	96.5	30	83.3	36	2	5.3	5.50
ATMAUTLUAK CITY	219	0	103	47.0	206	94.1	36	76.6	47	0	0.0	4.66
BETHEL CITY	3576	49	1718	48.0	2417	67.6	718	66.3	1083	189	14.9	3.26
CAPE NEWENHAM (CDP)	43	43	0	0.0	1	2.3	0	...	0	0	...	—
CHEFORNAK CITY	230	0	107	46.5	221	96.1	35	92.1	38	6	13.6	6.05
EEK CITY	228	0	99	43.4	220	96.5	44	78.6	56	0	0.0	4.07
GOODNEWS BAY CITY	168	0	74	44.0	161	95.8	30	71.4	42	4	8.7	4.00
KASIGLUK CITY	342	0	186	54.4	325	95.0	56	84.8	66	4	5.7	5.18
KIPNUK (CDP)	371	0	172	46.4	358	96.5	62	82.7	75	23	23.5	4.95
KONGIGANAK (CDP)	239	0	113	47.3	231	96.7	43	89.6	48	1	2.0	4.98
KWETHLUK CITY	454	0	217	47.8	441	97.1	80	90.9	88	12	12.0	5.16
KWIGILLINGOK (CDP)	354	0	170	48.0	343	96.9	61	92.4	66	9	12.0	5.36
MEKORYUK CITY	160	0	60	37.5	153	95.6	32	72.7	44	17	27.9	3.64
NAPAKIAK CITY	262	0	135	51.5	254	96.9	55	91.7	60	4	6.3	4.37
NAPASKIAK CITY	244	0	110	45.1	239	98.0	41	83.7	49	0	0.0	4.98
NEWTOK CITY (PT.)	131	0	67	51.1	124	94.7	25	89.3	28	2	6.7	4.68
NIGHTMUTE CITY	119	0	56	47.1	116	97.5	22	91.7	24	6	20.0	4.96
NUNAPITCHUK CITY	299	0	142	47.5	295	98.7	55	87.3	63	2	3.1	4.75
OSCARVILLE (CDP)	56	0	24	42.9	56	100.0	10	83.3	12	0	0.0	4.67
PLATINUM CITY	55	0	23	41.8	44	80.0	10	71.4	14	0	0.0	3.93
QUINHAGAK CITY	412	0	196	47.6	402	97.6	78	95.1	82	0	0.0	5.02
TOKSOOK BAY CITY	333	0	160	48.0	312	93.7	58	89.2	65	5	7.1	5.12
TULUKSAK CITY	236	0	124	52.5	228	96.6	39	92.9	42	0	0.0	5.62
TUNTUTULIAK (CDP)	216	0	96	44.4	209	96.8	39	92.9	42	8	16.0	5.14
TUNUNAK CITY	298	0	139	46.6	283	95.0	54	79.4	68	16	19.0	4.38
BALANCE OF LOWER KUSKOKWIM CSA	17	0	7	41.2	10	58.8	3	50.0	6	19	76.0	2.83

TABLE IV.4 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALASKA CITIES AND BOROUGHS, 1980.

PLACE	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION	1980 GROUP QUARTERS	1980 FEMALE	%	1980 NATIVE	%	1980 FAMILIES	PERCENT FAMILIES PER OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT	1980 OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS	1980 VACANT HOUSING UNITS	PERCENT VACANT	PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD 1980
BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH	1094	339	380	34.7	360	32.9	178	72.4	246	48	16.3	3.07
KING SALMON (CDP)	545	339	117	21.5	32	5.9	43	57.3	75	27	26.5	2.75
NAKNEK (CDP)	318	0	146	45.9	161	50.6	80	77.7	103	8	7.2	3.09
SOUTH NAKNEK (CDP)	145	0	73	50.3	124	85.5	31	72.1	43	8	15.7	3.37
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	86	0	44	51.2	43	50.0	24	96.0	25	5	16.7	3.44
DILLINGHAM CENSUS AREA	4616	0	2181	47.2	3520	76.3	958	78.9	1214	196	13.9	3.80
ALEKNAGIK CITY	154	0	68	44.2	138	89.6	34	89.5	38	25	39.7	4.05
CHIGNIK (CD[illegible]C.1983	178	0	83	46.6	95	53.4	32	68.1	47	0	0.0	3.79
CHIGNIK LA[illegible]DP)	48	0	23	47.9	41	85.4	14	100.0	14	0	0.0	3.43
CHIGNIK LAKE [illegible]	138	0	64	46.4	123	89.1	31	81.6	38	4	9.5	3.63
CLARK'S POINT [illegible]	79	0	33	41.8	70	88.6	17	77.3	22	0	0.0	3.59
DILLINGHAM CITY	1563	0	757	48.4	891	57.0	339	72.6	467	96	17.1	3.35
EKEGIK (CDP)	75	0	29	38.7	57	76.0	19	59.4	32	9	22.0	2.34
EKWOK CITY	77	0	33	42.9	71	92.2	18	90.0	20	0	0.0	3.85
IGIUGIG (CDP)	33	0	18	54.5	25	75.8	6	66.7	9	3	25.0	3.67
ILIAMNA (CDP)	94	0	48	51.1	38	40.4	20	90.9	22	0	0.0	4.27
IVANOF BAY (CDP)	40	0	17	42.5	37	92.5	7	77.8	9	0	0.0	4.44
KOKHANOK (CDP)	83	0	45	54.2	80	96.4	17	85.0	20	4	16.7	4.15
KOLIGANEK (CDP)	117	0	53	45.3	112	95.7	22	91.7	24	0	0.0	4.88
LEVELOK (CDP)	79	0	30	38.0	69	87.3	17	81.0	21	5	19.2	3.76
MANOKOTAK CITY	294	0	144	49.0	273	92.9	52	91.2	57	0	0.0	5.16
NEWHALEN CITY	87	0	33	37.9	82	94.3	16	88.9	18	0	0.0	4.83
NEW STUYAHOK CITY	331	0	161	48.6	311	94.0	60	92.3	65	0	0.0	5.09
NONDALTON CITY	173	0	81	46.8	161	93.1	33	78.6	42	4	8.7	4.12
PEDRO BAY (CDP)	33	0	14	42.4	31	93.9	9	81.8	11	1	8.3	3.00
PERRYVILLE (CDP)	111	0	49	44.1	103	92.8	24	77.4	31	1	3.1	3.58
PILOT POINT (CDP)	66	0	32	48.5	57	86.4	15	93.8	16	8	33.3	4.13
PORTAGE CREEK (CDP)	48	0	25	52.1	44	91.7	11	84.6	13	3	18.8	3.69
PORT HEIDEN CITY	92	0	39	42.4	59	64.1	22	75.9	29	0	0.0	3.17
TOGIAK CITY	470	0	229	48.7	443	94.3	86	85.1	101	13	11.4	4.65
TWIN HILLS (CDP)	70	0	35	50.0	67	95.7	14	82.4	17	1	5.6	4.12
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	83	0	38	45.8	42	50.6	23	74.2	31	19	38.0	2.68
FAIRBANKS-NORTHSTAR BOROUGH	53983	3339	24948	46.2	2987	5.5	13029	71.5	18224	3881	17.6	2.78
EIELSON RESERVATION CENSUS SUBAREA	5320	795	2330	43.8	40	0.8	1219	98.6	1236	3	0.2	3.66
EIELSON AFB (CDP)	5232	795	2288	43.7	39	0.7	1196	99.0	1208	0	0.0	3.67
BALANCE OF EIELSON RES. CSA	88	0	42	47.7	1	1.1	23	82.1	28	3	9.7	3.14
FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR CENSUS SUBAREA	48663	2544	22618	46.5	2947	6.1	11810	69.5	16988	3878	18.6	2.71
BIG HORN (CDP)	360	0	168	46.7	13	3.6	96	80.7	119	36	23.2	3.03
COLLEGE (CDP)	4043	967	1866	46.2	398	9.8	818	70.2	1165	237	16.9	2.64
ESTER (CDP)	149	0	72	48.3	10	6.7	35	56.5	62	8	11.4	2.40
FAIRBANKS CITY	22645	1481	10533	46.5	1596	7.0	5352	65.7	8145	1558	16.1	2.60
FOX (CDP)	123	0	50	40.7	23	18.7	26	52.0	50	37	42.5	2.46
HARDING LAKE (CDP)	38	0	16	42.1	0	0.0	10	52.6	19	3	13.6	2.00
MOOSE CREEK (CDP)	510	0	243	47.6	3	0.6	129	75.0	172	126	42.3	2.97
MURPHY DOME (CDP)	72	72	3	4.2	0	0.0	0	...	0	0	...	—
NORTH POLE CITY	724	0	359	49.6	15	2.1	200	80.3	249	96	27.8	2.91
SALCHA (CDP)	319	0	137	42.9	6	1.9	79	74.5	106	10	8.6	3.01
TWO RIVERS (CDP)	359	0	156	43.5	28	7.8	92	74.8	123	14	10.2	2.92
BALANCE OF FBKS NORTH STAR CSA	19321	24	9015	46.7	855	4.4	4973	73.4	6778	1753	20.5	2.85
HAINES BOROUGH	1600	5	793	47.2	214	12.7	426	74.5	572	147	20.4	2.93
HAINES CITY	993	0	468	47.1	188	18.9	253	75.3	336	57	14.5	2.96
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	607	5	325	47.3	26	3.8	173	73.3	236	90	27.6	2.09
JUNEAU BOROUGH	19528	273	9506	48.7	2190	11.2	4796	68.2	7035	481	6.4	2.74
JUNEAU CITY	19528	273	9506	48.7	2190	11.2	4796	68.2	7035	481	6.4	2.74
KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH	25282	320	11893	47.0	1730	6.9	6350	74.3	8546	1806	18.1	2.92

TABLE IV.4 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALASKA CITIES AND BOROUGHS, 1980.

PLACE	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION	1980 GROUP QUARTERS	1980 FEMALE	%	1980 NATIVE	%	1980 FAMILIES	PERCENT FAMILIES PER OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT	1980 OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS	1980 VACANT HOUSING UNITS	PERCENT VACANT	PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD 1980
KENAI-COOK INLET CENSUS SUBAREA	22473	154	10616	47.2	1210	5.4	5699	75.4	7555	1729	18.6	2.95
ANCHOR POINT (CDP)	226	0	94	41.6	4	1.8	57	76.0	75	21	21.9	3.01
CLAM GULCH (CDP)	50	0	21	42.0	0	0.0	11	45.8	24	10	29.4	2.08
COOPER LANDING (CDP)	116	0	50	43.1	2	1.7	36	73.5	49	10	16.9	2.37
FRITZ CREEK (CDP)	302	12	144	47.7	3	1.0	77	72.6	106	13	10.9	2.74
HALIBUT COVE (CDP)	47	0	21	44.7	0	0.0	13	56.5	23	1	4.2	2.04
HOMER CITY	2209	49	1035	46.9	66	3.0	551	67.9	812	146	15.2	2.66
HOPE (CDP)	103	0	44	42.7	3	2.9	28	65.1	43	7	14.0	2.40
JAKOLOF BAY (CDP)	36	0	14	38.9	0	0.0	7	46.7	15	4	21.1	2.40
KACHEMAK CITY	403	0	190	47.1	15	3.7	108	83.7	129	22	14.6	3.12
KALIFONSKY (CDP)	92	0	43	46.7	2	2.2	30	83.3	36	11	23.4	2.56
KASILOF (CDP)	201	0	104	51.7	0	0.0	49	67.1	73	10	12.0	2.75
KENAI CITY	4324	8	2109	48.8	265	6.1	1125	74.7	1506	377	20.0	2.87
MOOSE PASS (CDP)	76	0	36	47.4	5	6.6	20	74.1	27	13	32.5	2.81
NIKISHKA (CDP)	1109	0	526	47.4	44	4.0	290	80.3	361	62	14.7	3.07
NINILCHIK (CDP)	341	0	167	49.0	58	17.0	79	67.5	117	34	22.5	2.91
SALAMATOF (CDP)	334	0	150	44.9	43	12.9	92	76.7	120	54	31.0	2.78
SELDOVIA CITY	479	0	230	48.0	117	24.4	102	58.3	175	18	9.3	2.74
SOLDOTNA CITY	2320	0	1123	48.4	72	3.1	600	74.3	808	139	14.7	2.87
STERLING (CDP)	919	0	436	47.4	16	1.7	246	88.8	277	28	9.2	3.32
TYONEK (CDP)	239	0	109	45.6	222	92.9	52	69.3	75	20	21.1	3.19
BALANCE OF KENAI-COOK INLET CSA	8547	85	3970	46.4	273	3.2	2126	78.6	2704	729	21.2	3.13
SEWARD CENSUS SUBAREA	2809	166	1277	45.5	528	18.8	651	65.7	991	157	13.7	2.67
ENGLISH BAY (CDP)	124	0	55	44.4	98	79.0	24	85.7	28	1	3.4	4.43
PORT GRAHAM (CDP)	161	0	78	48.4	141	87.6	39	73.6	53	6	10.2	3.04
PORTLOCK (CDP)	31	0	18	58.1	2	6.5	8	100.0	8	1	11.1	3.88
SEWARD CITY	1843	166	830	45.0	238	12.9	415	61.9	670	94	12.3	2.50
BALANCE OF SEWARD CSA	650	0	296	45.5	49	7.5	165	71.1	232	55	19.2	2.80
KETCHIKAN GATEWAY BOROUGH	11316	332	5411	47.8	1406	12.4	2780	69.8	3985	298	7.0	2.76
CLOVER PASS (CDP)	451	0	211	46.8	33	7.3	114	82.6	138	21	13.2	3.27
HERRING COVE (CDP)	99	0	44	44.4	2	2.0	26	72.2	36	7	16.3	2.75
KETCHIKAN CITY	7198	178	3529	49.0	1050	14.6	1736	65.7	2644	146	5.2	2.66
KETCHIKAN EAST (CDP)	387	102	144	37.2	12	3.1	71	83.5	85	7	7.6	3.35
MOUNTAIN POINT (CDP)	396	0	183	46.2	20	5.1	111	84.1	132	5	3.6	3.00
NORTH TONGASS HIGHWAY (CDP)	1722	0	822	47.7	42	2.4	472	80.1	589	69	10.5	2.92
PENNOCK ISLAND (CDP)	90	0	33	36.7	7	7.8	21	48.8	43	4	8.5	2.09
SAXMAN CITY	273	15	122	44.7	194	71.1	55	83.3	66	12	15.4	3.91
SAXMAN EAST (CDP)	411	0	204	49.6	27	6.6	106	71.6	148	10	6.3	2.78
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	289	37	119	41.2	19	6.6	68	65.4	104	17	14.0	2.42
KOBUK CENSUS AREA	4831	48	2237	46.3	4113	85.1	882	77.4	1140	192	14.4	4.20
AMBLER CITY	192	0	94	49.0	155	80.7	38	79.2	48	7	12.7	4.00
BUCKLAND CITY	177	0	76	42.9	161	91.0	32	82.1	39	5	11.4	4.54
DEERING CITY	150	0	70	46.7	138	92.0	28	80.0	35	0	0.0	4.29
KIANA CITY	345	0	161	46.7	325	94.2	59	78.7	75	13	14.8	4.60
KIVALINA CITY	241	0	114	47.3	237	98.3	34	91.9	37	0	0.0	6.51
KOBUK CITY	62	0	34	54.8	59	95.2	11	68.8	16	20	55.6	3.88
KOTZEBUE CITY	2054	8	969	47.2	1574	76.6	413	73.1	565	101	15.2	3.62
NOATAK (CDP)	273	0	133	48.7	259	94.9	44	74.6	59	19	24.4	4.63
NOORVIK CITY	492	0	218	44.3	467	94.9	77	84.6	91	12	11.7	5.41
SELAWIK CITY	535	0	244	44.6	503	97.5	95	88.8	107	10	8.5	5.21
SHUNGNAK CITY	202	0	93	46.0	179	88.6	39	83.0	47	3	6.0	4.30
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	108	40	31	33.7	56	34.6	12	57.1	21	2	8.7	2.69
KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH	9939	681	4395	44.2	1884	19.0	2224	73.5	3027	417	12.1	3.06
KODIAK ISLAND CENSUS SUBAREA	8569	351	3897	45.5	1876	21.9	1937	70.9	2732	412	13.1	3.01
AKHIOK CITY	105	0	46	43.8	101	96.2	20	74.1	27	5	15.6	3.89
KARLUK (CDP)	96	0	45	46.9	96	100.0	18	85.7	21	1	4.5	4.57
KODIAK CITY	4756	192	2188	46.0	666	14.0	1064	69.3	1535	103	6.3	2.97
LARSEN BAY CITY	168	24	74	44.0	120	71.4	29	70.7	41	8	16.3	3.51
OLD HARBOR CITY	340	0	167	49.1	315	92.6	70	79.5	88	10	10.2	3.86
OUZINKIE CITY	173	0	79	45.7	163	94.2	43	75.4	57	11	16.2	3.04
PORT LIONS CITY	215	0	92	42.8	158	73.5	55	83.3	66	5	7.0	3.26

TABLE IV.4 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALASKA CITIES AND BOROUGHS, 1980.

PLACE	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION	1980 GROUP QUARTERS	1980 FEMALE	%	1980 NATIVE	%	1980 FAMILIES	PERCENT FAMILIES PER OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT	1980 OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS	1980 VACANT HOUSING UNITS	PERCENT VACANT	PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD 1980
BALANCE OF KODIAK ISLAND CSA	2716	135	1206	44.4	257	9.5	630	71.1	897	269	23.1	2.80
KODIAK STATION CENSUS SUBAREA	1370	330	498	36.4	8	0.6	287	97.3	295	5	1.7	3.53
KODIAK STATION (CDP)	1370	330	498	36.4	8	0.6	287	97.3	295	5	1.7	3.53
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH	17816	378	8574	48.1	688	3.9	4495	78.9	5699	1814	24.1	3.06
BIG LAKE (CDP)	410	0	194	47.3	3	0.7	114	70.4	162	117	41.9	2.53
BODENBURG BUTTE (CDP)	988	0	473	47.9	17	1.7	255	85.6	298	45	13.1	3.32
HOUSTON CITY	370	0	172	46.5	15	4.1	97	75.2	129	74	36.5	2.87
MONTANA (CDP)	40	0	22	55.0	16	40.0	9	75.0	12	9	42.9	3.33
PALMER CITY	2141	98	1086	50.7	75	3.5	537	74.1	725	116	13.8	2.82
SUTTON (CDP)	182	0	93	51.1	21	11.5	45	78.9	57	10	14.9	3.19
TALKEETNA (CDP)	264	0	122	46.2	27	10.2	66	68.0	97	34	26.0	2.72
WASILLA CITY	1559	0	769	49.3	74	4.7	394	77.7	507	134	20.9	3.07
WILLOW (CDP)	139	0	62	44.6	2	1.4	36	73.5	49	14	22.2	2.84
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	11723	280	5581	47.6	438	3.7	2942	80.3	3663	1261	25.6	3.12
NOME CENSUS AREA	6537	88	2983	45.6	5174	79.1	1310	75.2	1741	308	15.0	3.70
BREVIG MISSION CITY	138	0	61	44.2	138	100.0	27	84.4	32	5	13.5	4.31
DIOMEDE CITY	139	0	59	42.4	136	97.8	22	73.3	30	3	9.1	4.63
ELIM CITY	211	0	88	41.7	203	96.2	41	85.4	48	0	0.0	4.40
GAMBELL CITY	445	0	187	42.0	425	95.5	89	86.4	103	1	1.0	4.32
GOLOVIN CITY	87	0	40	46.0	85	97.7	22	71.0	31	6	16.2	2.81
KOYUK CITY	188	0	86	45.7	180	95.7	34	70.8	48	0	0.0	3.92
NOME CITY	2301	43	1086	47.2	1347	58.5	476	68.3	697	142	16.9	3.24
PERKINSVILLE (CDP)	33	0	17	51.5	13	39.4	6	54.5	11	0	0.0	3.00
PORT CLARENCE (CDP)	29	29	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	...	0	0	...	—
ST. MICHAEL CITY	239	0	113	47.3	227	95.0	48	84.2	57	0	0.0	4.19
SAVOONGA CITY	491	0	228	46.4	463	94.3	94	86.2	109	2	1.8	4.50
SHAKTOOLIK CITY	164	0	81	49.4	159	97.0	35	81.4	43	2	4.4	3.81
SHISHMAREF CITY	394	0	181	45.9	369	93.7	71	82.6	86	0	0.0	4.58
STEBBINS CITY	331	0	165	49.8	316	95.5	59	85.5	69	0	0.0	4.80
TELLER CITY	212	0	92	43.4	196	92.5	46	70.8	65	39	37.5	3.26
UNALAKLEET CITY	623	0	290	46.5	546	87.6	128	81.0	158	27	14.6	3.94
WALES CITY	133	0	55	41.4	122	91.7	27	73.0	37	17	31.5	3.59
WHITE MOUNTAIN CITY	125	0	51	40.8	116	92.8	26	72.2	36	5	12.2	3.47
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	254	16	103	40.6	133	52.4	59	72.8	81	59	42.1	2.94
NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH	4199	365	1816	43.2	3225	76.8	735	75.0	980	159	14.0	3.91
BARROW-POINT HOPE CENSUS SUBAREA	3784	125	1722	45.5	3062	80.9	703	74.9	939	143	13.2	3.90
ANAKTUVUK PASS CITY	203	0	102	50.2	191	94.1	47	92.2	51	12	19.0	3.98
ATQASUK (CDP)	107	0	49	45.8	99	92.5	21	95.5	22	2	8.3	4.86
BARROW CITY	2267	63	1043	46.0	1721	75.9	413	68.0	607	78	11.4	3.63
CAPE LISBURNE (CDP)	36	36	3	8.3	0	0.0	0	...	0	0	...	—
NUIQSUT CITY	208	0	101	48.6	181	87.0	45	90.0	50	4	7.4	4.16
POINT HOPE CITY	464	0	215	46.3	434	93.5	83	84.7	98	38	27.9	4.73
POINT LAY (CDP)	68	0	28	41.2	63	92.6	12	66.7	18	1	5.3	3.78
WAINWRIGHT CITY	405	0	178	44.0	372	91.9	82	88.2	93	8	7.9	4.35
BALANCE OF BARROW-POINT HOPE CSA	26	26	3	11.5	1	3.8	0	...	0	0	...	—
PRUDHOE BAY-KAKTOVIK CENSUS SUBAREA	415	240	94	22.7	163	39.3	32	78.0	41	16	28.1	4.27
DEADHORSE (CDP)	64	63	0	0.0	9	14.1	0	0.0	1	0	0.0	1.00
KAKTOVIK CITY	165	0	75	45.5	148	89.7	30	78.9	38	16	29.6	4.34
PRUDHOE BAY (CDP)	50	45	9	18.0	2	4.0	0	0.0	1	0	0.0	5.00
BALANCE OF PRUDHOE BAY-KAKTOVIK CSA	136	132	10	7.4	4	2.9	2	200.0	1	0	0.0	4.00
PRINCE OF WALES-OUTER KETCHIKAN C.A.	3822	176	1681	44.0	1651	43.2	903	80.6	1121	188	14.4	3.25
OUTER KETCHIKAN CENSUS SUBAREA	1333	0	614	46.1	960	72.0	312	83.2	375	50	11.8	3.55
ANNETTE (CDP)	139	0	65	46.8	54	38.8	31	88.6	35	5	12.5	3.97
HYDER (CDP)	77	0	29	37.7	1	1.3	17	58.6	29	9	23.7	2.66
METLAKATLA (CDP)	1056	0	493	46.7	904	85.6	242	84.6	286	23	7.4	3.69
MEYERS CHUCK (CDP)	50	0	23	46.0	0	0.0	16	76.2	21	5	19.2	2.38
BALANCE OF OUTER KETCHIKAN CSA	11	0	4	36.4	1	9.1	6	150.0	4	8	66.7	2.75

TABLE IV.4 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALASKA CITIES AND BOROUGHS, 1980.

PLACE	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION	1980 GROUP QUARTERS	1980 FEMALE	%	1980 NATIVE	%	1980 FAMILIES	PERCENT FAMILIES PER OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT	1980 OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS	1980 VACANT HOUSING UNITS	PERCENT VACANT	PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD 1980
PRINCE OF WALES CENSUS SUBAREA	2489	176	1067	42.9	691	27.8	591	79.2	746	138	15.6	3.10
CAPE POLE (CDP)	29	17	6	20.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	6	60.0	3.00
COFFMAN COVE (CDP)	193	0	85	44.0	0	0.0	52	83.9	62	8	11.4	3.11
CRAIG CITY	527	11	243	46.1	170	32.3	125	71.0	176	18	9.3	2.93
HYDABURG CITY	298	0	132	44.3	253	84.9	70	72.2	97	23	19.2	3.07
KASAAN CITY	25	0	11	44.0	14	56.0	9	100.0	9	0	0.0	2.78
KLAWOCK CITY	318	0	146	45.9	210	66.0	65	82.3	79	15	16.0	4.03
NORTH WHALE PASS (CDP)	90	5	41	45.6	0	0.0	22	88.0	25	0	0.0	3.40
POINT BAKER (CDP)	90	0	39	43.3	5	5.6	25	55.6	45	11	19.6	2.00
THORNE BAY (CDP)	320	0	145	45.3	9	2.8	92	93.9	98	11	10.1	3.27
BALANCE OF PRINCE OF WALES CSA	599	143	219	36.6	30	5.0	131	86.8	151	46	23.4	3.02
SITKA CENSUS AREA	7803	367	3688	47.3	1669	21.4	1849	75.8	2440	205	7.8	3.05
SITKA CITY	7803	367	3688	47.3	1669	21.4	1849	75.8	2440	205	7.8	3.05
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON CENSUS AREA	3478	92	1640	47.2	1462	42.0	795	73.1	1087	246	18.5	3.11
ANGOON CENSUS SUBAREA	712	58	341	47.9	424	59.6	142	71.0	200	49	19.7	3.27
ANGOON CITY	465	0	237	51.0	412	88.6	96	87.3	110	20	15.4	4.23
TENAKEE SPRINGS CITY	138	0	66	47.8	7	5.1	32	45.7	70	24	25.5	1.97
BALANCE OF ANGOON CSA	109	58	38	34.9	5	4.6	14	70.0	20	5	20.0	2.55
HOONAH-YAKUTAT CENSUS SUBAREA	1817	34	848	46.7	890	49.0	415	77.1	538	121	18.4	3.31
ELFIN COVE (CDP)	28	0	14	50.0	2	7.1	7	53.8	13	1	7.1	2.15
GUSTAVUS (CDP)	98	0	50	51.0	2	2.0	26	59.1	44	67	60.4	2.23
HOONAH CITY	680	5	317	46.6	543	79.9	147	87.0	169	12	6.6	3.99
PELICAN CITY	180	8	79	43.9	33	18.3	46	71.9	64	1	1.5	2.69
YAKUTAT CITY	449	0	214	47.7	279	62.1	99	71.2	139	26	15.8	3.23
BALANCE OF HOONAH-YAKUTAT CSA	382	21	174	45.5	31	8.1	90	82.6	109	14	11.4	3.31
KLUKWAN CENSUS SUBAREA	135	0	64	47.4	113	83.7	31	77.5	40	24	37.5	3.38
KLUKWAN (CDP)	135	0	64	47.4	113	83.7	31	77.5	40	24	37.5	3.38
SKAGWAY CENSUS SUBAREA	814	0	387	47.5	35	4.3	207	67.0	309	52	14.4	2.63
SKAGWAY CITY	768	0	363	47.3	35	4.6	195	67.5	289	51	15.0	2.66
BALANCE OF SKAGWAY CSA	46	0	24	52.2	0	0.0	12	60.0	20	1	4.8	2.30
SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS CENSUS AREA	5676	399	2510	44.2	725	12.8	1364	81.9	1666	446	21.1	3.17
BIG DELTA (CDP)	285	0	140	49.1	6	2.1	78	83.0	94	16	14.5	3.03
CHICKEN (CDP)	37	0	22	59.5	1	2.7	9	64.3	14	2	12.5	2.64
DELTA JUNCTION CITY	945	0	437	46.2	27	2.9	279	80.2	348	85	19.6	2.72
DOT LAKE (CDP)	67	12	32	47.8	38	56.7	13	92.9	14	7	33.3	3.93
EAGLE CITY	110	0	50	45.5	7	6.4	26	54.2	48	8	14.3	2.29
EAGLE VILLAGE (CDP)	54	0	22	40.7	50	92.6	14	70.0	20	3	13.0	2.70
FORT GREELY (CDP)	1635	351	649	39.7	14	0.9	325	99.7	326	0	0.0	3.94
HEALY LAKE (CDP)	33	0	17	51.5	29	87.9	9	81.8	11	28	71.8	3.00
NORTHWAY (CDP)	73	0	36	49.3	10	13.7	18	72.0	25	2	7.4	2.92
NORTHWAY VILLAGE (CDP)	112	0	57	50.9	102	91.1	29	96.7	30	6	16.7	3.73
TANACROSS (CDP)	117	0	60	51.3	101	86.3	25	78.1	32	17	34.7	3.66
TETLIN (CDP)	107	0	42	39.3	104	97.2	20	74.1	27	4	12.9	3.96
TOK (CDP)	589	5	261	44.3	90	15.3	146	76.0	192	53	21.6	3.04
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	1512	31	685	45.3	146	9.7	373	76.9	485	215	30.7	3.05

TABLE IV.4 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALASKA CITIES AND BOROUGHS, 1980.

PLACE	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION	1980 GROUP QUARTERS	1980 FEMALE	%	1980 NATIVE	%	1980 FAMILIES	PERCENT FAMILIES PER OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT	1980 OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS	1980 VACANT HOUSING UNITS	PERCENT VACANT	PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD 1980
VALDEZ-CORDOVA CENSUS AREA	8348	702	3708	44.4	1060	12.7	1901	70.7	2689	1027	27.6	2.84
COPPER RIVER CENSUS SUBAREA	2721	219	1208	44.4	516	19.0	622	73.6	845	589	41.1	2.96
CHISTOCHINA (CDP)	55	0	26	47.3	27	49.1	14	93.3	15	14	48.3	3.67
CHITINA (CDP)	42	0	5	11.9	20	47.6	8	42.1	19	34	64.2	2.21
COPPER CENTER (CDP)	213	0	103	48.4	85	39.9	53	68.8	77	41	34.7	2.77
GAKONA (CDP)	87	0	39	44.8	14	16.1	23	85.2	27	12	30.8	3.22
GLENNALLEN (CDP)	511	23	252	49.3	39	7.6	128	76.6	167	65	28.0	2.92
GULKANA (CDP)	104	0	46	44.2	43	41.3	25	78.1	32	17	34.7	3.25
LOWER TONSINA (CDP)	40	0	15	37.5	21	52.5	9	69.2	13	15	53.6	3.08
MENTASTA LAKE (CDP)	59	0	25	42.4	55	93.2	10	83.3	12	5	29.4	4.92
PAXSON (CDP)	30	0	13	43.3	1	3.3	7	58.3	12	0	0.0	2.50
SLANA (CDP)	49	0	18	36.7	8	16.3	12	75.0	16	12	42.9	3.06
TAZLINA (CDP)	31	0	11	35.5	4	12.9	9	69.2	13	14	51.9	2.38
TONSINA (CDP)	135	11	64	47.4	26	19.3	30	73.2	41	16	28.1	3.02
BALANCE OF COPPER RIVER CSA	1365	185	591	43.3	173	12.7	294	73.3	401	344	46.2	2.94
CORDOVA CENSUS SUBAREA	2241	135	1000	44.6	299	13.3	522	67.4	774	60	7.2	2.72
CORDOVA CITY	1879	126	839	44.7	286	15.2	436	66.4	657	46	6.5	2.67
EYAK (CDP)	47	0	23	48.9	1	2.1	13	92.9	14	2	12.5	3.36
BALANCE OF CORDOVA CSA	315	9	138	43.8	12	3.8	73	70.9	103	12	10.4	2.97
PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND CENSUS SUBAREA	3386	348	1500	44.3	245	7.2	757	70.7	1070	378	26.1	2.84
TATITLEK (CDP)	68	0	33	48.5	53	77.9	19	82.6	23	7	23.3	2.96
VALDEZ CITY	3079	324	1359	44.1	175	5.7	691	72.2	957	165	14.7	2.88
WHITTIER CITY	198	13	91	46.0	17	8.6	41	53.2	77	205	72.7	2.40
BALANCE OF PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND CSA	41	11	17	41.5	0	0.0	6	46.2	13	1	7.1	2.31
WADE HAMPTON CENSUS AREA	4665	55	2225	47.7	4347	93.2	816	86.2	947	191	16.8	4.87
ALAKANUK CITY	522	0	258	49.4	491	94.1	95	90.5	105	21	16.7	4.97
CHEVAK CITY	466	0	215	46.1	445	95.5	75	81.5	92	10	9.8	5.07
EMMONAK CITY	567	3	271	47.8	517	91.2	108	85.0	127	34	21.1	4.44
FORTUNA LEDGE CITY	262	0	125	47.7	246	93.9	55	85.9	64	16	20.0	4.09
HOOPER BAY CITY	627	0	287	45.8	598	95.4	104	83.2	125	26	17.2	5.02
KOTLIK CITY	293	0	142	48.5	280	95.6	53	89.8	59	14	19.2	4.97
MOUNTAIN VILLAGE CITY	583	0	280	48.0	539	92.5	96	89.7	107	12	10.1	5.45
NEWTOK CITY (PT.)	0	0	0	---	0	---	0	...	0	0	...	---
PILOT STATION CITY	325	5	162	49.8	306	94.2	57	93.4	61	12	16.4	5.25
PITKAS POINT (CDP)	88	0	45	51.1	82	93.2	19	79.2	24	8	25.0	3.67
RUSSIAN MISSION CITY	169	0	83	49.1	159	94.1	31	75.6	41	0	0.0	4.12
ST. MARY'S CITY	382	28	190	49.7	336	88.0	62	86.1	72	14	16.3	4.92
SCAMMON BAY CITY	250	0	119	47.6	241	96.4	42	89.4	47	6	11.3	5.32
SHELDON POINT CITY	103	0	43	41.7	98	95.1	17	85.0	20	11	35.5	5.15
BALANCE OF CENSUS AREA	28	19	5	17.9	9	32.1	2	66.7	3	7	70.0	3.00
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG CENSUS AREA	6167	173	2857	46.3	1190	19.3	1524	73.6	2072	220	9.6	2.89
PETERSBURG CENSUS SUBAREA	3804	91	1738	45.7	795	20.9	931	73.7	1264	138	9.8	2.94
KAKE CITY	555	7	264	47.6	467	84.1	118	80.8	146	35	19.3	3.75
KUPREANOF CITY	47	0	19	40.4	2	4.3	9	42.9	21	0	0.0	2.24
PETERSBURG CITY	2821	38	1302	46.2	312	11.1	718	73.3	979	76	7.2	2.84
PORT ALEXANDER CITY	86	0	39	45.3	5	5.8	17	45.9	37	14	27.5	2.32
BALANCE OF PETERSBURG CSA	295	46	114	38.6	9	3.1	69	85.2	81	13	13.8	3.07
WRANGELL CENSUS SUBAREA	2363	82	1119	47.4	395	16.7	593	73.4	808	82	9.2	2.82
WRANGELL CITY	2184	50	1039	47.6	390	17.9	551	72.7	758	76	9.1	2.82
BALANCE OF WRANGELL CSA	179	32	80	44.7	5	2.8	42	84.0	50	6	10.7	

TABLE IV.4 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS FOR ALASKA CITIES AND BOROUGHS, 1980.

PLACE	APRIL 1 1980 CENSUS POPULATION	1980 GROUP QUARTERS	1980 FEMALE	%	1980 NATIVE	%	1980 FAMILIES	PERCENT FAMILIES PER OCCUPIED HOUSING UNIT	1980 OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS	1980 VACANT HOUSING UNITS	PERCENT VACANT	PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD 1980
YUKON-KOYUKUK CENSUS AREA	7873	614	3344	42.5	4366	55.5	1585	69.5	2200	510	18.5	3.18
KOYUKUK-MIDDLE YUKON CENSUS SUBAREA	5323	539	2206	41.4	2551	47.9	1051	69.3	1517	341	18.4	3.15
ALLAKAKET CITY	163	0	69	42.3	158	96.9	35	76.1	46	9	16.4	3.54
ANDERSON CITY	517	127	198	38.3	16	3.1	100	84.7	118	24	16.9	3.31
CAMPION STATION (CDP)	62	55	10	16.1	0	0.0	2	100.0	2	0	0.0	3.50
CANTWELL (CDP)	89	0	31	34.8	28	31.5	21	72.4	29	5	14.7	3.07
DUNBAR (CDP)	50	0	22	44.0	8	16.0	12	57.1	21	5	19.2	2.38
EVANSVILLE (CDP)	94	0	45	47.9	27	28.7	22	71.0	31	0	0.0	3.03
GALENA CITY	765	302	235	30.7	350	45.8	94	64.8	145	29	16.7	3.19
HEALY (CDP)	334	0	165	49.4	16	4.8	83	81.4	102	24	19.0	3.27
HUGHES CITY	73	0	31	42.5	71	97.3	14	63.6	22	4	15.4	3.32
HUSLIA CITY	188	0	83	44.1	178	94.7	43	72.9	59	7	10.6	3.19
INDIAN MOUNTAIN (CDP)	27	27	0	0.0	1	3.7	0	...	0	0	...	---
KALTAG CITY	247	0	107	43.3	236	95.5	43	74.1	58	6	9.4	4.26
KOYUKUK CITY	98	0	45	45.9	91	92.9	19	73.1	26	2	7.1	3.77
MCKINLEY PARK (CDP)	60	0	36	60.0	1	1.7	15	40.6	38	4	9.5	1.58
MANLEY HOT SPRINGS (CDP)	61	0	23	37.7	12	19.7	16	57.1	28	26	48.1	2.18
MINTO (CDP)	153	0	58	37.9	141	92.2	31	62.0	50	8	13.8	3.06
NENANA CITY	470	0	212	45.1	214	45.5	110	67.5	163	20	10.9	2.88
NULATO CITY	350	0	177	50.6	329	94.0	55	77.5	71	15	17.4	4.93
RAMPART (CDP)	50	0	21	42.0	47	94.0	10	71.4	14	7	33.3	3.57
RUBY CITY	197	0	86	43.7	171	86.8	41	65.1	63	20	24.1	3.13
STEVENS VILLAGE (CDP)	96	0	36	37.5	61	63.5	17	56.7	30	2	6.3	3.20
SUNTRANA (CDP)	56	0	25	44.6	6	10.7	11	68.8	16	5	23.8	3.50
TANANA CITY	388	12	179	46.1	307	79.1	78	66.1	118	27	18.6	3.19
USIBELLI MINE (CDP)	53	0	20	37.7	2	3.8	14	73.7	19	7	26.9	2.79
BALANCE OF KOYUKUK-MID YUKON CSA	682	16	292	42.8	80	11.7	165	66.5	248	85	25.5	2.69
MCGRATH-HOLY CROSS CENSUS SUBAREA	1343	40	608	45.3	891	66.3	274	70.1	391	80	17.0	3.33
ANVIK CITY	114	0	56	49.1	91	79.8	26	72.2	36	3	7.7	3.17
GRAYLING CITY	209	0	103	49.3	129	61.7	47	90.4	52	10	16.1	4.02
HOLY CROSS CITY	241	0	108	44.8	221	91.7	44	69.8	63	4	6.0	3.83
MCGRATH CITY	355	0	168	47.3	165	46.5	74	57.4	129	28	17.8	2.75
NIKOLAI CITY	91	0	43	47.3	82	90.1	21	95.5	22	6	21.4	4.14
SHAGELUK CITY	131	0	61	46.6	120	91.6	29	82.9	35	12	25.5	3.74
TAKOTNA (CDP)	48	0	23	47.9	25	52.1	8	47.1	17	2	10.5	2.82
TATALINA STATION (CDP)	46	40	1	2.2	0	0.0	1	100.0	1	0	0.0	6.00
TELIDA (CDP)	33	0	14	42.4	32	97.0	7	87.5	8	1	11.1	4.13
BALANCE OF MCGRATH-HOLY CROSS CSA	75	0	31	41.3	26	34.7	17	60.7	28	14	33.3	2.68
YUKON FLATS CENSUS SUBAREA	1207	35	530	43.9	924	76.6	260	69.9	372	97	20.7	3.15
ARCTIC VILLAGE (CDP)	111	0	59	53.2	98	88.3	26	74.3	35	4	10.3	3.17
BEAVER (CDP)	66	0	22	33.3	65	98.5	16	69.6	23	1	4.2	2.87
BIRCH CREEK (CDP)	32	0	13	40.6	31	96.9	5	38.5	13	0	0.0	2.46
CENTRAL (CDP)	36	0	16	44.4	1	2.8	10	52.6	19	1	5.0	1.89
CHALKYITSIK (CDP)	100	0	43	43.0	96	96.0	18	62.1	29	18	38.3	3.45
CIRCLE (CDP)	81	0	36	44.4	60	74.1	16	88.9	18	19	51.4	4.50
FORT YUKON CITY	619	33	270	43.6	442	71.4	132	70.6	187	50	21.1	3.13
VENETIE (CDP)	132	0	59	44.7	129	97.7	27	75.0	36	2	5.3	3.67
BALANCE OF YUKON FLATS CSA	30	2	12	40.0	2	6.7	10	83.3	12	2	14.3	2.33

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.

V. Special Reports

V.1 Local Area Census Program

Local Area Census Program

by Jo Van Patten
Representative, Federal-State Cooperative for Population Estimates

With the passage of the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act (P.L. 92-512) by Congress in 1972, population data became more important. In that act Congress tied population numbers to dollars. They specified current population figures as one of the data elements in the formula for allocating general revenue sharing funds. Since 1972, population data has become widely used for other funding allocations and program criteria as well as for planning most projects. In FY 83 366,618,860 federal dollars were allocated to Alaska using population as a basis for distribution. Similarly, the state's revenue sharing formula for all governmental units also includes population as one of the data elements. In FY 83 the Department of Community and Regional Affairs disbursed $55,721,000 to communities throughout the state using their specific formula.

The Department of Labor administers a local census program as one method for communities to determine their population for a given point in time. The residency and housing definitions are identical with those used by the U.S. Bureau of Census (Table V1.1, V1.2). The methods of conducting a local census as well as the definitional concepts have been reviewed by the Census Bureau, and are in conformance with theirs. Consequently, the U.S. Bureau of Census accepts the results of a local census which has been administered and certified by the Department of Labor for federal revenue sharing projects and for use in their county statistics program.

The census program administered by the Department of Labor is organized to insure that every resident in a given area is counted and counted only once. Accurate maps of the existing streets in the locality are critical. If the local planning department does not have these available, census personnel construct working maps for their own use during the census. These maps show only existing streets. Once a city (borough) has been mapped, it is then divided into clearly defined working areas called blocks. These can be grouped so that the municipality may obtain population figures for specific areas, such as service areas, ambulance service areas, or election precincts. The data needs of the community are a prime consideration.

Enumerators (interviewers) and supervisors are thoroughly trained by Department of Labor staff in the concepts of residency and housing before starting work. Very specific work areas are assigned and all work is checked every evening. Names are taken to insure that no one is counted twice and as a means of checking completeness of coverage. If no one can be contacted in a specific housing unit, as a last resort, information can be taken from neighbors. Tabulations are checked and cross checked to insure accuracy.

The data which result from a census include housing units by structure type, vacancies by structure type and population by structure type. Structures or housing units are categorized by the number of units they contain—single family, duplex, 3 units, 4 units, multiple units of five or more, mobile homes and trailers. It is possible to determine how many persons live in mobile homes versus single family units, where most vacant units are, what type of unit has the highest vacancy rate or where housing is of short supply or overbundance. Population figures can be reaggregated around almost any focal point in the municipality for school purposes, liquor licenses or any planning need.

No information is gathered on commercial structures unless there is someone living on the premises. Then it is considered a "housing unit", and will be tabulated as such.

Since the Local Area Census program was established in 1981, many communities have taken advantage of this means to obtain an accurate count for their area. Table V.1.3 lists the cities and boroughs which have conducted a census, the number of persons and housing units counted and the cost per person counted where available. Wrangell was used as a test site when the program was established. Their costs were not tabulated because of this. Each municipality did their own hiring, and set their own rates of pay. The geographic setting of each locale directly influenced their costs as did the number of staff persons and municipal facilities which were utilized. For example, Kenai, due to its large land area, had four separate offices to direct census activities, each specific to a particular locale. Ketchikan, a very compact community, had a minimum of outlying (expensive) places to reach. They were also able to use a municipal building for office space. Fairbanks city contracted their census to a consulting firm.

Small communities may do a census on their own using census methods adapted to their smaller geographic situation. The procedure is simple. The residency and housing unit definitions remain the same. A map depicting streets, buildings and natural boundaries must be drawn. The housing units are numbered methodically. A list, by housing unit number, is then made of all the **residents** of the community. Total number of residents is tallied. Both map and resident lists must be submitted for census certification. Many communities annually submit just such information to the Department of Community and Regional Affairs for revenue sharing. Figure V.1.1, V.1.2 show the maps used by Newtok and St. George to ascertain their population as of July 1, 1984.

Any small local census done in this manner may also be submitted to the federal government for use in their revenue sharing program. A manual, *Standards for Conducting a Population Census in Small Alaskan Cities,* is available from the Department of Community and Regional Affairs, Division of Local Government Assistance or contact Jo Van Patten at 465-4500 at the Department of Labor.

While revenue sharing is the prime motivation for doing a census, there are many other uses for this data once it has been collected. Population growth data is essential in almost any planning process whether it is planning for streets and land development, electrical service, hospital services or library services. A by-product of the statewide population program is the formation of a cadre of persons knowledgeable in census definitions and methodology. By the time the 1990 decennial census occurs this background will be invaluable in challenging any apparent discrepancies in that count and getting them corrected while field people are still available. Statistics derived from the federal decennial censuses are used for the ten years following each count, and many times even longer. It is in the best interest of each community to have the most accurate and reliable data tallied and on record.

Table V.1.1
Housing Unit Rules

A housing unit consists of one or more rooms intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Occupants must live and eat separately from everyone else in the building, **and** have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall, **or** have complete kitchen facilities for their household only. Complete kitchen facilities must include sink with piped water, a range or cook stove, and a mechanical refrigerator. Several types of housing structures are counted as housing units if they are occupied by residents, but are not considered housing units if they are empty.

1. Occupied Housing Unit

   A housing unit is occupied if a household of one or more **resident** persons usually lives and sleeps there.

2. Vacant Housing Unit

   A housing unit is vacant if it is without occupants or if it is temporarily occupied by persons who are not residents of the city if it is a city census, or residents of the borough if it is a borough census. A unit from which the occupants are temporarily absent (on a vacation, etc.) is **not** considered a vacant unit.

   a. Housing Structures not Considered Housing Units if Vacant

      Several types of housing structures are **not** considered housing units if they are **not occupied.** These include:

      Delapidated housing structures not considered fit for human habitation

      Housing units obviously being used for storage

      Houseboats

      Tents

      Other objects or structures not originally intended for living quarters which may occasionally "house" someone—automobiles, packing boxes, caves

   b. Housing Units under Construction

      Housing units under construction with a roof, exterior doors and windows, and final useable floors should be counted as a vacant unit if they are not occupied.

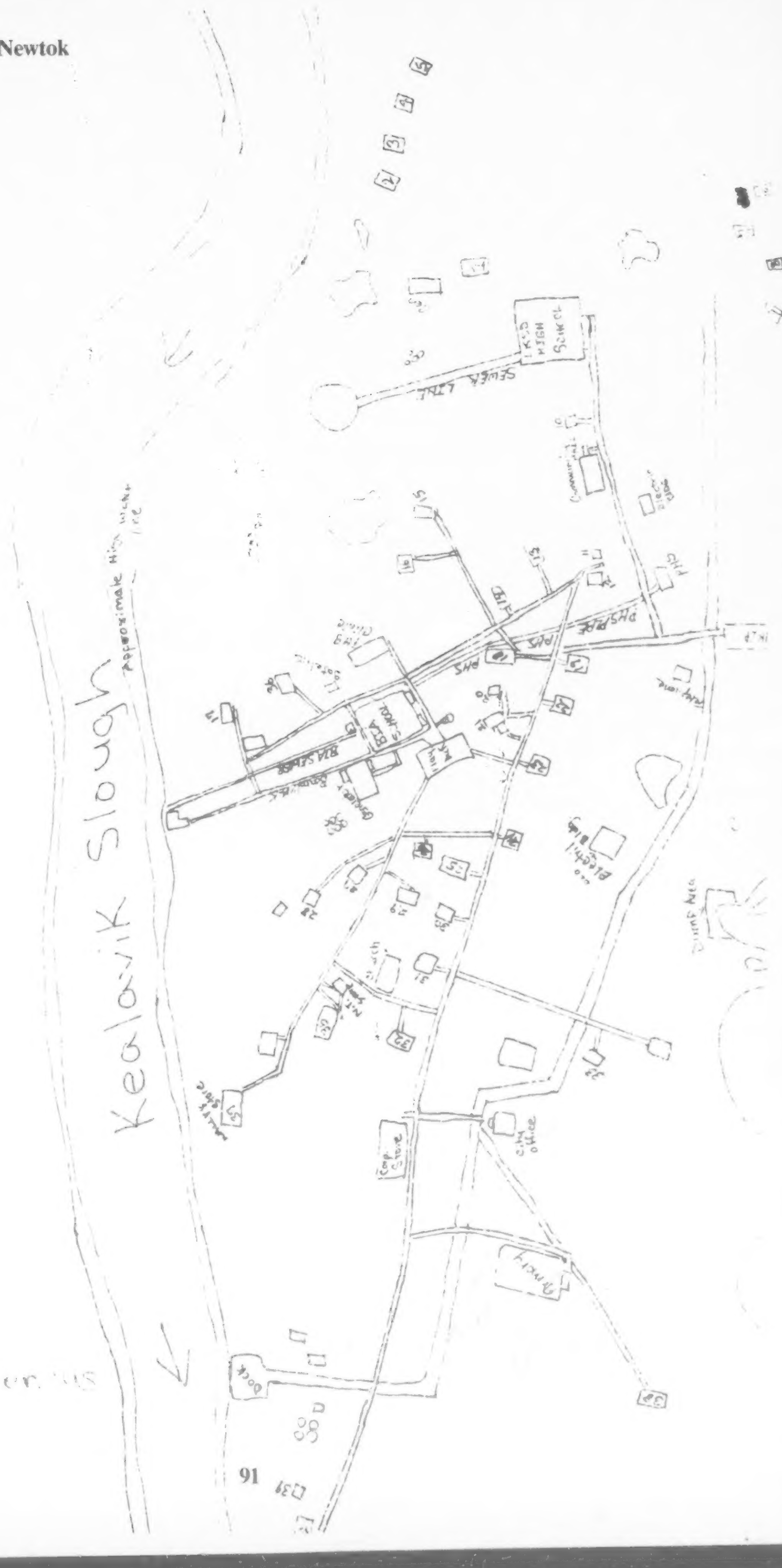
Table V.1.2
Residency Rules

The table is divided into two columns. The type of person (student, member of the armed forces, etc.) is described in the left-hand column. The right-hand column tells you whether the person is a resident of the household you are enumerating, or some other place.

	Type of person	**Resident of--**
1.	Lives in this household but is temporarily absent on a visit, buisness trip, vacation, in connection with job (bus driver, traveling salesman, river vessel crewman, etc.) or subsistence (working in fish camp for the summer)	This household
2.	Lives in this household on weekends only. Works most of the week in another place and maintains a room or apartment there	The other place
3.	Lives in this household but is in a general or VA hospital, including new babies in the hospital who have not yet been brought home	This household, (unless in a psychiatric, TB, chronic ward, etc.; if so, count in the hospital)
4.	Member of the Armed Forces:	
	a. Living on military installation	The military installation
	b. Stationed on nearby installation but living off post in this household	This household
	c. Assigned to a military vessel (including Coast Guard)	The vessel. If a military vessel is at dock in your area the crew living on the ship are considered residents of the ship and should be enumerated.
5.	Officer or crew member of American merchant vessel engaged in coastwise, intercoastal, or foreign transportation (including Great Lakes)	The vessel. If an American merchant vessel is located in your area the crew is considered residents of the ship and should be enumerated.
6.	Officer or crew member of a merchant vessel engaged in inland waterway transportation	This household
7.	College Student	
	a. Away at college on census day or here only on vacation	The college area where he/she is living
	b. Attending college but living in this household while attending school	This household
8.	Student away attending school below college level such as boarding school at gradeschool or high school level (not students at institutional-type schools)	This household
9.	Nurse living in hospital, nurses home, etc.	Hospital, nurses' home
10.	Persons working and living away from home. This includes construction workers, linemen, etc. who routinely spend 4 or more nights a week, or extended periods away from home at work sites	The place where they live while working away from home

Type of Person	Resident of--
11. Person who has more than 1 home and divides time between them. (Vacation and summer homes are a good example.)	The place where he spends the largest part of the calendar year
12. Person who has more than 1 home and divides their time equally between them	This household
13. Person who is a skid road type transient with no usual place of residence	The place they are found at the time of the census
14. Person who lives in household during the day such as a babysitter or housekeeper but sleeps at their own residence at night and on their days off	The place where they sleep
15. American citizen abroad:	
a. Temporarily on vacation or away in connection with his work	This household
employed by U.S. Government with place of duty abroad or member of the family of such a person living with them	DO NOT COUNT
c. Any other American working or living abroad for an extended period of time	DO NOT COUNT
16. Person in institution where people usually stay for long periods of time such as penitentiaries, jails, workhouses, reformatories, convict camps, schools for delinquents; mental institutions; homes for needy or aged; hospitals and asylums for the chronically ill and handicapped; homes for the deaf, blind, or mentally retarded, regardless of length of sentence or stay	The institution
17. Member of religious order living in a monastery, convent, etc.	The monsastery or convent
18. Persons in places which have shifting populations composed mainly of persons with no fixed residence, such as convict camps, railroad camps, highway and other construction camps, and camps for migratory agricultural workers	The camp
19. Citizen of foriegn country:	
a. Studying or working in the U.S. or members of family of such persons living with him	This household
b. Temporarily traveling or visiting in the United States	DO NOT COUNT
c. Living on the premises of an Embassy, Ministry, Legation, Chancellery, or Consulate	DO NOT COUNT. Do not enter these premises.
20. Domestic servants who "live in"	Determine if the servant occupies a housing unit separate from the main household. If NO, list with the household members. If YES, enumerate as resident of their own household.

Figure V.1.1
Enumerator's Map of Newtok


Kealavik Slough
Approximate High Water Line
Sewer Line
KSD High School
BIA School
BIA Sewer
PHS Pipe
Co-op Store
City Office
Armory
Dock

Population Census
MAP - 1984

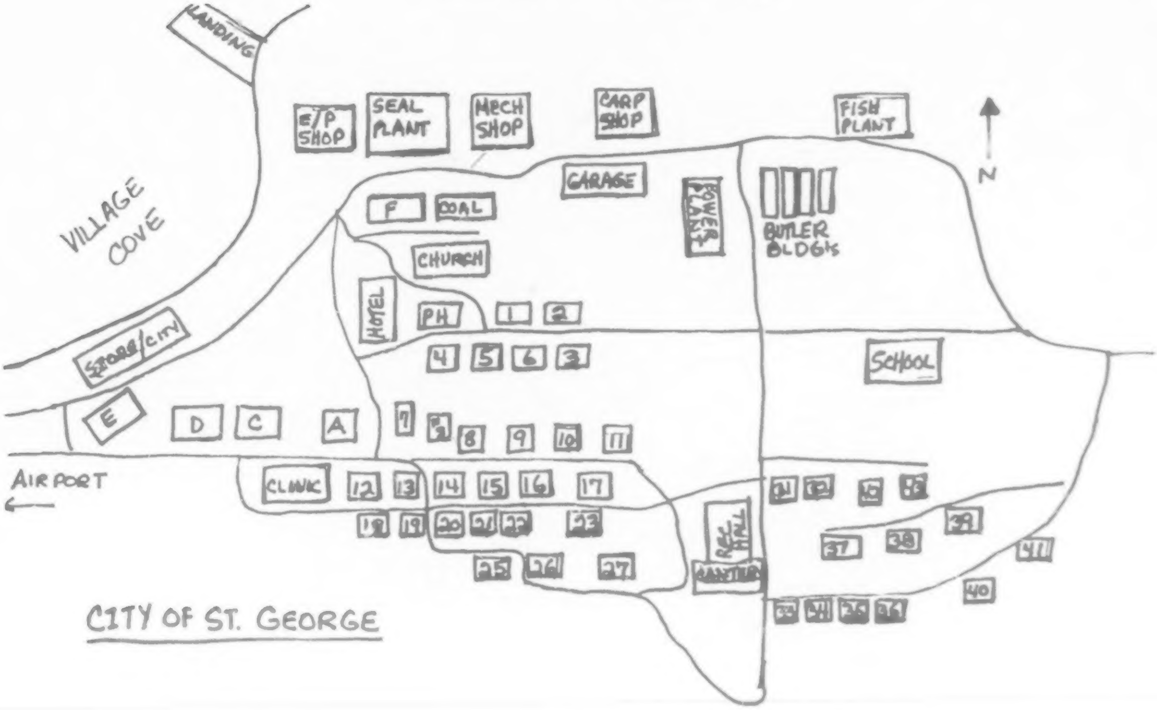
Residence as of Official Census Date

The Official census date is usually July 1, but may differ as many special censuses are conducted at other times of the year. All persons living as 12:01 a.m. on the census date must be counted. Babies born after 12:01 a.m. and persons dying before 12:01 a.m. should not be counted. Similarily, persons moving **in** after that time are not counted as residents, nor are those moving **out** before that time.

Table V.1.3
Local Census Administered by the Department of Labor

Area	Year Done	Population	Housing Units	Cost per Person Counted
Wrangell	1981	2321	885	N/A
Cordova	1981	2114	854	2.25
Petersburg	1981	2918	1104	1.10
Fairbanks City	1981	23564	9853	1.92
Unalaska	1981	1054	469	2.57
Nome	1981	1022	2956	2.01
Kotzebue	1982	2464	724	N/A
Haines	1982	1074	339	N/A
Kodiak	1982	12714	3476	1.39
Kenai Peninsula Borough	1982	32303	13019	4.89
Valdez	1982	3694	1429	2.60
Ketchikan Borough	1293	12643	5135	1.12
Kenai Peninsula Borough	1984	38919	16234	6.11

Figure V.1.2
Enumerator's Map of St. George


LANDING
E/P SHOP
SEAL PLANT
MECH SHOP
CARP SHOP
FISH PLANT
N
VILLAGE COVE
GARAGE
F
COAL
POWER PLANT
BUTLER BLDG's
CHURCH
HOTEL
PH
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2
4
5
6
3
SCHOOL
STORE/CITY
E
D
C
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AIRPORT
CLINIC
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CITY OF ST. GEORGE

V.2 Planning the 1990 Census in Alaska

Planning the 1990 Census in Alaska

By Kathryn Lizik, State Data Center Coordinator

Getting a National Census Started

Every 10 years the Census Bureau conducts a head and housing count as authorized by the U.S. Constitution and Title 13 of the U.S. Code. The constitutional mandate for a decennial census is to ensure each seat in the U.S. House of Representatives is apportioned by nearly equal population sizes. The census, however, provides much more than just population counts. Federal, state, and local governments, nonprofit organizations, and private business have all come to depend on the broad array of social and economic statistics also made available from the census. The data are used extensively for planning and decision making, maintaining efficient operation, and insuring a fair distribution of resources among the nation's people.

Planning for an operation the size of a decennial census requires a very long lead time. The first step is usually review of the prior census. In 1982, the Anchorage based Institute of Social and Economic Research evaluated Alaska's portion of the 1980 census. The report indicated major improvements were needed in the areas of census geography, training of enumerators, and public outreach and education.

Federal level planning started in 1983. The Census Bureau began their preparatory work with a full examination of the 1980 census and continued by establishing general timetables and initiating several testing activities. It is hoped these preliminary steps will help avoid many unforeseen problems which occurred in 1980. Issues such as questionnaire content and adjustment methodology reflect some of those problems. Others dealt with poor maps, difficulties with training and retaining enumerators, and funding shortages.

Improvements the Bureau hopes to implement in 1990 include: greater solicitation of user feedback through public meetings; reduction of costs while maintaining data quality; maintenance of publication release deadlines; incorporation of more automation into the collecting and processing of census information; and maintenance of a high level of accuracy.

Part of the 1990 census process will involve the use of Federal State Cooperative programs found in each of the fifty states. The programs insure a greater degree of state input at not only the preparatory stages but also the review end. The Alaska State Data Center and the Federal State Cooperative for Population Estimates, located in the Demographics Unit of the Alaska Department of Labor, Research and Analysis, will both be working closely with the U.S. Census Bureau in planning for the 1990 census in Alaska. Emphasis of the two cooperative programs will be on solicitation of information and guidance from Alaskan communities to insure adequate local review before, during, and after 1990.

Choosing Questions for Census Content

After evaluation of the 1980 census comes the selection of questions to be asked on the 1990 census. These questions must be made final and reviewed by Congress by 1988. Two types of census questionnaires were used in 1980, the short form and the long form. The short form (100 percent or complete count), contained 19 questions. It was delivered to every household and required answers by every U.S. citizen.

The long form (sample count) contained 46 additional population and housing questions. These questions were asked of 17 percent of all housing units nationwide and 50 percent of those in incorporated places of 2,500 or less.

Putting together a census questionnaire requires consultation with thousands of people to make sure the best questions will be included. Among the groups which review and make suggestions are the Federal Agency Council for Demographic Censuses, the American Statistical Association, the American Marketing Association, and the American Economic Association. Additional input is received from other academic and business groups, state officials, geographers, and computer analysts. The Bureau also sought comments on questions from the general public through Local Public Meetings. Alaska hosted two during June of 1985. These meetings gave interested persons the opportunity to critique the prior decennial census, and to suggest improvements in questionnaire content and procedures for the next.

Far more questions were suggested during these consultations than could be incorporated onto the questionnaire forms. In fact it is highly unlikely the total number of questions chosen for the 1990 census will increase over those of 1980. Additional questions are costly and tend to increase the burden on those answering, lowering the response rate. Usually questions must be deleted for new ones to be added.

Preparation of census questions also requires editing to insure clarity. It is important that questions be worded in such a way so as to elicit the same response by as many people as possible. The wording of questions like every aspect of census preparation is tested in select communities.

Census Geography

Another planning step towards census day is the proper delineation of geographic boundaries, preparation of maps, and improving the technology used for assigning census data to a proper geographic area. Over 40 different geographic areas exist for tabulating data, ranging from a block to the nation as a whole. All are categorized according to two basic boundary types: Political (legal) boundaries and statistical boundaries. Political boundaries are usually represented by governmental units such as states, boroughs/census areas, cities, and Alaska Native Villages, or administrative units such as congressional districts or election precincts. However political boundaries do not always define the most meaningful area for conveying economic and population data. To compensate, statistical boundaries were created which classify areas by size and function. Examples include Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA), tracts, blocks, census designated places, and enumeration districts. All boundary types are subject to review, revision and change.

Four principal surveys provide the Census Bureau with legal boundary changes for municipalities, Federal and State Indian Reservations, congressional districts, and election precincts. The Boundary and Annexation Survey is done annually in January. Boundary information for Indian reservations is obtained from the Bureau of Indian Affairs or an appropriate state agency prior to a decennial census. Information on changed congressional districts is received after decennial censuses. And election precinct boundary changes are available three years before census day from states participating in the P.L. 94-171 program. Boundary changes in other areas are solicited by contacting the proper government authorities.

Maintaining the inevitable changes inherent to political or statistical boundaries is a monumental task. To illustrate, the State of Alaska alone added 212 new Native Village boundaries prior to 1980 as a requirement of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. Since 1980 more changes brought the incorporation of seven places, disincorporation of one, three annexations, and the redrawing of the states 27 election districts.

Responsibility for reviewing, or changing, most statistical boundaries lies with the Census Bureau. However the bureau usually works closely with local offices and organizations to insure boundaries meet user needs. Census Statistical Area Committees (located in Anchorage and Fairbanks) delineate census tracts. The deadline for proposed changes effective for the 1990 census is June 1986. Metropolitan Statistical Areas on the other hand are defined by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President. Alaska has only one Metropolitan Statistical Area, Anchorage.

Effective in 1985, the Alaska Department of Labor was delegated the responsibility to choose block group and block numbering area boundaries for 1990. The due date for this project is June 1986.

Another 1990 geographic planning activity is the blocking and map digitizing of the nation. Recognized as the Block Boundary Suggestion Program, the incentive behind this project is to improve population reporting for State legislative redistricting. Blocks will become the basic building component upon which all statistical boundaries and some political boundaries may be based. Blocks will replace the prevalent enumeration district boundaries providing greater consistency with which to aggregate and compare data over time. State participation in this program was also delegated to the Alaska Department of Labor, with a due date of June 1986.

Coupled to the blocking program is the development of a new geographic reference file called TIGER. Every state will have its geographic boundaries digitized into a database from which a broad range of map sizes containing any specified boundary can be created. A further product will be tabulations of data for any unit whose boundaries have been recorded in the file.

Public Awareness

At the same time questionnaire and geography planning are taking place, so is emphasis on ways to obtain public cooperation. Achieving the best count possible depends on a high level of public awareness and support. Although no decennial census has ever successfully recorded every person, several factors have been identified which contribute to the prevailing undercount: suspicion, fear, mobility, apathy, and carelessness. To counteract these factors, several plans for coverage improvement have been devised to increase public cooperation. Pre-canvass operations, movers checks, vacancy checks, and local review name just a few. Since the undercount however, has historically been found to include larger percentages of minority populations, much of the coverage improvement efforts have been directed towards those racial and ethnic groups. Bilingual interviewers, Spanish questionnaires, and the Minority Statistics Program made huge inroads during 1980.

Although heaviest media emphasis on public awareness takes place during the months immediately prior to the census, numerous other informational and outreach meetings are scheduled as early as six years before. Census Tables, Local Public Meetings, Census/Community Network Meetings and geography reviews, all bring the importance of decennial censuses to the public's attention. Alaska hosted at least one of each of these meetings during 1984 and 1985. Census/Community Network Meetings will continue biannually through 1990.

How the Census is Taken

The field operation associated with collecting census data has gone through several evolutions during the last decades, with the 1980 procedure expanding use of the mail-out/mail-back system to over 90 percent of the nation's population. The mail-out/mail-back procedure sends both the short and long form questionnaires directly to pre-listed addresses, requesting return of the questionnaire in an enclosed envelope. The increased use of this system resulted from better responses, better checks of the mail census address lists, and better controlled sampling of housing units answering the long form. In Alaska however conventional door-to-door canvassing took place in 1980. In this case, short-form questionnaires were distributed to postal patrons in urban areas, and enumerators picked them up. Sample questions were asked at every sixth or second housing unit, depending on the sampling rate for the area. In outlying areas, enumerators concurrently listed housing units and conducted short form and sample interviews.

Although no final decisions have been made yet concerning changes in Alaska's enumeration process for 1990, the success of the mail-out/mail-back system may influence the bureau to expand its use to some of the larger urban areas of the State.

Because the census occurs every ten years, it is inevitable the huge work force hired to take the census will only be employed for a few weeks. Each temporary district office employs more than 500 persons, covering jobs from district office manager to supply clerk. However the bulk of workers are field enumerators. Each applicant is required to fill out an application form and take a job-related test that measures their knowledge, skills, and abilities for census work. Since the recruiting effort is so massive, emphasis is directed towards community involvement to help fill the temporary jobs.

After the initial enumeration has ended, several stages of follow up begin in mid-April to double check vacant units, nonresponse addresses, and rejected questionnaires. Both telephone follow-up and housing unit visits are necessary. This final collection phase, usually completed by early June continued well into August for Alaska.

Interspersed throughout the above census operations is the enumeration of nonroutine housing units called special places. Special places include military bases, crews of vessels, hospitals, prisons, universities, parks, resorts, mobile home parks. Special census forms are used which exclude most housing related questions.

Local Review

The final step of the collection phase is local review. The review is conducted for the lowest level of geography for which housing counts are available. The purpose of the review is to give local officials the opportunity to identify major discrepancies between census bureau counts and locally derived estimates. In those parts of the country where the mail-out/mail-back system is used, two reviews are scheduled, a pre-census and post-census. In Alaska where the conventional census took place, only the post-census local review is scheduled.

Local review, though good in concept, does not always provide the results intended. The only information available to many local officials for comparing their counts to the bureau's are building permits, utility connections, or tax records. Since this information is often lacking a quality review is often not possible. Another impeding factor is that local officials may not be trained or experienced in the review process.

The census bureau in conjunction with the Alaska State Data Center and Federal State Cooperative Program for Estimates are tentatively planning training seminars for local officials between 1987 and 1989. Emphasis on establishing records of housing units prior to the census would be a major training consideration.

Processing and Coding the Data

With the conclusion of the local review program, the actual data collection phase comes to an end. Alaska's ended October, 1980. As field and district offices close, all census questionnaires and other related census materials are shipped to a processing center. The questionnaires are first microfilmed, then an optical sensing system transfers the information onto computer tape. When the tabulations are finished, the original paper questionnaires are destroyed. The microfilm is sent to the Age Search Service office in Kansas. The computer tapes become the basis for preparation of the remaining data products.

Although improvements to the processing method are certain to take place, no specific changes have yet been selected for 1990. Since much of the paperwork is still handled manually, the Bureau is testing several computer systems which should further automate both data collection and handling. It is anticipated completed questionnaires will be sent to processing centers earlier, avoiding the massive mailing of a region's entire census questionnaire collection.

First Counts Available

Because the Census Bureau is legally required to provide the President with official State population counts by January 1, the year following the census, preparation of the 100-percent data is given priority. The Bureau must also provide each State with detailed population counts for their redistricting by April 1, the year following the census. An additional factor behind priority processing of 100-percent data is its need for establishing weighting controls for inflating sample responses. Following release of the mandated population counts, attention turns to preparation of the other data products.

Data Products

The final step of every census is the release of the many data products created from the 100% and sample questions. Printed reports, microfiche, summary data on computer tapes, maps, and special tabulations reflect the range of products available. When selecting a product users should keep the following in mind: the larger the geographic area, the more detailed the data will be. Almost any statistic is tabulated at the national level, only 100-percent population counts at the block level. Other considerations might involve cost, ease of access, time of product availability, and suitability of extensive use. Summary tape files always contain the most data, at the most detailed level. However tapes are more expensive and require access to mainframe computers. Printed reports provide a more low cost and easy reference for looking up data, but contain much less geographic and social or economic data.

The report series are organized into three major groups: population, housing, and population/housing. Normally the first released reports are preliminary, followed by the advanced series, and the final. Reports are further differentiated by either containing complete count data or sample data.

Two types of microfiche were generated from the 1980 census: microfiche covering the report series, and microfiche presenting data from selected summary tape files.

Five public use files referred to as summary tape files 1 through 5 were generated offering data on numbers of persons, families, or housing units distributed by their various characteristics.

For those wanting to know more about the census taking process, the following sources may be helpful:

Census '80: Continuing the Factfinder Tradition
1980 Census of Population and Housing, User's Guide
Factfinder to the Nation
Twenty Censuses: Population and Housing Questions 1790-1980
A Technical Review of the 1980 U.S. Census in Alaska

Specific questions may be addressed to Kathryn Lizik, Alaska State Data Center Coordinator, Demographic Unit, Research and Analysis, Alaska Department of Labor, 907-465-4500.

V.3 Migration to and from Alaska

Migration to and from Alaska

By Greg Williams, State Demographer

Beginning in 1984, Alaska has at its disposal for the first time new information on migration. This new source is Internal Revenue Service migration statistics. While these statistics have been available to the U.S. Census Bureau for some time and have aided in the generation of Census Bureau estimates, only recently have they been released to the states. Their availability has significantly improved our ability to track the illusive migration component of population change.

While the United States has a birth and death registration system, there is no registry of information on the movement of people from one place in the U.S. to another within the country. Where there is rapid population growth, well over half of the growth is frequently accounted for by migration as opposed to natural increase in the form of births and deaths. The lack of accurate migration indicators is, therefore, the most important single factor in the inaccuracy of population estimates.

The basic balancing equation for computing population as shown below is quite simple.

$$P2 = P1 + (B-D) + (IM-OM) + e$$

where:

P2 = The population estimate or count at the end of some time period.
P1 = The population estimate or count at the beginning of some time period.
B = Births reported during the time period.
D = Deaths reported during the time period.
IM = In-migration estimated during the time period.
OM = Out-migration estimated during the time period.
e = Error from all sources.

Frequently, net migration is computed as a byproduct of the population estimation process rather than an input into a population estimate. This is the case when migration and migration rates are computed as a residual. The population is counted or estimated at two points in time. From the difference in these populations is subtracted the natural increase (births-deaths) and the remainder is assumed to be the net migration. Residual migration is a passive component under these circumstances.

In addition, residual net migration also contains any error which exists in any number in the equation. This can be in the form of census error, estimation error, or incomplete birth or death registration. While birth and death registration is virtually complete at the state level, geographic coding error may increase the degree of error for smaller geographic areas such as boroughs or census areas.

In addition, census error in 1980 may be at least five percent in Alaska and the difference in error between the 1970 and 1980 censuses may be on the order of two percent. If the level of residual migration is four percent, it is quite possible for the estimate to reflect as much error as migration. Nevertheless residual net migration has been and still is extensively computed, reported, and used in part because there was nothing better and because the degree of error is assumed to be constant over time.

IRS Migration

The availability and use of Internal Revenue Service data allows an independent indicator of migration to be computed. Tabulating the data for IRS migration requires the comparison of about 90 million income tax return records for two years. Returns with changes of address are tabulated by county of origin and destination. The result is a matrix of over 3,141 by 3,141 counties, or county equivalents, with the total number of no change, out-migrants and in-migrants for every county in America. This summary is provided to the Census Bureau for use in estimating migration. Only the numbers of non-movers and migrants are reported to the census bureau to retain confidentiality, and in the county to county flows small flows are suppressed as an added element to maintaining confidentiality.

Exemptions on matched returns (returns filed in both the beginning and ending year for filers under age 65 on the estimate date) are used because they have a more logical relationship with population on returns.

As valuable as these data are for estimating migration they do have limitations. They apply to persons under 65. They count filers and dependents. IRS migration misses persons who do not file tax returns in one or both years being compared so that new filers are missed. Of note to Alaska is that persons living on subsistence and not filing tax returns are missed.

Migration Rates

Migration involves two distinct movements: in-migration, those persons moving into an area; and out-migration, those moving out of an area. What is usually reported as migration is the net balance of these two forces, or 'net migration'. This is the net gain or loss to a community due to migration. Also of interest to some persons is the 'gross migration'. This is the total amount of movement as a result of adding the in and out migration. Real estate agents are frequently interested in gross migration because every time someone moves in or out they may potentially generate real estate business. If the in-migration equals the out-migration then the net migration will be zero. However, if the turnover is high, the gross migration may be quite substantial. This is generally true of places with large military populations. Station strengths may remain stable but troops are rotated on a regular basis. Tables V.3.1, V.3.2, V.3.3, and Figures V.3.1 and V.3.2 show the trends in these different migration rates for Alaska.

The statistics as they are provided by the IRS may not be released until they are converted into migration rates. This further protects against the identification of any individual. The net migration rate for any period is then defined as:

$$\text{Net Migration Rate} = \frac{\text{(Exemptions on in-migration returns) - (Exemptions on out-migration returns)}}{\text{Exemptions on matched returns (Nonmovers)}}$$

State to State Net and Gross Flows

State to state IRS migration rates for years between 1970 and 1983 are shown in Tables V.3.1 and V.3.2. Trends from 1976-77 to 1982-83 in gross and net migration to and from the states which contributed the most to the exchange of migrants with Alaska are presented in Figures V.3.1 and V.3.2.

Migration to and from Alaska can be broken into two categories, migration from out-of-state and migration between different boroughs and census areas in Alaska. In general, people tend to more frequently move short distances as opposed to long distances. It is no surprise that the states that contribute the most migrants to Alaska are the west coast and mountain states nearest to Alaska. Of all the people who have moved to or from Alaska in the 1980's, about half moved from or to: Washington (14%), California (12%), Oregon (7%), Texas (7%), Colorado (4%), Florida (4%), Idaho (3%), or Arizona (3%). The remaining states contributed 2% or less each to the stream of migrants.

The regional distribution of persons who moved to and from Alaska in the 1980's are as follows: Pacific (34%), Mountain (16%), South Atlantic (13%), West South Central (11%), East North Central (7%), West North Central (7%), East South Central (4%), Middle Atlantic (4%), and New England (3%). The South Atlantic states have a heavier than expected contribution of migrants because they are the home of a number of major military and Coast Guard bases which regularly rotate personnel to Alaska.

Given the regional distribution of migrants to Alaska, it is not surprising that while migration to and from the state is in part dependent upon federal military and program policy, it is also strongly dependent upon Alaska's economic opportunities relative to those in the West and in particular the Pacific Northwest.

In general, the states that contribute the most to an in-migration in times of prosperity in Alaska are also the ones people go back to when times get hard. Changes in in-migration, however, are more rapid than changes in out-migration. People are more easily attracted to an area than repelled from an area. If there is not a positive attraction to lure a potential migrant somewhere else, then all options to remaining in a place must be exhausted in order to force a person to leave. More often than not the decision to migrate is a mixture of attractions and repulsions which collectively effect the decision to move. While there are many factors affecting a family's or individual's decision to move, the most important factor for persons in the working ages is almost always closely associated with relative economic activity.

For a geographic area, a mix of the economic factors may affect both in-migration and out-migration. Of critical importance is the relative economic conditions in key employment industries in the primary sending and receiving states or regions. Thus, if there is logging work in Southeast Alaska at a time when the logging industry is depressed in Oregon or Washington, then there is a push for loggers to leave those states and a pull to move to Southeast Alaska. The community which relies upon a single industry is the most vulnerable to unstable migration rates. If there are several industries the effect of growth or decline can be less severe and migration flows may be more stable.

Borough and Census Area Flows

Flows of migrants within boroughs and census areas are made up of people coming from or going to out-of-state destinations and people coming from or going to other areas of Alaska. These flows for the 1980's are shown in Table V.3.3. The places and conditions which attract out-of-state migrants are not necessarily the same as those which attract people already living in Alaska.

During 1982-83, for example, the census areas which had the highest net gain in population because of migration from other areas of Alaska were: Matanuska-Susitna 12.8%, Haines 3.3%, Kenai 1.5%, Nome 1.3%, and Juneau 1.0%.

During 1982-83, the census areas which had over 5% net gain in population as a result of migration from out-of-state were: Anchorage 8.5%, Matanuska-Susitna 7.9%, Fairbanks North Star 6.4%, Bristol Bay 6.2%, Prince of Wales-Outer Ketchikan 5.9%, Southeast Fairbanks 5.7%, Kenai 5.6%, Ketchikan-Gateway 5.6%, Valdez-Cordova 5.1%, and Juneau 5.0%.

While Matanuska-Susitna, Kenai and Juneau were attractive to both Alaskans and non-Alaskan's alike, Anchorage, Fairbanks, Bristol Bay, Prince of Wales-Outer Ketchikan, Southeast Fairbanks, Ketchikan, and Valdez-Cordova were more likely to attract migrants from down south. Some of the migration to Anchorage, Fairbanks North Star and Southeast Fairbanks was due to military movement. Bristol Bay, Prince of Wales-Outer Ketchikan, and Ketchikan-Gateway were attractive to persons associated with fishing or logging from the Pacific Northwest. Valdez-Cordova outside migrants are heavily associated with the pipeline.

TABLE V.3.1 MIGRATION RATES TO AND FROM ALASKA 1970-73, 1976-77, 1978-1979.

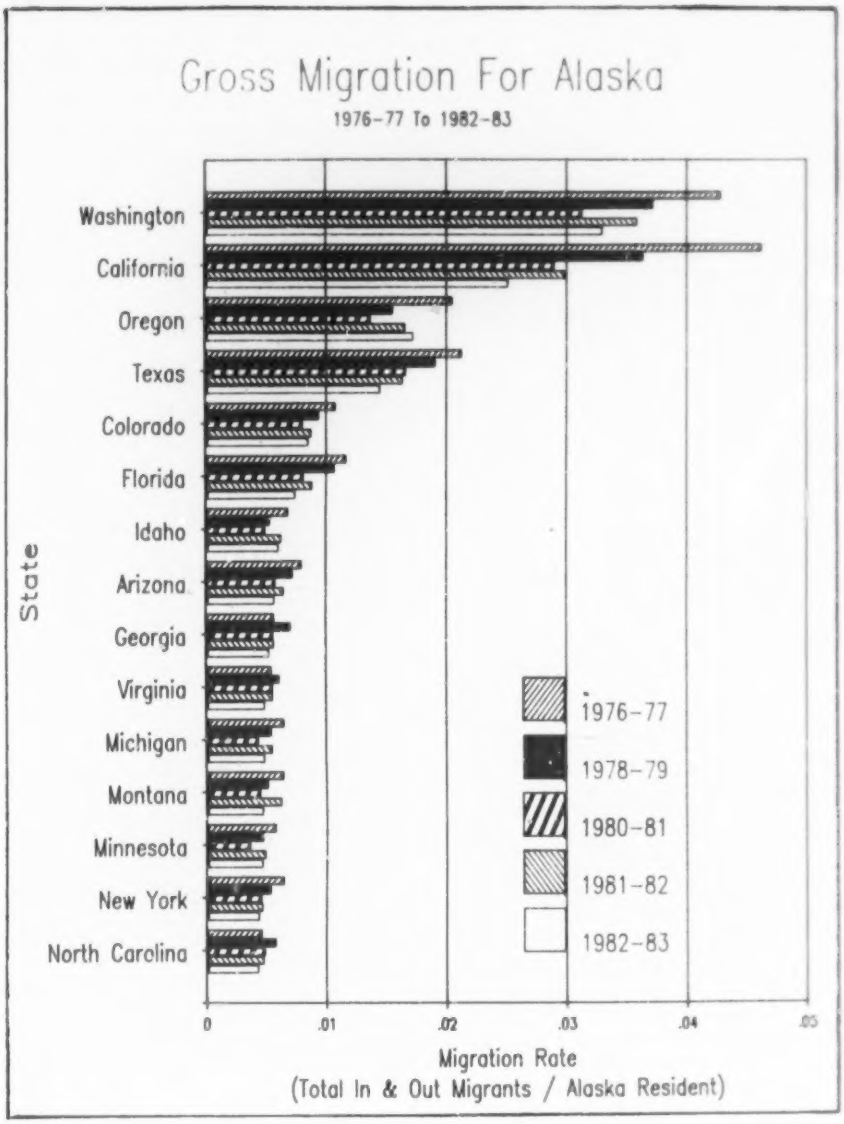
STATE	1970-73				1976-77				1978-79			
	IN	OUT	NET	GROSS	IN	OUT	NET	GROSS	IN	OUT	NET	GROSS
ALABAMA	0.0065	0.0059	0.0006	0.0125	0.0019	0.0020	.0000	0.0039	0.0024	0.0017	0.0007	0.0040
ARIZONA	0.0078	0.0096	-0.0018	0.0174	0.0044	0.0037	0.0007	0.0081	0.0035	0.0038	-0.0004	0.0073
ARKANSAS	0.0040	0.0042	-0.0002	0.0082	0.0015	0.0017	-0.0002	0.0031	0.0012	0.0016	-0.0004	0.0029
CALIFORNIA	0.0671	0.0473	0.0197	0.1144	0.0261	0.0203	0.0059	0.0464	0.0178	0.0186	-0.0008	0.0365
COLORADO	0.0145	0.0136	0.0009	0.0281	0.0047	0.0062	-0.0015	0.0109	0.0049	0.0046	0.0002	0.0095
CONNECTICUT	0.0023	0.0020	0.0003	0.0042	0.0008	0.0004	0.0004	0.0012	0.0006	0.0005	0.0001	0.0011
DELAWARE	0.0011	0.0009	0.0002	0.0020	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0005	0.0004	0.0002	0.0002	0.0007
WASHINGTON D.C.	0.0008	0.0007	0.0001	0.0015	0.0002	0.0002	.0000	0.0004	0.0002	0.0002	.0000	0.0004
FLORIDA	0.0199	0.0170	0.0029	0.0368	0.0064	0.0054	0.0010	0.0118	0.0056	0.0051	0.0005	0.0108
GEORGIA	0.0096	0.0088	0.0008	0.0184	0.0027	0.0030	-0.0003	0.0058	0.0041	0.0030	0.0010	0.0071
HAWAII	0.0033	0.0037	-0.0004	0.0070	0.0017	0.0017	-0.0001	0.0034	0.0013	0.0016	-0.0003	0.0029
IDAHO	0.0073	0.0060	0.0014	0.0133	0.0034	0.0036	-0.0002	0.0070	0.0026	0.0028	-0.0002	0.0054
ILLINOIS	0.0112	0.0085	0.0027	0.0196	0.0025	0.0020	0.0005	0.0046	0.0020	0.0022	-0.0002	0.0042
INDIANA	0.0050	0.0042	0.0008	0.0092	0.0012	0.0013	-0.0001	0.0024	0.0009	0.0011	-0.0001	0.0020
IOWA	0.0035	0.0025	0.0010	0.0061	0.0007	0.0007	.0000	0.0015	0.0009	0.0007	0.0003	0.0016
KANSAS	0.0066	0.0050	0.0016	0.0116	0.0012	0.0018	-0.0006	0.0030	0.0021	0.0017	0.0004	0.0038
KENTUCKY	0.0046	0.0051	-0.0004	0.0097	0.0015	0.0016	-0.0002	0.0031	0.0021	0.0015	0.0006	0.0036
LOUISIANA	0.0060	0.0059	0.0001	0.0120	0.0024	0.0018	0.0005	0.0042	0.0022	0.0021	0.0001	0.0043
MAINE	0.0028	0.0025	0.0003	0.0053	0.0010	0.0010	.0000	0.0020	0.0007	0.0011	-0.0004	0.0018
MARYLAND	0.0069	0.0075	-0.0007	0.0144	0.0017	0.0018	-0.0002	0.0035	0.0017	0.0017	.0000	0.0033
MASSACHUSETTS	0.0052	0.0050	0.0002	0.0102	0.0014	0.0012	0.0002	0.0025	0.0015	0.0012	0.0003	0.0027
MICHIGAN	0.0112	0.0084	0.0028	0.0196	0.0038	0.0028	0.0010	0.0066	0.0030	0.0025	0.0005	0.0054
MINNESOTA	0.0101	0.0062	0.0038	0.0163	0.0031	0.0027	0.0003	0.0058	0.0023	0.0025	-0.0002	0.0048
MISSISSIPPI	0.0037	0.0037	0.0000	0.0075	0.0013	0.0011	0.0002	0.0024	0.0013	0.0011	0.0001	0.0024
MISSOURI	0.0069	0.0079	-0.0010	0.0148	0.0021	0.0027	-0.0007	0.0048	0.0018	0.0019	-0.0001	0.0037
MONTANA	0.0081	0.0054	0.0027	0.0136	0.0034	0.0031	0.0003	0.0065	0.0022	0.0030	-0.0008	0.0052
NEBRASKA	0.0052	0.0038	0.0015	0.0090	0.0011	0.0014	-0.0003	0.0025	0.0012	0.0009	0.0003	0.0021
NEVADA	0.0037	0.0031	0.0006	0.0068	0.0020	0.0019	0.0001	0.0039	0.0013	0.0018	-0.0006	0.0031
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0.0017	0.0015	0.0002	0.0033	0.0006	0.0006	0.0001	0.0012	0.0006	0.0006	.0000	0.0012
NEW JERSEY	0.0062	0.0046	0.0017	0.0108	0.0021	0.0013	0.0009	0.0034	0.0015	0.0012	0.0003	0.0027
NEW MEXICO	0.0059	0.0057	0.0003	0.0116	0.0020	0.0022	-0.0002	0.0041	0.0021	0.0017	0.0005	0.0038
NEW YORK	0.0118	0.0090	0.0027	0.0208	0.0040	0.0026	0.0014	0.0065	0.0029	0.0025	0.0004	0.0054
NORTH CAROLINA	0.0092	0.0079	0.0013	0.0172	0.0024	0.0023	0.0002	0.0047	0.0034	0.0025	0.0009	0.0059
NORTH DAKOTA	0.0027	0.0024	0.0003	0.0052	0.0007	0.0009	-0.0001	0.0016	0.0006	0.0005	0.0001	0.0012
OHIO	0.0113	0.0077	0.0036	0.0190	0.0026	0.0024	0.0002	0.0049	0.0020	0.0019	0.0001	0.0039
OKLAHOMA	0.0081	0.0080	0.0001	0.0161	0.0026	0.0031	-0.0005	0.0057	0.0022	0.0027	-0.0005	0.0049
OREGON	0.0241	0.0190	0.0052	0.0431	0.0096	0.0110	-0.0014	0.0206	0.0066	0.0091	-0.0025	0.0156
PENNSYLVANIA	0.0093	0.0063	0.0030	0.0155	0.0019	0.0016	0.0003	0.0035	0.0016	0.0014	0.0002	0.0030
RHODE ISLAND	0.0007	0.0007	0.0000	0.0015	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0003	0.0002	0.0002	0.0000	0.0003
SOUTH CAROLINA	0.0050	0.0057	-0.0007	0.0107	0.0014	0.0014	.0000	0.0028	0.0018	0.0011	0.0006	0.0029
SOUTH DAKOTA	0.0031	0.0020	0.0011	0.0051	0.0008	0.0008	.0000	0.0016	0.0007	0.0008	-0.0001	0.0014
TENNESSEE	0.0041	0.0046	-0.0005	0.0087	0.0010	0.0016	-0.0007	0.0026	0.0012	0.0014	-0.0002	0.0026
TEXAS	0.0323	0.0349	-0.0026	0.0672	0.0110	0.0104	0.0005	0.0214	0.0097	0.0094	0.0003	0.0191
UTAH	0.0046	0.0044	0.0003	0.0090	0.0016	0.0019	-0.0004	0.0035	0.0016	0.0016	.0000	0.0033
VERMONT	0.0008	0.0006	0.0002	0.0014	0.0003	0.0003	.0000	0.0006	0.0002	0.0003	.0000	0.0005
VIRGINIA	0.0116	0.0112	0.0004	0.0228	0.0027	0.0028	-0.0001	0.0055	0.0031	0.0031	.0000	0.0062
WASHINGTON	0.0566	0.0341	0.0224	0.0907	0.0204	0.0226	-0.0022	0.0430	0.0150	0.0223	-0.0074	0.0373
WEST VIRGINIA	0.0017	0.0018	-0.0001	0.0035	0.0004	0.0004	.0000	0.0008	0.0003	0.0004	-0.0001	0.0007
WISCONSIN	0.0062	0.0039	0.0023	0.0101	0.0019	0.0015	0.0004	0.0034	0.0014	0.0015	-0.0001	0.0028
WYOMING	0.0027	0.0026	.0000	0.0053	0.0010	0.0011	-0.0002	0.0021	0.0010	0.0010	.0000	0.0021
TOTAL	0.3410	0.2806	0.0603	0.6216	0.1363	0.1316	0.0047	0.2679	0.1163	0.1221	-0.0058	0.2385

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Source: I.R.S. Migration Data

TABLE V.3.2 MIGRATION RATES TO AND FROM ALASKA, 1980-81, 1981-82, 1982-83.

	1980-81				1981-82				1982-83			
STATE	IN	OUT	NET	GROSS	IN	OUT	NET	GROSS	IN	OUT	NET	GROSS
ALABAMA	0.0017	0.0021	-0.0004	0.0037	0.0019	0.0016	0.0002	0.0035	0.0015	0.0014	0.0001	0.0029
ARIZONA	0.0032	0.0026	0.0006	0.0059	0.0043	0.0023	0.0021	0.0066	0.0036	0.0021	0.0015	0.0058
ARKANSAS	0.0012	0.0011	0.0001	0.0023	0.0018	0.0009	0.0009	0.0028	0.0012	0.0010	0.0002	0.0022
CALIFORNIA	0.0158	0.0133	0.0025	0.0291	0.0177	0.0123	0.0053	0.0300	0.0152	0.0100	0.0051	0.0252
COLORADO	0.0044	0.0038	0.0006	0.0081	0.0052	0.0037	0.0015	0.0089	0.0054	0.0032	0.0022	0.0086
CONNECTICUT	0.0004	0.0003	0.0001	0.0008	0.0007	0.0003	0.0004	0.0010	0.0005	0.0003	0.0002	0.0008
DELAWARE	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0004	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0006	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001	0.0004
WASHINGTON D.C.	0.0001	0.0002	.0000	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0003	0.0001	0.0002	.0000	0.0003
FLORIDA	0.0043	0.0039	0.0004	0.0082	0.0050	0.0040	0.0010	0.0090	0.0042	0.0034	0.0008	0.0075
GEORGIA	0.0025	0.0032	-0.0007	0.0057	0.0032	0.0025	0.0007	0.0058	0.0030	0.0023	0.0007	0.0053
HAWAII	0.0015	0.0017	-0.0002	0.0032	0.0017	0.0015	0.0002	0.0032	0.0017	0.0016	0.0001	0.0032
IDAHO	0.0031	0.0019	0.0012	0.0050	0.0046	0.0017	0.0029	0.0064	0.0042	0.0019	0.0023	0.0061
ILLINOIS	0.0024	0.0014	0.0010	0.0039	0.0027	0.0016	0.0011	0.0043	0.0024	0.0014	0.0010	0.0037
INDIANA	0.0011	0.0007	0.0005	0.0018	0.0014	0.0009	0.0005	0.0024	0.0010	0.0008	0.0003	0.0018
IOWA	0.0007	0.0004	0.0004	0.0011	0.0009	0.0005	0.0004	0.0014	0.0007	0.0004	0.0003	0.0011
KANSAS	0.0015	0.0017	-0.0002	0.0032	0.0018	0.0012	0.0006	0.0031	0.0017	0.0012	0.0005	0.0029
KENTUCKY	0.0013	0.0012	0.0001	0.0024	0.0016	0.0014	0.0002	0.0030	0.0015	0.0012	0.0003	0.0028
LOUISIANA	0.0017	0.0017	-0.0001	0.0034	0.0021	0.0015	0.0006	0.0035	0.0018	0.0016	0.0002	0.0033
MAINE	0.0009	0.0008	0.0001	0.0017	0.0009	0.0009	.0000	0.0019	0.0009	0.0007	0.0002	0.0015
MARYLAND	0.0012	0.0013	-0.0001	0.0026	0.0017	0.0012	0.0004	0.0029	0.0014	0.0011	0.0003	0.0025
MASSACHUSETTS	0.0013	0.0011	0.0002	0.0024	0.0015	0.0009	0.0006	0.0024	0.0012	0.0008	0.0004	0.0020
MICHIGAN	0.0027	0.0017	0.0009	0.0044	0.0038	0.0018	0.0021	0.0056	0.0035	0.0014	0.0021	0.0049
MINNESOTA	0.0023	0.0014	0.0008	0.0037	0.0037	0.0013	0.0024	0.0050	0.0036	0.0011	0.0025	0.0047
MISSISSIPPI	0.0010	0.0009	0.0001	0.0019	0.0012	0.0008	0.0004	0.0020	0.0010	0.0007	0.0002	0.0017
MISSOURI	0.0015	0.0016	-0.0001	0.0031	0.0022	0.0017	0.0005	0.0038	0.0019	0.0014	0.0004	0.0033
MONTANA	0.0030	0.0016	0.0013	0.0046	0.0044	0.0019	0.0026	0.0063	0.0032	0.0015	0.0017	0.0048
NEBRASKA	0.0011	0.0007	0.0004	0.0018	0.0010	0.0007	0.0003	0.0017	0.0010	0.0007	0.0003	0.0017
NEVADA	0.0014	0.0013	.0000	0.0027	0.0018	0.0011	0.0007	0.0029	0.0020	0.0009	0.0010	0.0029
NEW HAMPSHIRE	0.0006	0.0004	0.0002	0.0010	0.0007	0.0005	0.0002	0.0012	0.0006	0.0004	0.0002	0.0010
NEW JERSEY	0.0014	0.0008	0.0005	0.0022	0.0015	0.0007	0.0008	0.0022	0.0011	0.0010	0.0001	0.0020
NEW MEXICO	0.0017	0.0016	0.0001	0.0033	0.0022	0.0015	0.0007	0.0036	0.0019	0.0011	0.0008	0.0029
NEW YORK	0.0025	0.0021	0.0004	0.0047	0.0030	0.0017	0.0013	0.0048	0.0027	0.0018	0.0008	0.0045
NORTH CAROLINA	0.0024	0.0026	-0.0002	0.0050	0.0029	0.0019	0.0010	0.0049	0.0023	0.0021	0.0002	0.0044
NORTH DAKOTA	0.0006	0.0007	.0000	0.0013	0.0009	0.0007	0.0002	0.0016	0.0008	0.0007	0.0002	0.0015
OHIO	0.0020	0.0015	0.0005	0.0036	0.0022	0.0013	0.0009	0.0034	0.0019	0.0013	0.0006	0.0033
OKLAHOMA	0.0019	0.0024	-0.0005	0.0044	0.0025	0.0024	0.0001	0.0049	0.0018	0.0019	-0.0001	0.0036
OREGON	0.0083	0.0055	0.0027	0.0138	0.0118	0.0049	0.0069	0.0167	0.0127	0.0047	0.0080	0.0173
PENNSYLVANIA	0.0016	0.0011	0.0005	0.0026	0.0018	0.0012	0.0005	0.0030	0.0018	0.0010	0.0008	0.0028
RHODE ISLAND	0.0001	0.0001	.0000	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0003
SOUTH CAROLINA	0.0013	0.0014	-0.0001	0.0027	0.0016	0.0012	0.0004	0.0029	0.0014	0.0012	0.0003	0.0026
SOUTH DAKOTA	0.0007	0.0004	0.0003	0.0011	0.0009	0.0005	0.0003	0.0014	0.0009	0.0005	0.0004	0.0014
TENNESSEE	0.0011	0.0009	0.0002	0.0020	0.0014	0.0013	0.0001	0.0027	0.0014	0.0010	0.0004	0.0023
TEXAS	0.0080	0.0087	-0.0007	0.0167	0.0090	0.0075	0.0015	0.0165	0.0085	0.0061	0.0024	0.0146
UTAH	0.0016	0.0012	0.0004	0.0029	0.0023	0.0014	0.0009	0.0037	0.0019	0.0013	0.0007	0.0032
VERMONT	0.0004	0.0002	0.0002	0.0005	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0005	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0004
VIRGINIA	0.0026	0.0030	-0.0004	0.0056	0.0029	0.0028	0.0001	0.0056	0.0027	0.0022	0.0005	0.0049
WASHINGTON	0.0173	0.0141	0.0033	0.0314	0.0229	0.0130	0.0099	0.0360	0.0216	0.0115	0.0102	0.0331
WEST VIRGINIA	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0006	0.0004	0.0002	0.0003	0.0006	0.0003	0.0003	.0000	0.0006
WISCONSIN	0.0017	0.0010	0.0007	0.0026	0.0023	0.0008	0.0015	0.0032	0.0020	0.0008	0.0012	0.0028
WYOMING	0.0012	0.0009	0.0003	0.0021	0.0014	0.0007	0.0006	0.0021	0.0013	0.0005	0.0008	0.0018
TOTAL	0.1119	0.0953	0.0166	0.2072	0.1415	0.0889	0.0525	0.2304	0.1290	0.0794	0.0495	0.2084

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.


Gross Migration For Alaska
1976-77 To 1982-83
State
Washington
California
Oregon
Texas
Colorado
Florida
Idaho
Arizona
Georgia
Virginia
Michigan
Montana
Minnesota
New York
North Carolina
1976-77
1978-79
1980-81
1981-82
1982-83
0
.01
.02
.03
.04
.05
Migration Rate
(Total In & Out Migrants / Alaska Resident)

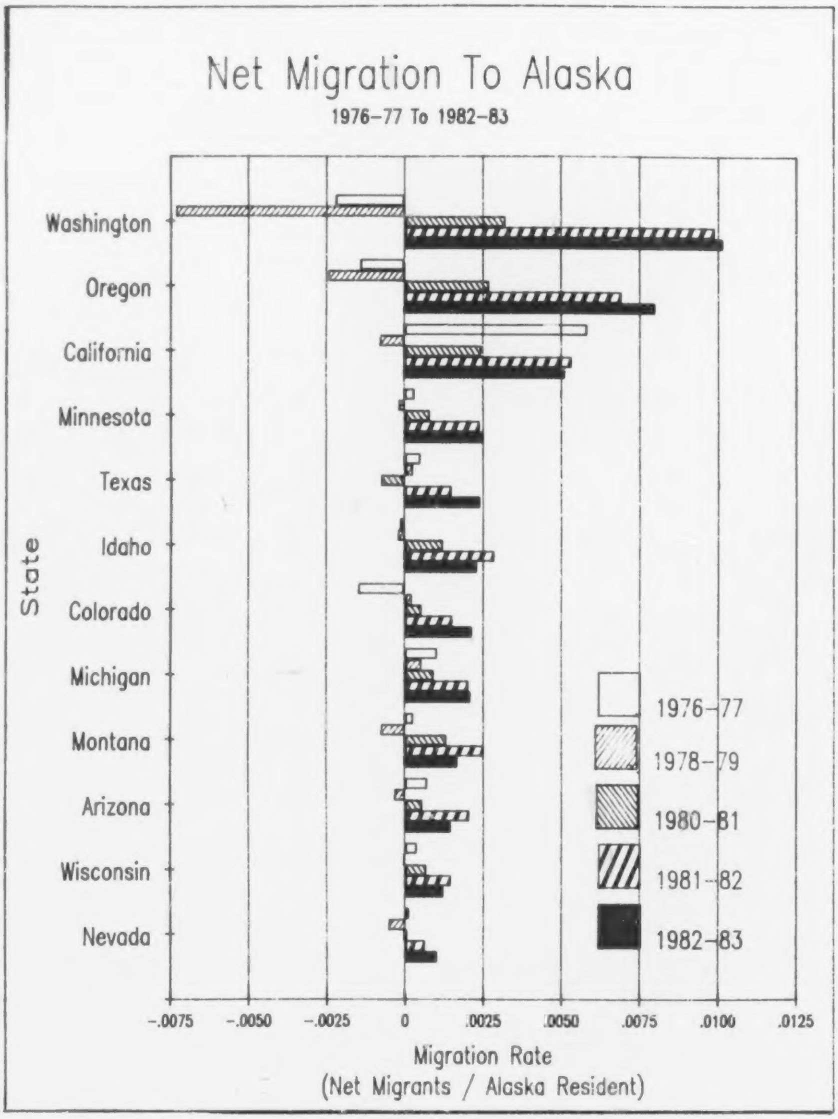

Net Migration To Alaska
1976–77 To 1982–83
State
Washington
Oregon
California
Minnesota
Texas
Idaho
Colorado
Michigan
Montana
Arizona
Wisconsin
Nevada
-.0075
-.0050
-.0025
0
.0025
.0050
.0075
.0100
.0125
Migration Rate
(Net Migrants / Alaska Resident)
1976–77
1978–79
1980–81
1981–82
1982–83

TABLE V.3.3 NET MIGRATION RATES FOR ALASKA CENSUS AREAS, 1980-81, 1981-82, 1982-83.

CENSUS AREAS	1980-81 NET MIGRATION RATES			1981-82 NET MIGRATION RATES			1982-83 NET MIGRATION RATES		
	TOTAL	OTHER ALASKA C.A.'s	OTHER STATES	TOTAL	OTHER ALASKA C.A.'s	OTHER STATES	TOTAL	OTHER ALASKA C.A.'s	OTHER STATES
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS CENSUS AREA	0.0424	-0.0123	0.0532	-0.0214	-0.0290	-0.0017	-0.0241	-0.0302	-0.0033
ANCHORAGE BOROUGH	0.0175	0.0003	0.0177	0.0692	-0.0011	0.0721	0.0742	-0.0084	0.0845
BETHEL CENSUS AREA	0.0127	-0.0097	0.0232	0.0197	-0.0108	0.0315	0.0350	0.0001	0.0361
BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH	0.0400	...	...	0.0372	-0.0209	0.0602	0.0586	0.0013	0.0622
DILLINGHAM CENSUS AREA	0.0157	-0.0007	0.0173	0.0290	-0.0086	0.0398	0.0374	0.0090	0.0299
FAIRBANKS-NORTH STAR BOROUGH	0.0066	-0.0004	0.0072	0.0792	0.0048	0.0769	0.0577	-0.0046	0.0638
HAINES BOROUGH	0.0417	0.0194	0.0239	0.0166	-0.0193	0.0376	0.0381	0.0331	0.0073
JUNEAU BOROUGH	0.0441	0.0084	0.0374	0.0485	0.0040	0.0462	0.0581	0.0099	0.0504
KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH	0.0291	0.0054	0.0249	0.0612	0.0119	0.0520	0.0687	0.0149	0.0564
KETCHIKAN-GATEWAY BOROUGH	0.0333	-0.0105	0.0448	0.0164	-0.0140	0.0305	0.0390	-0.0150	0.0555
KOBUK CENSUS AREA	0.0019	-0.0087	0.0110	0.0194	0.0046	0.0155	0.0149	0.0011	0.0144
KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH	-0.0202	-0.0214	-0.0020	-0.0054	-0.0304	0.0223	0.0121	-0.0175	0.0288
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH	0.0609	0.0375	0.0265	0.1339	0.0746	0.0658	0.1976	0.1276	0.0792
NOME CENSUS AREA	0.0121	-0.0067	0.0198	0.0222	-0.0013	0.0248	0.0356	0.0132	0.0239
NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH	0.0410	0.0072	0.0360	0.0376	-0.0067	0.0467	0.0395	-0.0029	0.0448
PR. OF WALES-OUTER KETCHIKAN	0.1156	...	...	0.0192	-0.0075	0.0279	0.0650	0.0093	0.0594
SITKA BOROUGH	0.0128	-0.0130	0.0262	-0.0229	-0.0254	0.0006	-0.0105	-0.0192	0.0076
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON C.A.	-0.0096	-0.0203	0.0104	0.0391	-0.0073	0.0494	0.0136	-0.0043	0.0186
SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS C.A.	-0.0137	0.0193	-0.0299	0.0371	-0.0046	0.0429	0.0417	-0.0146	0.0567
VALDEZ-CORDOVA CENSUS AREA	0.0361	-0.0034	0.0421	0.0010	-0.0300	0.0317	0.0192	-0.0295	0.0510
WADE HAMPTON CENSUS AREA	0.0166	0.0231	-0.0058	0.0264	0.0187	0.0082	0.0067	-0.0006	0.0075
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG C.A.	0.0266	-0.0096	0.0373	0.0206	-0.0097	0.0308	0.0254	-0.0192	0.0463
YUKON-KOYUKUK CENSUS AREA	-0.0090	-0.0177	0.0079	0.0223	-0.0118	0.0356	0.0340	0.0046	0.0318

Alaska Department of Labor, Research & Analysis, Demographic Unit, 1985.
Source: I.R.S. Migration Data

Appendix A

Maps

Figure A.1
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, Boroughs, Census Areas, and Selected Places

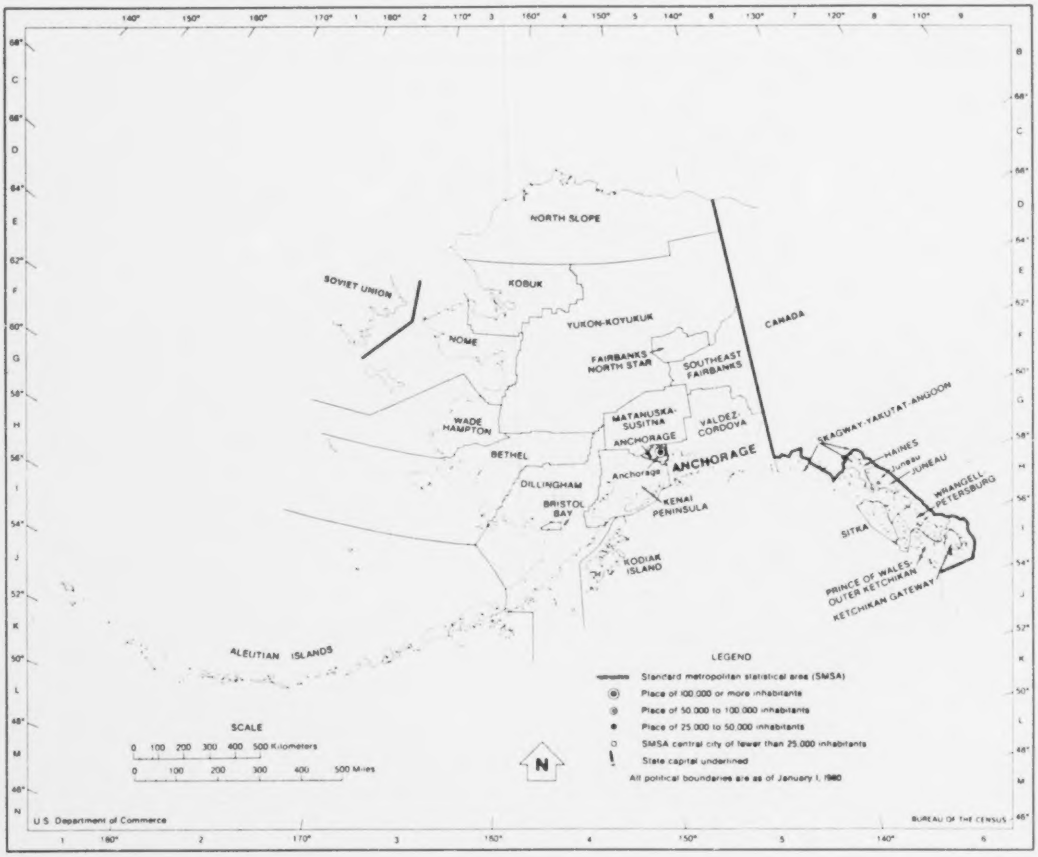

NORTH SLOPE
SOVIET UNION
KOBUK
NOME
YUKON-KOYUKUK
CANADA
FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR
SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS
WADE HAMPTON
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA
VALDEZ-CORDOVA
ANCHORAGE
BETHEL
Anchorage
ANCHORAGE
DILLINGHAM
BRISTOL BAY
KENAI PENINSULA
KODIAK ISLAND
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON
HAINES
Juneau
JUNEAU
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG
SITKA
PRINCE OF WALES-OUTER KETCHIKAN
KETCHIKAN GATEWAY
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS
LEGEND
Standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA)
Place of 100,000 or more inhabitants
Place of 50,000 to 100,000 inhabitants
Place of 25,000 to 50,000 inhabitants
SMSA central city of fewer than 25,000 inhabitants
State capital underlined
All political boundaries are as of January 1, 1980
SCALE
0 100 200 300 400 500 Kilometers
0 100 200 300 400 500 Miles
N
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Figure A.2
Boroughs, American Indian Reservations, Alaska Native Villages, Census Areas, Borough and Census Area Subdivisions (Census Subareas), and Places—Section 1

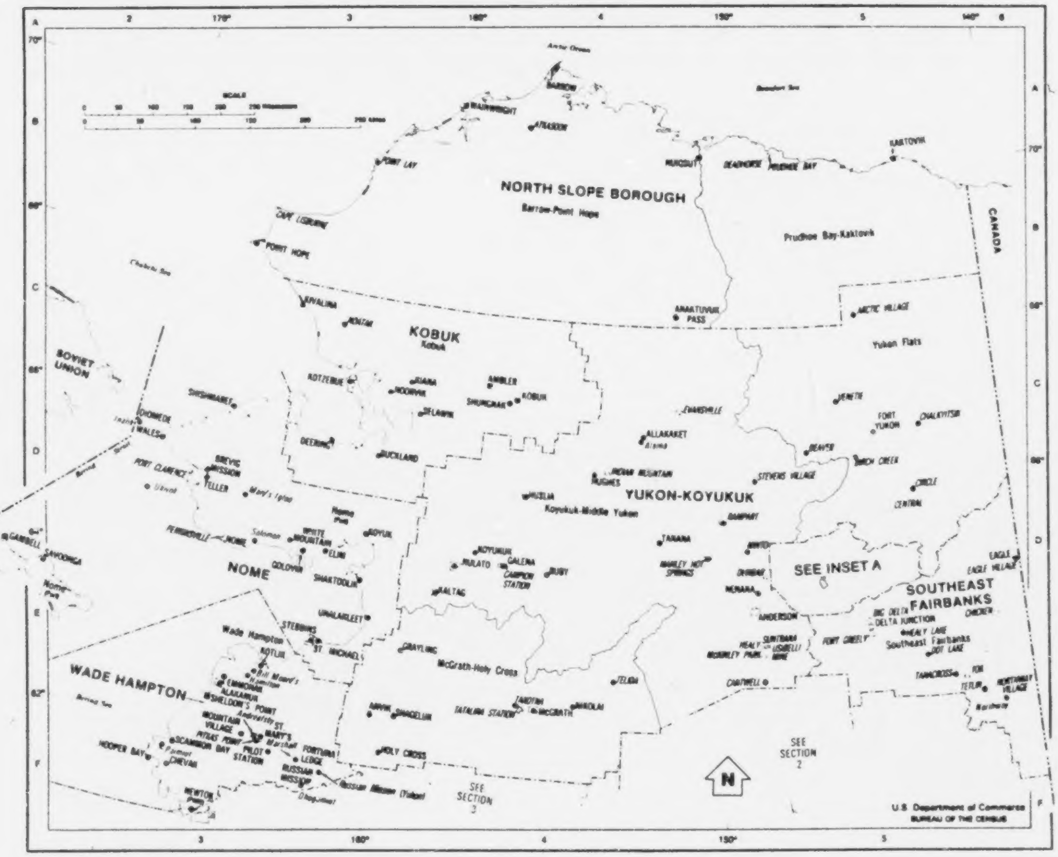
NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH
Barrow-Point Hope
Prudhoe Bay-Kaktovik
CANADA
KOBUK
Kobuk
Yukon Flats
SOVIET UNION
YUKON-KOYUKUK
Koyukuk-Middle Yukon
NOME
SEE INSET A
SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS
Southeast Fairbanks
WADE HAMPTON
Wade Hampton
McGrath-Holy Cross
SEE SECTION 2
SEE SECTION 3
N
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Figure A.2
Boroughs, American Indian Reservations, Alaska Native Villages, Census Areas, Borough and Census Area Subdivisions (Census Subareas), and Places—Section 2 (Continued)

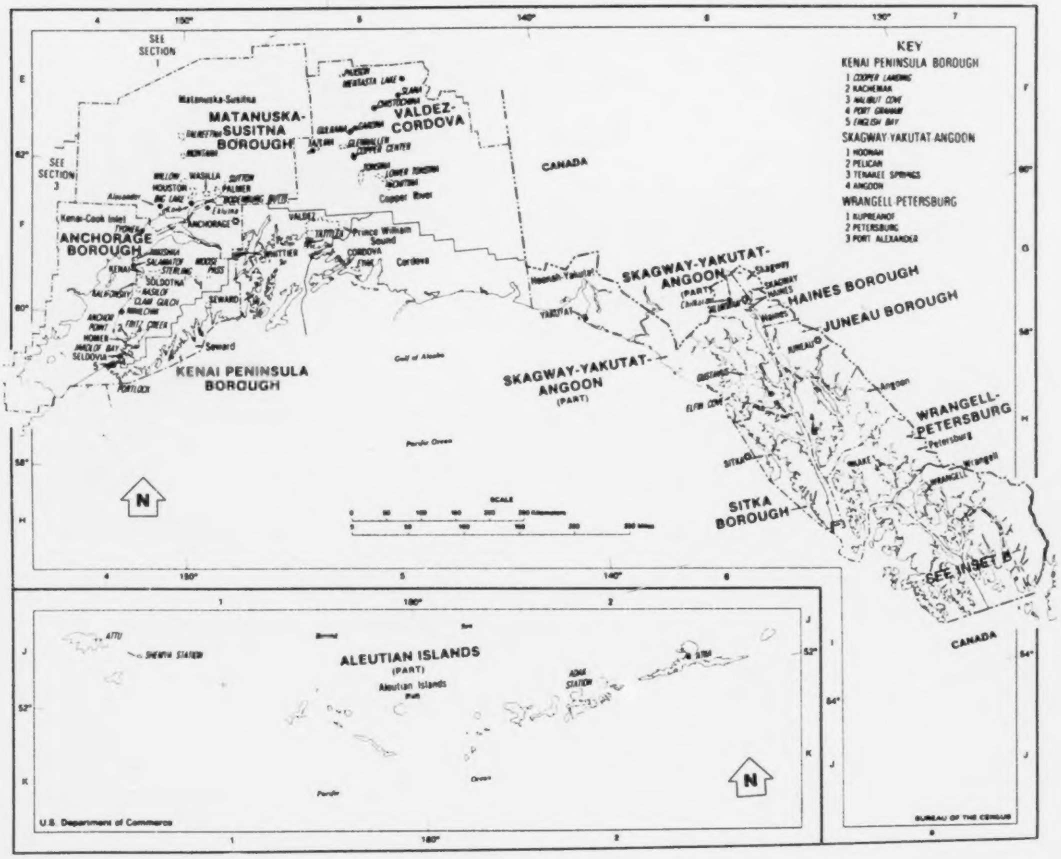
KEY
KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH
1 COOPER LANDING
2 KACHEMAK
3 HALIBUT COVE
4 PORT GRAHAM
5 ENGLISH BAY
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON
1 HOONAH
2 PELICAN
3 TENAKEE SPRINGS
4 ANGOON
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG
1 KUPREANOF
2 PETERSBURG
3 PORT ALEXANDER
SEE SECTION 1
SEE SECTION 3
Matanuska-Susitna
MATANUSKA-SUSITNA BOROUGH
VALDEZ-CORDOVA
Copper River
CANADA
WASILLA
PALMER
ANCHORAGE
Kenai-Cook Inlet
ANCHORAGE BOROUGH
KENAI
SOLDOTNA
SEWARD
Seward
HOMER
SELDOVIA
KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH
VALDEZ
WHITTIER
CORDOVA
Prince William Sound
Cordova
Gulf of Alaska
Pacific Ocean
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT-ANGOON (PART)
HAINES BOROUGH
JUNEAU BOROUGH
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG
Petersburg
SITKA BOROUGH
SEE INSET B
SCALE
N
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS (PART)
Aleutian Islands
ATTU
ADAK STATION
CANADA
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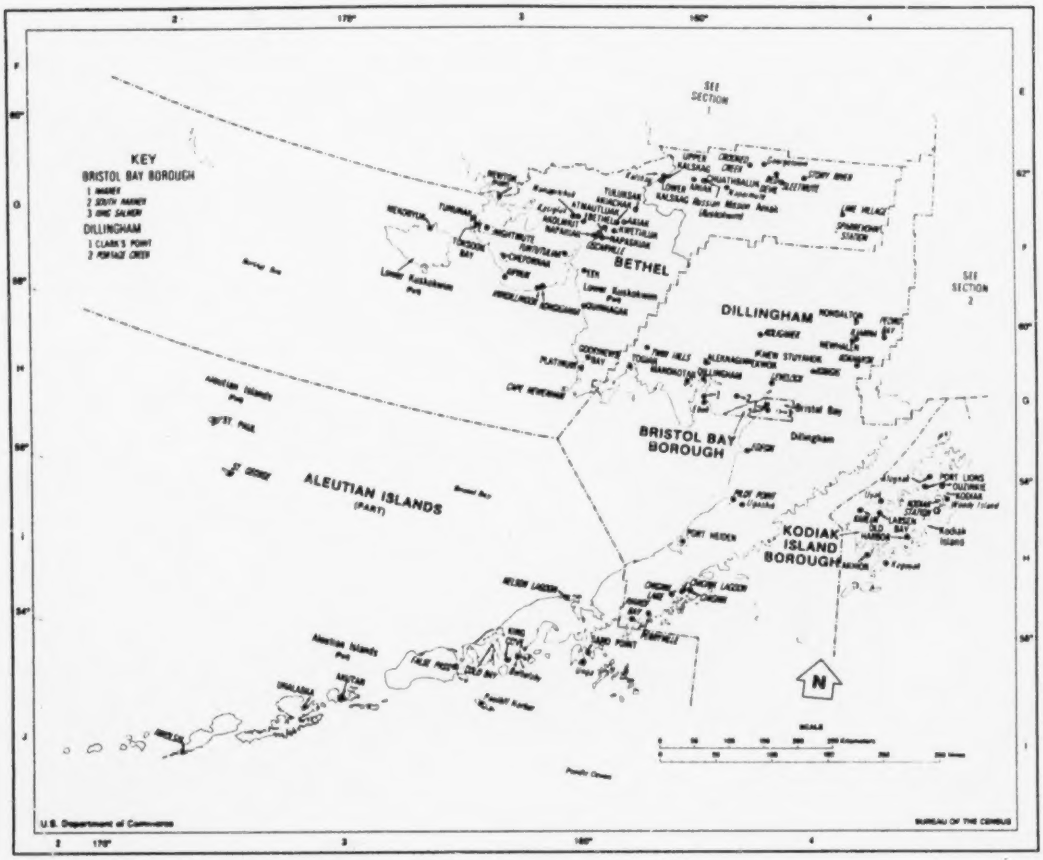
Figure A.2
Boroughs, American Indian Reservations, Alaska Native Villages, Census Areas, Borough and Census Area Subdivisions (Census Subareas), and Places--Section 3 (Continued)


KEY
BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH
1 NAKNEK
2 SOUTH NAKNEK
3 KING SALMON
DILLINGHAM
1 CLARK'S POINT
2 PORTAGE CREEK
SEE SECTION 1
SEE SECTION 2
BETHEL
DILLINGHAM
BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS (PART)
KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH
Lower Kuskokwim
Aleutian Islands
Bristol Bay
Dillingham
Kodiak Island
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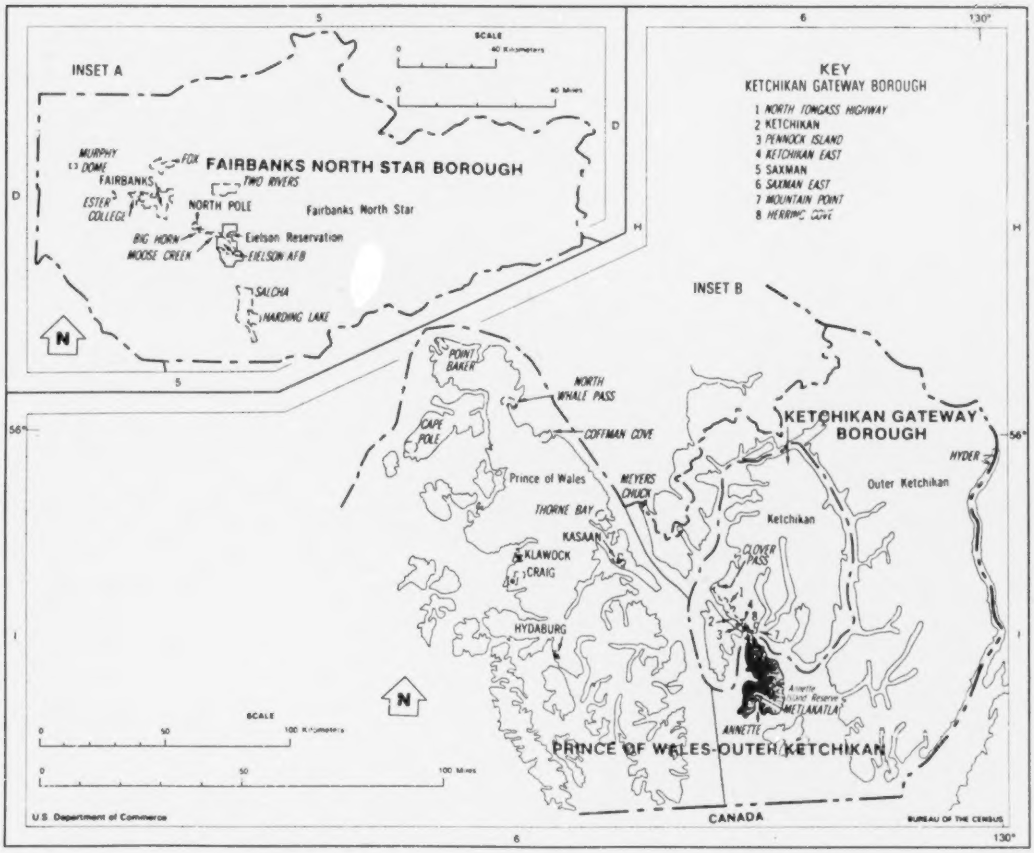
170°
160°

Figure A.2
Boroughs, American Indian Reservations, Alaska Native Villages, Census Areas, Borough and Census Area Subdivisions (Census Subareas), and Places—Insets A and B (Continued)


INSET A
SCALE
0
40 Kilometers
0
40 Miles
FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR BOROUGH
MURPHY DOME
FOX
FAIRBANKS
TWO RIVERS
ESTER
COLLEGE
NORTH POLE
Fairbanks North Star
BIG HORN
MOOSE CREEK
Eielson Reservation
EIELSON AFB
SALCHA
HARDING LAKE
N
5
D
H
6
130°
56°
KEY
KETCHIKAN GATEWAY BOROUGH
1 NORTH TONGASS HIGHWAY
2 KETCHIKAN
3 PENNOCK ISLAND
4 KETCHIKAN EAST
5 SAXMAN
6 SAXMAN EAST
7 MOUNTAIN POINT
8 HERRING COVE
INSET B
POINT BAKER
NORTH WHALE PASS
CAPE POLE
COFFMAN COVE
Prince of Wales
MEYERS CHUCK
THORNE BAY
KASAAN
KLAWOCK
CRAIG
HYDABURG
KETCHIKAN GATEWAY BOROUGH
HYDER
Outer Ketchikan
Ketchikan
CLOVER PASS
Annette Island Reserve
METLAKATLA
ANNETTE
PRINCE OF WALES-OUTER KETCHIKAN
CANADA
SCALE
0
50
100 Kilometers
0
50
100 Miles
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